Monsanto

COMPANY CONFIDENTIAL

1200 440	F. J. Basile, Jr WGK	
r.·,	June 29, 1977	C. F. Buckley
	ŕ	R. L. Harness 000016
50P 1	WASTE DISPOSAL AT THE	P. E. Heisler
	WGK SANITARY LANDFILL	M. W. McCombs - 1760
		J. W. Molloy
		A. Peterson - GO (F3EB)
TO	:	C. Schrock - GO (F4WE)
	M. A. Pierle - GO (ElSA)	

In response to your request for a qualitative listing of wastes that have been disposed of at the WGK Sanitary Landfill, I have researched files back through the opening of the landfill in 1959 and have compiled the attached list of wastes disposed of by WGK, JFQ, and Muscatine Plants and by Corporate Research. Please understand that this list may not be all inclusive, but it is the best information that I have been able to assemble and it does serve to indicate the broad use of the landfill.

This list also includes any verbal input that I may have received from some of the key plant personnel who were or have been at WGK over the last eighteen years.

Drank Frank J. Basile, Jr.

mk Attachment

K+E TT Ster # 4 B

MCO 0616518

COMPANY CONFIDENTIAL

K 02050

COMPANY CONFIDENTIAL

QUALITATIVE LIST OF WASTES DISPOSED OF AT THE WGK SANITARY LANDFILL LOCATED ON THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER FLOOD PLAIN FROM OCTOBER, 000017

4-Nitrodiphenylamine

2-Nitrodiphenylamine

4,4'-Dinitrodiphenylamine

4,4'-Dinitrotriphenylamine

Chlorophenols

Sodium Chlorophenate

Phenols

Sodium Chloride

Sodium Carbonate

Benzyl Chlorophenyl Ether

Dibenzylparachlorophenol

Lime

Paranitroaniline Filter Mud

2+6 Dichlorophenol

2-4 Dichlorophenol

Glycollates

Maleic Anhydride

MCD 0616519

Methanol contaminated with mercoptans Polybutene COMPANY CONFIDER

Orthonitrochlorobenzene

Orthodichlorobenzene

Trichlorobenzene

Dichlorobenzene

Ortho, Meta, and Para Nitrochlorobenzene

COMPANY CONFIDENTIAL

QUALITATIVE LIST OF WASTES DISPOSED OF AT THE WGK SANITARY LANDFILL LOCATED ON THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER FLOOD PLAIN FROM OCTOBER, 1959 TO DATE

Page 2.

Ortho and Para Phenetidine

Anisole

000018

Anisidine

Phthalic Anhydride

Benzoic Acid

Miscellaneous solvents from research

Still residue from Cyclamate manufacturing

Salicylic acid and tars

Santicizer 460

Cresyl Diphenyl Phosphate

Bisphenol A

Oil additives

Plasticizers

Dicaloroaniline and Still Residue

Trichloro Carbanilide

Chlorobenzol (Tri-Tetrachlor)

Aniline derivatives

Nitrobenzene derivatives

Aromatic carboxylic acids (Maleic, Phthalic, etc.)

Chlorophenol Ether

MCO 0616520

Water with varying amounts of phenols (0-15%)

Sulfuric acid with chlorophenol COMPANY CONFIDENTIA

Caustic Soda solution with chlorophenol

Isopropanol - water and chlorinated hydrocarbon

Attapulgus Earth - Keisulguhr from Alkyl Benzene filtration

K 02052

QUALITATIVE LIST OF WASTES DISPOSED OF AT THE WGK SANITARY LANDFILL LOCATED ON THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER FLOOD PLAIN FROM OCTOBER, 1959 TO DATE

COMPANY CONFIDENTIAL

Page 3. 000019

Laboratory samples (to include raw materials, intermediates and finished goods over the last twenty years)

Amides

TSC1

Toluene Sulfonic Acid plus off-spec TS Acid

Kalcolor

Central Drumming at JFQ

Filter Aids

Lye Scrubber Solution

Isocyanate

Napthalene Residue

Mixture of carbon, C-4, dry old spec product and junk

Para Still Residue (JFQ)

LLUM Simige

Spent Vanadium Catalyst (V205)

Benzaldehyde

Benzyl Acetate

2, Methyl Diphenyl

Bibenzyl

Benzyl Benzoate

Toluene

Cellulose Flour

COMPANY CONFIDENTIAL

MCO 0616521

Santicizer 856

Mother liquor (PVI)

Varsol (kerosene cut)

Sumithion Residue

Miscellaneous oils and organic solvents and side streams

K 02053

COMPANY CONFIDENTIAL

QUALITATIVE LIST OF WASTES DISPOSED OF AT THE WGK SANITARY LANDFILL LOCATED ON THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER FLOOD PLAIN FROM OCTOBER, 1959 TO DATE

000020 Page 4.

Azo Residue containing: Paraformaldehyde

2, ethylaniline azomethine 2,6, diethylaniline azomethine 2, ethyl-6, butylaniline azomethine

2,6, diethylaniline

Contaminated Monochlorobenzene containing: Methanol

2,6, diethylaniline 2,6, diethylaniline azomethine

Lasso Batch 7-56B containing: Monochlorbenzene

Chloromethylamide intermediate 2,6 diethylaniline azomethine

unknowns

Ramrod fines containing: 2-chloro-isopropylacetanilide

Attapulgite Clay

Lasso fines containing: 2 chloro - 2', 6' - diethyl-N-acetanilide

Monochlorobenzene Attapulgite Clay

Londox fines containing: 2-chloro-isopropylacetanilide

3-(3,4-dichloropheny1) -1-methoxy-1

Methylurea Diethylene Glycol Attapulgite Clay

Cresylic Acid Still Residue

Rototherm Residue

Triphenyl Phosphate

Santicizer 154

Santicizer 160

Tricresyl Phosphate

Chlorodiphenyl Phosphate

Chlorophenoxyacetic acids

Polychlorinated Biphenyls

Biphenyl

COMPANY CONFIDENTIAL

K 02054

MCD 0616522

QUALITATIVE LIST OF WASTES DISPOSED OF AT COMPANY CONFIDENTIAL THE WGK SANITARY LANDFILL LOCATED ON THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER FLOOD PLAIN FROM OCTOBER, 1959 TO DATE

Page 5.

Phenol process wastes containing:

000021

Phenyl Phenols Sulfones Sodium Bromo Succinamide Sulfate Salts Chloride Salts Benzene, SO₂, and Sulfuric Acid • Sulfite Salt Cake

Benzyl Chloride

Phosphorus Pentasulfide

Chlor-Alkali Gyp and Sulfide Sludge

Spent sulfuric acid

Phosphorus and "Phossy" water

Parathion

Scrap Sulfur

Orthonitrophenol (Bad batches)

MCO 0616523

AC1

Activated carbon from hydrogen compressor (contaminated with mercury)

Flyash and Cinders

Miscellaneous discarded equipment such as tanks, piping, pumps, heat exchangers, etc.

Miscallaneous construction rubble, trash and debris, and excavation material.

Prepared by:

F. J. Basile, Jr. 6/29/77

mk

K 02055

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Nonspeafer

December 15, 1978

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SteP desposal contract

Mr. Paul Sauget Sauget and Company 2700 Monsanto Avenue Sauget, Illinois 62201

Dear Paul:

Contract No. 02-03-0563 Agreement for Sanitary Landfill Privileges

Enclosed herewith please find two (2) copies of subject contract.

Please sign both copies, returning the original to the writer's attention and keeping the copy for your files.

Thank you very much.

Sincerely yours,

D. M. Francisco Purchasing Agent

bp

Enclosures

MCD 0616537

CONTRACT NO. 02-03-0563
RENEWED 1/1/79

AGREEMENT FOR SANITARY LANDFILL PRIVILEGES

This Agreement made and entered into as of January 1, 1979, by and between SAUGET AND COMPANY, a Delaware Corporation located in Sauget Village, St. Clair County, State of Illinois, hereinafter called "Sauget" and MONSANTO COMPANY, a Delaware Corporation with General Offices at St. Louis, Missouri, hereinafter called "Monsanto."

WITNESSETH THAT:

WHEREAS, Monsanto operates chemical industries situated in Sauget Village, Centerville Township, St. Clair County, Illinois, and at 1700 South Second Street, St. Louis, Missouri, and desires to dispose of refuse materials from said industries, and

WHEREAS, Sauget is willing to permit the disposal of such refuse by Monsanto on Sauget's Sanitary Landfill upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set out,

NOW, THEREFORE, it is hereby agreed by and between the parties hereto as follows:

1. Sauget agrees as follows: MCO 0616538

a) To operate for Monsanto's exclusive use said

Sanitary Landfill, located on property leased from Union

Electric Company north of Monsanto Avenue and east of
the Corps of Engineers Levee between the Illinois

Central-Gulf Railroad Track.

- b) To permit Monsanto to haul to said Sanitary
 Landfill any or all refuse resulting from the normal
 operations at Monsanto's Chemical Plants.
- c) To operate said Sanitary Landfill in accordance with the Illinois EPA Rules and Regulations and the operating permit issued to Sauget and Company (#1973-2) on January 11, 1973, by the Illinois EPA.
- d) To allow contractors performing work for Monsanto at its W. G. Krummrich Plant and its J. F. Queeny Plant to haul and dump refuse resulting from such work upon presentation of a permit issued by Monsanto identifying the contractor, the project involved and the term of such project. One permit shall be sufficient for each contractor for each project for the term of such project. Such contractor shall comply with all rules and regulations applicable to said dump, whether promulgated by Sauget or by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency or otherwise and, in the event that such contractor violates any of said rules and regulations, Sauget may cancel such permit and, if it does so, shall notify Monsanto in writing of such cancellation.
- e) To furnish the services of a dump truck and driver on a not less than forty (40) hour per week basis for the purpose of (1) hauling cover material for the Sanitary Landfill and (2) hauling cinders from the Monsanto Plants for use as cover material and (3)

providing other services as necessary for the proper operation of the Sanitary Landfill.

- f) To furnish the services of a bulldozer and bull-dozer operator on a not less than forty (40) hour per week basis for the purpose of compaction and covering of refuse deposited on the Sanitary Landfill site.
- g) To permit the unloading of the refuse which Monsanto or its contractors hauls to the Sanitary Landfill on a six day per week basis (Monday through Saturday) including Holidays only between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. At all other times the Sanitary Landfill will be closed and padlocked.
- h) To maintain the Sanitary Landfill at all times in such condition as to allow the refuse to be freely unloaded without delay.
- i) To maintain at all times access for trucks to dump from the nearest improved road.
- j) To wash refuse container boxes at the Sanitary
 Landfill when requested by Monsanto so long as water
 is available without cost, for use by Sauget.
- k) To hold Monsanto harmless from and indemnify Monsanto against any and all liability, loss or expense that might arise by reason of damage to property or crops or injury to person or persons resulting directly or indirectly from the operation

of said Sanitary Landfill from materials deposited therein or from Monsanto's use thereof.

- and not use or disclose to others during or subsequent to the term of this Agreement, except as is necessary to perform the work hereunder, any information (including any technical information, experience or data) regarding Monsanto's plans, programs, plant processes, products, costs, equiment, operations or customers which may come within the knowledge of Sauget or his employees in the performance of the work or which may developed by Sauget in the course of Sauget's performance of the work without in each instance securing the prior written consent of Monsanto. Nothing herein, however, shall prevent Sauget from disclosing to others or using in any manner information which Sauget can show:
 - has been published and has become part of the public domain other than by acts of omissions of Sauget or his employees;
 - 2) has been furnished or made known to Sauget by third parties as a matter of right and without restriction on disclosure; or
 - 3) was in his possession at the time he entered into this Agreement and which was not acquired by Sauget directly or indirectly from Monsanto, its employees or its agents.

Sauget shall restrict the knowledge of all information regarding the work to as few as possible of his employees (and only to those directly connected with the performing of the work) and shall also, upon request by Monsanto, cause such persons involved in the work on Sauget's behalf as Monsanto designates to sign individual secrecy agreements in a form satisfactory to Monsanto.

m) Scavenging Forbidden. Under no circumstances shall any materials or containers which have been delivered to the Landfill by Monsanto for disposal be scavenged or retrieved for reuse or resale. Sauget convenants that it will use its best efforts to assure that this prohibition is reasonably implemented.

MCO 0616542

2. Monsanto agrees as follows:

- a) To pay to Sauget at the end of each month during the year 1979 the sum of Seven Thousand Two Hundred Eighty Two Dollars (\$7,282.00). Sauget to invoice for this amount monthly.
- b) To furnish cinders as they are available from the W. G. Krummrich Plant and the J. F. Queeny Plant.

 Such cinders are to be used as Monsanto deems necessary in the maintenance of the Sanitary Landfill.
- c) All dumping at said Sanitary Landfill by Monsanto and by its contractors shall be in conformity with any and all rules and regulations applicable to said

- 3. This Agreement shall commence with the date set forth at its beginning and shall continue for a period of twelve (12) months unless sooner terminated by either party giving to the other party at least ninety days' written notice of the party's intention to cancel same. This notice period is in the event the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency shall prevent either party from continued performance hereunder.
- 4. Should this Agreement be terminated prior to

 December 31, 1979, then payment shall be prorated on
 the basis of Seven Thousand Two Hundred Eighty Two

 Dollars (\$7,282.00) per month for the year 1979.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Agreement has been executed on behalf of each party as of the day and year set forth at its beginning.

MONSANTO COMPANY	SAUGET AND COMPANY
By Manuscy	Ву
Title Furch Bent	Title
Witness Betty In Difley	Witness

3/4/63

ATTACHMENT D - LANDFILL INVENTORY

Information on two attempts to characterize and quantify the waste material disposed of at the landfill were located. These are attached for your use and review.

Nomes of materials disposed

MCO 0616514

COMPANY CONFIDENTIAL

K00001

000013

WASTE MATERIALS DISPOSED OF AT MONSANTO/SAUGET LANDFILL SITE

- 1. Stabilizer Residue
 - 50% Aromatic Tars
 50% Inorganic Iron and Sulfur Compounds
- 2. Spent Vanadium Catalyst
- 3. Vacuum Distillation Residue
 - 90% Aromatic Tars
 - 5% Potassium Chloride
 - 5% Potassium Carbonate
- 4. Phosphate Ester Residue
 - 70% Polymerized Phosphate Ester
 - 18% Organic Tars
 - 12% Mg;Cl2
- 5. Dry Bleach Scrap Product
- 6. Phosphorus Pentasulfide Scrap Product
- 7. Spent Activated Carbon
- 8. Sludge from chlor-alkali sulfide treatment system, and gyp from brine treatment.
- 9. Filter Mud

83% Lime

15% Dicalite Filter Aid

2% Dye Residue

MCO 0616515

10. Still Residue

30% Phenacetin

60% Organic Tars

IO2 P-chloracetanilid

11. Still Residue

40% Methyl Salicylate

20% Organic Tars

40% Hydroxy Isophthalate

- 12. Asprin Powder Scrap
- 13. Process Residue

85% Sulfones

15% Toluene Sulfonyl Chloride

14. Process Residue

100% Toluene Sulfonamides

15. Filter Cake

97% Carbon

3% Organics

16. Still Residue

20% Iso-Ethavan

30% Echavan Dialdehyde

50% Organic Tars

17. Proces: Residue

17% Zinc Chloride

83% Phthalylchloride Fractions

MCO 0616516

18. Filter Cake

50% Filter Cake

20% Carbon

20% Alumina

10% Solka Flock

COMPANY CONFIDENTIAL

19. Filter Cake

50% Dicalite Filter Aid

50% Plasticizer

20. Filter Cake

000015

50% Santicizer 8
48% Dicalite Filter Aid
2% Carbon

21. Process Residue

80% Benzoic Acid Residue 20% Organic Tars

22. Process Residue

50% Polyethylene Glycol 40% Trimethoxy - Benzaldehyde

23. Santolite MS or MHP
Scrap Product

MCO 0616517

APPENDIX B

Index of Documents

Memo dated 2/24/71 re Krummrich Plant Solid Waste Disposal (000041)

Landfill Lease dated 1959 (000042 to 000048)

Letter dated 10/25/77 re Sauget & Company (000049)

Letter dated 11/15/78 re contract addition (000050)

Letter with attachments dated 3/25/80 re on-site waste disposal facilities (000051 to 000064)

Waste disposal agreement dated 11/1/59 (000064 to 000083)

Landfill Lease dated 1/1/64 (000084 to 000091)

Letter with attachment dated 12/29/72 re lease extension (000092 to 000101)

Waste disposal agreement dated 1/1/64 (000102 to 000117)

Lease 1/1/64 (000118 to 000124)

Waste disposal agreement dated 1/1/64 (000125 to 000140)

Memo dated 3/6/73 re waste disposal contract (000141 to 000161)

Memo dated 9/2/60 re landfill operation procedures (000162 to 000168)

Chemical waste disposal operations manual undated (000169 to 000172)

Memo dated 8/5/74 re landfill inspection (000173)

MCO 0616545

Land Fill

C. F. Buckley - Krummrich

February 24, 1971

A. E. Heisler

SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL

C. D. Bohl

The W. G. Krummrich Plant disposes of its solid waste to local landfills. "Toxic" chemical wastes are hauled to a fenced area which is Monsanto property. The operation of this landfill is contrasted to Sauget and Company of Sauget, Illinois. Chemical waste is accepted from J. F. Queeny Plant and General Offices as well. Each location makes its own arrangement for hauling. Trash, etc. is hauled to Sauget and Company's own landfill on the same basis; i.e., we make our own arrangements for hauling and contract the disposal.

I enclose the operating procedure for the chemical wastes written in 1960. The procedure remains basically the same but some details have been revised subsequently.

State laws apply as there are no County or local regulations. However, there is some confusion between State departments on the application of the law to chemical wastes and we expect changes in the near future. As yet, we have seen no proposals to the Pollution Control Board so we do not know what form it will take. Complete prohibition of toxic liquid waste disposed in landfills is the most likely course to be adopted.

Also attached is progress report 91341:9002 #3, giving the present level of waste disposal from WGK.

pd Attachments C. F. Buckley

MCD 0616546

Sauget and Company

2700 MONSANTO AVENUE SAUGET. ILLINOIS 62206

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October 25, 1977

Da Mara Hold

Mr. D. M. Francisco
Purchasing Supervisor
Monsanto Company
Sauget, Illinois 62201

Dear Mr. Francisco:

I would like to propose that the present contract remain in effect through 1978 with no changes, if agreeable to you.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Teul

PAUL SAUGET

PS/bjl

K II Siter * 1 4¥ A

MCD 0616556

bcc: G. F. Knollmeyer - 1760

E. D. Malone - 1760 J. W. Molloy - WGK L. P. Russe - WGK W. L. Sullivan - WGK

B. R. Williams - WGK

000050

November 15, 1978

Mr. Paul Sauget Sauget and Company 2700 Monsanto Avenue Sauget, Illinois 62201

Dear Paul:

Contract No. 02-03-0563 Agreement for Sanitary Landfill Privileges

This letter is to confirm our phone conversation of November 14, 1978 agreeing that the following paragraph will become part of the terms and conditions of the subject agreement:

1. Sauget agrees as follows:

(e) Sub. 4. Scavenging Forbidden. Under no circumstances shall any materials or containers which have been delivered to the Landfill by Monsaato for disposal be scavenged or retrieved for reuse or resale. Sauget convenants that it will use its best efforts to assure that this prohibition is reasonably implemented.

Paul, thank you for your interest and cooperation in this subject.

Very truly yours

D. M. Francisco Purchasing Agent

MCO 0616557

HAND 2 FRANCE

Monsanto

FILE COMO ALL

MONSANTO CHEMICAL INTERMEDIATES CO.

Sauget, Illinois 62201 Phone: (618) 271-5835 000051

March 25, 1980

Kenneth G. Mensing
Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Land/Noise
Pollution Control
115A West Main
Collinsville, IL 62234

Refer to: Letter from EPA to R. Sinise--2/25/80

Dear Mr. Mensing:

Your letter requested data from W. G. Krummrich concerning our on-site waste disposal facilities as referenced in the Eckhardt Report. W.G. Krummrich Plant has had three on-site disposal facilities since 1950. A copy of the Eckhardt report summary for each of these three sites is attached (Addendum A). This summary represents our best knowledge concerning quantity and composition of the waste and the time frame the facility was in use.

The landfill site used from 1957 to 1973 is the landfill your office and the Federal EPA visited several months ago. Geologic, monitoring, closure procedures, and location has been transmitted to you in two separate letters since that visit. The only additional information available is the attached summary of the hydrogeologic data (Addendum B) made by D'Appoloma Engineering.

The second landfill was used from 1950 to 1957. Enclosed is a plant map that indicates the location of this site Addendum C). Geologic information, closure procedures, and groundwater data is not existing for this site. This site is now covered by a parking lot and a process plant.

The third facility is an incinerator that was operational from 1971 to 1977. The information you requested is not applicable to this site. Please indicate if there is any special information required for the incinerator.

Sincerely,

Richard H. Sinise

MCO 0616559

RHS:bag 'Enclosure

a unit of Monsanto Company

Emvirommemtal Protectioi



2200 Churchill Road, Springfield, Illinois 62706 Auch Company

Telephone: (618) 345-0700 Address Reply To: 115A W. Main Collinsville, III, 62234

Refer to: St. Clair County - LPC 163 121 02 - Sauget/Monsanto

February 25, 1980

Richard Sinise **Environmental Control Section** Monsanto, Krummrich Plant Sauget, Illinois 62201

Dear Mr. Sinise:

I am writing this letter as a result of your telephone conversation with John DeSeim of this Agency on February 22, 1980.

The Illinois Environmental Protection Agency is compiling information on sites listed in the Eckhart Report. This report, you will recall, requested basic information on disposal practices of major U. S. companies of which Monsanto was one.

The information IEPA is requesting concerning your on-site disposal facilities is:

- location (a diagram of the plant grounds locating the facilities would be helpful)
- geologic and hydrogeologic information
- monitoring capabilites
- facility design criteria
- *** - disposal practices (i.e.; landfill, open dump, burning, was daily cover applied, etc.)
- closure procedures and post closure monitoring (if any)
- time frame the facility was used
- composition of waste streams disposed
- quanity of waste streams disposed

Any of the above information or other pertinent information you can supply will be appreciated. Thank you for your time and consideration.

Sincerely,

Kennett St. Mencing

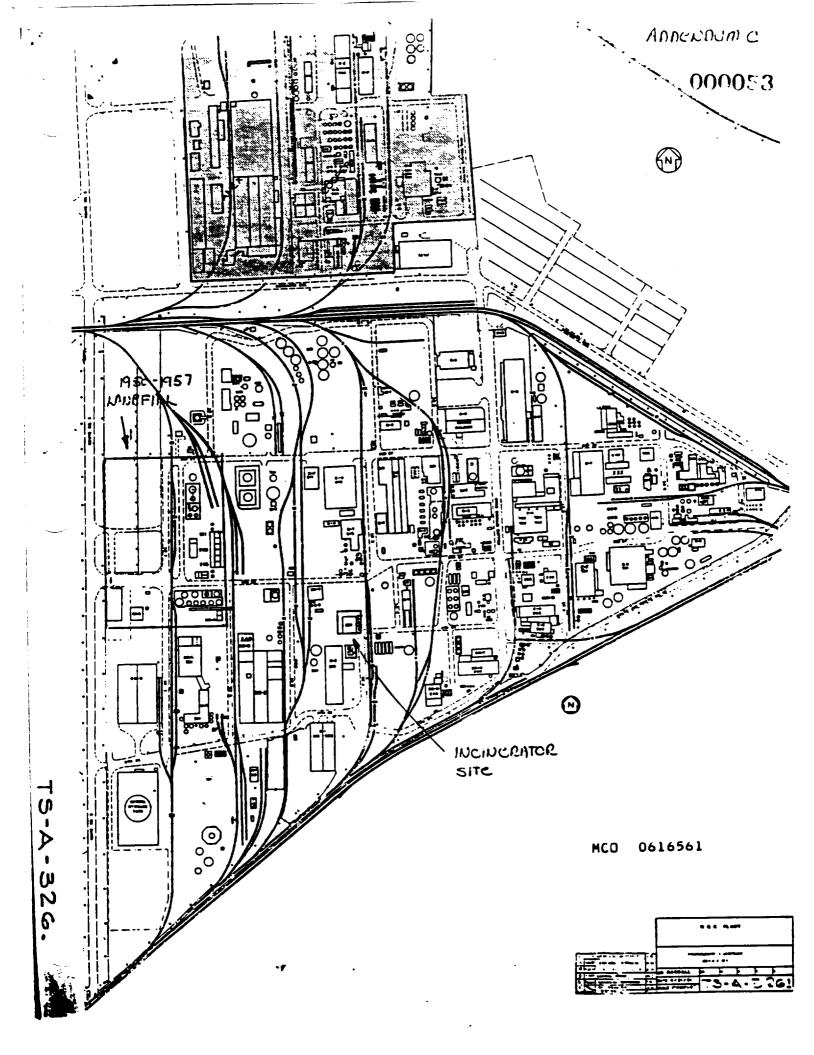
Kenneth G. Mensing, Southern Region Manager Land Field Operations Section Division of Land/Noise Pollution Control

MCD 0616560

KGM:JJD:j1r

cc:

Division File Southern Région



4.0 GROUNDWATER

Groundwater levels were observed by the installation and monitoring of standpipe piezometers during the subsurface investigation. Nineteen wellpoints were installed and the depths of the wellpoints and the recorded water levels are shown in Figures 3 and 4. The groundwater levels were measured each day during the investigation. The changes in water levels in the deep piezometers corresponded closely with the change in the Mississippi River level measured at the Eads Bridge gage north of the site. This direct connection between the river and the principal groundwater at the site would be expected due to the clean medium sand layer. The shallower piezometers in the alluvium indicate the presence of localized perched groundwater as would be expected in the interbedded sands, silts, and clays.

The exact direction and rate of flow of the groundwater in the aquifer has not been determined because precise elevations of the piezometers have not been measured. Based on the piezometer data available, piezometric levels across the site are very flat. Under normal conditions, groundwater flow in the aquifer would be expected to be downriver with a component toward the river. Using estimated "normal" piezometric levels and permeability of the aquifer, average flow velocities in the aquifer probably are in the range of 10 to 100 feet per month.

4.1 HYDROLOGIC PROPERTIES

Four, falling-head field permeability tests were conducted to evaluate the alluvial materials. Two additional tests were attempted, but the materials were so permeable that no measurements could be made. The results of these field tests are presented in Table 1.

The results of these field tests, field observations, and laboratory measured permeability show that the alluvium is very permeable. This supports the conclusion that the silty sand is the continuous material in the alluvium and also explains the apparent movement of leachate from the landfill downward to the aquifer.

The subsurface profiles shown in Figures 3 and 4 were generalized from and interpolated between the test borings. The nature of the upper soil unit (alluvium) is so variable from boring to boring that the sections are somewhat speculative. The alluvium has been shown as sand and silty sand containing lenses of silty clay. The boring log data could also be interpreted as indicating silty clay containing sand and silty sand lenses. However, because of the apparent movement of leachate through the alluvium, the continuity of the less permeable silty clay seems less likely than the continuity of the silty sand.

The detailed boring logs are shown in Figures 5 through 10. Each boring log indicates the locations of the samples, the soil profile description, appropriate Unified Soil Classification System (USCS) classification of each sample, and the results of the penetration resistance tests.

In general, the borings indicate that the subsurface strata consist of three different sequences: miscellaneous fill; interbedded layers of fine sand, silt and clay; and a clean, medium to coarse sand sequence.

The fill consists of 5 to 20 feet of fly ash, cinders, silty clay, sand and gravel, as well as miscellaneous material such as glass, scrap metal, and unidentified waste.

The alluvium, interbedded fine sand, silt and clay underlying the fill, ranges from 15 to 50 feet in total thickness. The alluvium is indicative of changing river channels with the fine-grained materials intertonguing. The leachate which has been carried down is usually concentrated just above the contacts between a silty sand layer overlying a silty clay layer. The thickness of these various layers is usually thin, on the order of a few feet.

Underlying the alluvium is a thick sequence of medium to coarse sand. Although none of the borings drilled for this study extended to bedrock, this sand layer is expected to continue to bedrock. Cobbles and boulders were encountered in the deeper portions of the borings.

MCO 0616563

map indicates that areas of silty and clayey soils predominate on the American Bottoms, although relatively sandy soils are present in a narrow strip along the Mississippi River and near Sauget, Cahokia, and Centreville. Logs of previous borings at the site provided by Monsanto (Figure 2) and others published by the Illinois State Geological Survey indicate that soils in the upper 5 to 10 feet of the profile are relatively clayey.

Subsurface Soils (Aquifer)

The better sorted (more poorly graded) soils of the subsurface consist of sand and gravel from the base of the alluvium (10 to 30 feet deep) to the bedrock surface at 100 to 120 feet deep. These sediments were deposited by glacial meltwaters under much higher river flows than those that exist today. The high energy regime of sedimentation produced a coarser, better sorted deposit (outwash) than the alluvium of the present-day channel. Ice-contact deposits were mixed in with the outwash and show up as poorly sorted lenses or lentils of clayey and silty sediment. These ice-contact deposits are rare, however, and do not detract from the high permeability/transmissibility of the aquifer.

3.0 SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

During the period from October 31 to December 1, 1977, 20 test borings were drilled by Layne-Western Drilling Company, Inc., of Kirkwood, Missouri, under the full-time supervision of D'Appolonia. In addition to the test borings, eight auger borings were drilled for the purpose of installing piezometer standpipes. The locations of these borings are shown in Figure 3. During this investigation, a total of 1295 lineal feet of soil sampling and drilling was completed and 1005.5 lineal feet of piezometer pipe installed. The borings were drilled using two truck-mounted CME 55s and a CME 750. During the drilling, Standard Penetration Tests (SPT) were conducted while obtaining split-barrel samples of the soil. Continuous samples were obtained in the top 30 feet and samples were taken at 5-foot intervals below 30 feet. In addition, 11 three-inch-diameter undisturbed Shelby tube samples of the fine-grained soil materials underlying the site were obtained.

MCD 0616564

1204 12012 C 2 C 2 C 2

swamps have been formed by channel migration and flooding. Six miles to the east, the flood plain is abruptly bordered by an upland whose boundary with the flood plain is marked by 150-foot-high, loess-covered bluffs. The noticeable features on the flood plain near the river are industrial sites, storage areas, and railroad yards. Urban areas are present farther away from the river edge and cropland is dominant toward the bluff line.

The topography of the landfill area has been modified between the western boundary and the river by an earth and ash dike and beyond the east boundary by a government levee (Figure 2). The area of the Krummrich landfill itself, however, had apparently been unaltered before the placement of wastes began. The original surface was relatively flat with a maximum relief of 5 feet.

2.2 SOILS OF THE AMERICAN BOTTOMS

The American Bottoms at the Krummrich site has approximately 100 to 120 feet of unconsolidated valley fill over bedrock (limestone) of Mississippian age. There are two main soil units. The upper unit consists of clayey silt with fine sand and is recent alluvium (Cahokia Alluvium); the lower unit consists of medium coarse sand and gravel and is glacial outwash (Henry Formation). Although there is a considerable intertonguing of alluvium and outwash as well as lentils of more or less clayey material in the outwash, the alluvium generally comprises the upper 15 to 30 feet of the valley fill. The soils below 30 feet are better sorted than the alluvium above and comprise the major aquifer of the region.

Surface Soils (Aquitard)

The surface soils in the St. Clair County flood plain have been mapped by the University of Illinois Agricultural Experiment Station, and their soils units reflect, in general, the grain-size analysis, slope and drainage characteristics of the soils in the upper 80 inches of the profile. The U.S. Soil Conservation Service is in the process of updating the soils mapping, but their report is not yet published. The 1938 soils

MCO 0616565

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION SANITARY LANDFILL W. G. KRUMMRICH PLANT MONSANTO COMPANY SAUGET, ILLINOIS

000058

1.0 INTRODUCTION

In May 1977, E. D'Appolonia Consulting Engineers, Inc. (D'Appolonia) issued a report describing a preliminary assessment of the sanitary landfill operated by Monsanto at the W. G. Krummrich plant site. This assessment was based on published information from various state and federal agencies and data supplied by Monsanto. The report considered the environmental impact of the landfill, the effect of shutdown of the adjacent Ranney well, and the alternatives available for closing the landfill.

Following Monsanto's review of the preliminary assessment, D'Appolonia was authorized to proceed with a detailed subsurface investigation to determine actual soil conditions at the site and the extent of leachate movement from the landfill. These data were to provide the basis for more rigorous evaluation of the alternatives for closing, securing, and monitoring the landfill.

2.0 GEOLOGY

2.1 TOPOGRAPHY

The W. G. Krummrich plant sanitary landfill is located in Sauget, St. Clair County, Illinois, across the Mississippi River from St. Louis, Missouri (Figure 1). The landfill site is located at the edge of the Mississippi River on a broad, flat flood plain, locally called the American Bottoms. The flood plain is approximately six miles wide at the site and is at approximately Elevation 400 to 410. The slope of the plain is about 0.5 foot per mile down river. The flood plain is almost featureless topographically, although meander scars, ox-bow lakes, and

MCO 0616566

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UI.	"	7	J	.7

Facility Name:	٧.	G.	Krummrich
Site Name:	W.	G.	Krummrich
•			

 Components (or characteristics) of process waste from this facility disposed at site: (l=present in waste; 2=not present in waste; 9=don't know)

FILL IN EVERY BLOCK SPACE

Acid solutions, with pH<3[1] (10)
pickling liquor
metal plating waste
metal prating waste
circuit etchings
inorganic acid manufacture
organic acid manufacture
Base solutions, with pH>10
caustic soda manufacture
nylon and similar polymer generation
scribber residual
Heavy metals & trace metals (bonded organically & inorganically)[1] (20)
arsenic, selenium, antimony
arsence, serencial, archively
mercury
iron, manganese, magnesium
zinc, cadmium, copper, chromium (trivalent)
chromium (hexavalent)
lead
Radioactive residues, >3 pico curies/liter
uranium residuals & residuals for UF6 recycling
lathanide series elements and rare earth salts
nhoenhate \$126
phosphate slag
radium
7adım
other alpha, beta & gamma emitters
Organics
pesticides & intermediates
herbicides & intermediates
fungicides & intermediates
rodenticides & intermediates
halogenated aliphatics
halogenated aromatics
halogenated aromatics
PCB/PBB's
amides, "amines, imides
antines, mines, mines
plastizers
resins
elastomers (46)
solvents polar (except water)
carbontetrachloride [3 (48)
trichloroethylene
other solvents nonpolar
solvents halogenated aliphatic
solvents halogenated aromatic
oils and oil sludges
esters and culiers
alcohols
Patent aldebydes
dioxins
Inorganics
1101 gantes
salts
mercaptans [9] (60) Misc [7] (61) pharmaccutical wastes [4] (62)
[⁷] (61)
pharmaceutical wastes
paints & pigments
catalysts (eg. vanadium, platinum, palladium)
asbestos
asbestos
air water reactive wastes (eg. Pa. aluainum chloride)
air water reactive wastes (eg. P4, almainum chloride)
1113112 121131 Popul annu 200
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COMPTENE THIS TORS FOR EVERY SITE (INCLUDING THE DOLARTON OF THIS FACILITY AS ONE SITE) USED FOR THE DISPOSAL OF PROCESS WASTES GENERATED BY THIS FACILITY SINCE 1950.

•		•	•		000060
Company Name:	Monsanto				•
Facility Name:	W.G. Kru				
Address of Site:	W.G. Kri Route 3			,	•
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	no.	street		•	
	Sauget .		11	(220)	
	Sauget, City	<u> </u>	state	2ip code	
	CIC		,	LIP COME	. •
Name of Owner (w) Address:	•				
Wontess	800 no.	.NLindb street.	erqn		
•		311335.	•		
 	St. Louis	<u> </u>	MO	63201	
	city	-	state	zip code	
Current Owner (if Address:	different f	rom above)	•		
	no.	street			•
	• • .	-	-	•	-
•	city		state	zip code	
			5 52 55	P	
 Year first use Year last use still in use Total amount of 	ed for process of process wa s) of disposa se (1=current	ss waste from thousa hundre thousall method(sally in use; landfila	this facility and gallons at tons and cubic yard by used at sit 2 no longer all, mono indu all, mixed ind all, drummed w all, municipal	disposed at sit disposed at sit ls te and whether m in use; 3 never strial waste waste refuse co-disposed	if 19 5 7 (17 e: (19 (27- (34- ethod used;
		deep w land f incine treatm	ell injection arming ration ent (eg. neut	ralizing)	3 (47) 3 (48) 3 (49) 13 (50)
•	•	other	(specify)		·······
8. Users of this facilities onl	site (l=this	facility;	2=this facil	ity and other co	опралу
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1 333 333					
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MCO 0616568

Facility Name: _	W. G. Krummrich
Cia Numa:	Monsanto Landfill

000061

 Components (or characteristics) of process waste from this facility disposed at site: (l=present in waste; 2=not present in waste; 9=don't know)

FILL IN EVERY BLOCK SPACE

FILE IN EVENT DECAY GIVES
Acid solutions, with pH<3
ACIU SOLUCIONS, WITH PINS
pickling liquor [2] (11
metal plating waste
circuit etchings
inorganic acid manufacture
organic acid manufacture
Base solutions, with pH>10
caustic soda manufacture
nylon and similar polymer generation
scrubber residual
Heavy metals & trace metals (bonded organically & inorganically) [2] (20)
arsenic, selenium, antimony
mercury
iron, manganese, magnesium
zinc. cadmium. copper. chromium (trivalent)
chromium (hexavalent)
lead
Radioactive residues. >3 pico curies/liter
uranium residuals & residuals for UF6 recycling
lathanide series elements and rare earth salts
phosphate slag
thorium
radium
other alpha, beta & gamma emitters
Organics
pesticides & intermediates
herbicides & intermediates
fungicides & intermediates
rodenticides & intermediates
halogenated aliphatics
halogenated aromatics
PCB/PBB's
amides, amines, imides
andoes, andres, mines
plastizers
elastomers
solvents polar (except water)
carbontetrachloride
trichloroethylene
other solvents nonpolar
solvents halogenated aliphatic
solvents nalogenated arosatic
oils and oil sludges
alcohols
alcohols
ketones & aldehydes
Inorganics
salts
mercaptans
Mise
Misc
paints & pigments
catalysts (eg. vanadium, platinum, palladium)
Catalysts (cg. vanantum, practitum, partiautum)
anhestos
SHOCK SCHSITIVE WISLES (Cg. Hitrated toldenes)
air water reactive wastes (eg. P4, aluminum chloride)
wastes with itash both octor ton. Lil (00)

COMPLETE THIS FORM FOR EVERY SITE (INCLUDING THE LACATION OF THIS FACILITY AS ONE SITE) USED FOR THE DISPOSAL OF PROCESS WASTES GENERATED BY THIS FACILITY SINCE 1950.

000062

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Confo	nny Name:	Monsanto					
Faci.	lity Name:	W.G. Kru				- .	
Name	of Site:		<u>Landfill</u>		 	_ ·	
Mare	ess of site.	Route 3	ctroot			_	
		no.	street		•		
•		Sauget.		IL	62201		
		city		state	zip code	- ,	
		•		•	•-	•	
Name	of Owner (wh	ile used by	facility):	Monsanto)		
Addre	•	800	N. Lindberg			-	
		no.	street.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	• .		•			•	_
		St. Louis		MO	63141	_	
	,	city	•	state	zip code		
Curre	nt Owner (if	different f	From above)	:			
Addre				•		_	
		no.	street	•		-	•
•			_	•	•		•
· •		·				-	
		city		state	zip code		
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2. O. cc 3. Cc 4. Ye 5. Ye 5. To 7. Sp is 9=	whership at company owners urrent status IF (ear first used ill in use) otal amount of secify type(secify type(sec	time of use ship) 3=publs (1= closed CLOSED, speced for process with the closed	(1= company ic ownershi; 2= still ify year class waste from thousand hundre thousand method(stly in use; landfilan	ownership; in use; 9=delosed om this facility of gallons de tons of cubic yar) used at si 2=no longer 11, mono ind 11, mixed in 11, drummed 11, mumicipa onds/lagoons ell injection arming ration ent (eg. neuessing/recyclespecify) 2=this faci	located; 2= off 2=private but on't know) lity (enter "79 y disposed at s te and whether in use; 3=new lustrial waste dustrial waste waste li refuse co-dis	not 19 19 if 19 ite: 11 1261 method er used; company	. [] (11) . [] (12) [7] 8] (13) [5] 7] (15) 7] 8] (17 [] (19) 225 (27) [] (34) [2] (42) [2] (43) [2] (44)
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Facility	Name:	W.G. Krunmrich
•		

Site Name: V.G. Krummrich

 Components (or characteristics) of process waste from this facility disposed at site: (l=present in waste; 2=not present in waste; 9=don't know)

FILL IN EVERY BLOCK SPACE

Acid solutions, with pH<3 [2] (10)
pickling liquor
metal plating waste
circuit etchings
inorganic acid manufacture
organic acid manufacture
Base solutions, with pH>10[2] (15)
caustic soda manufacture
Caustic Soda manufacture [2] (17)
nylon and similar polymer generation [2] (18) scrubber residual [2] (19) Heavy metals & trace metals (bonded organically & inorganically) [2] (20)
scrubber residual[2] (19)
Heavy metals & trace metals (bonded organically & inorganically)[2] (20)
arsenic, selenium, antimony
mercury [2] (22)
iron, manganese, magnesium
zinc, cadmium, copper, chromium (trivalent)
chromium (hexavalent)
lead
Radioactive residues >3 mico curies/liter
uranium residuals & residuals for UFs recycling
lathanide series elements and rare earth salts
phosphate slag
thorium
radium
other alpha, beta & gamma emitters
Organics
pesticides & intermediates
herbicides & intermediates
fungicides & intermediates
rodenticides & intermediates
rogenticides & intermediates
halogenated aliphatics
halogenated aromatics
acrylates & latex emuisions
PCB/PBB's
amides, amines, imides
plastizers
resins
elastomers
solvents polar (except water)
carbontetrachloride
trichlorocthylene
other solvents nonpolar
solvents halogenated aliphatic
solvents halogenated arcmatic
oils and oil sludges
esters and others
alcohols
ketones & aldehydes
dioxins
Inorganics
salts
nercaptans
Plisc
pharmaceutical wastes
paints & pigments
catalysts (eg. vanadium, platinum, palladium) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
asbestos
asbestos
air water reactive wastes (eg. Pa. aluminum chloride)
wastes with flash point below 100° F
mater with them positive serior to

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Сощицу Мате: _	Monsanto				
Facility Name:	W.G. Kru	mmrich			
Name of Site: _	W.G. Kru		cinerator		 -
Address of Site:					_
	no.	strcet		•	•
•	Sauget,		IL	62201	
	city		state	zip code	•
	·		. •	<u>-</u> -	•
Name of Owner (w	A				•
Address:		.Lindbergh	·		-
	ло	street.			
	. St. Louis		НО		•
	city	· .	state	zip code	•
Current Owner (i	f different fr	om above):		-	
Address:	· diricicale in	om accve)			
	ло.	street			•
	•				•
•					
	city		state	zip code	
•					
1. Location (1=	the property of	on which fa	cility is	located; 2= off-	site) (1
2. Ownership at	time of use (1	l= company	ownership;	2=private but n	ot
company owner 3. Current statu	rship) 3=public	cownership)		
3. Current statu	is (1= closed;	_2= still_i	n use; 9≃do	on't know)	····· [] (1
IF	CLOSED, specif	y year clo	sed	934	19[7]7] (1
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6. Total amount	of nrocess was	te from th	ic facility	disposed at si	19/ <u>//</u> / (1
o. Total biodit	or process was	· thousan	d gallons .		
•	•	hundred	tons	1	1 1 11511 (2
	•.	thousand	d cubic yar	ds	
Specify type(s) of disposal	method(s)	used at si	te and whether i	ncthod
is still in u	se (l=currentl	y in use;	2=no longer	in use; 3-neve	r used;
9=don't know)		2 16:31			
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•		landrill	i, mixed in	dustrial waste	ည (4
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8. Users of this	site (l=this i	acility; 2	=this lacil	lity and other c	Olipany
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Monsanto

MONSANTO INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS CO. 800 N. Lindbergh Boulevard St. Louis, Missouri 63166 Phone: (314) 694-1000

December 29, 1972

Sauget & Company 2700 Monsanto Avenue Sauget, Illinois

(

RE: EXTENSION OF LEASE

Gentlemen:

Reference is hereby made to that certain Lease dated January 1, 1970, with a term of three years, between Monsanto Company as Lessor and Sauget & Company as Lessee by which Monsanto leased certain lands situated in the Village of Sauget, County of St. Clair, State of Illinois, bounded on the North by Riverview Avenue; on the East by a 230 KV transmission line of Union Electric Company; on the South by other land of Monsanto and on the West by an existing unimproved road, containing approximately 22 acres and more particularly described in said Lease.

This letter will serve to indicate our agreement to extend the term of the above mentioned Lease for an additional period of three years, expiring on December 31, 1975.

All the other terms, conditions and provisions contained in said Lease shall continue in full force and effect during all of said extended term, unless sooner terminated as provided in paragraph 7 of said Lease.

If this letter properly expresses our agreement with respect to the extension of said Lease, please so indicate by

NAULT COPY
Return to Office
of the Secretary

a unit of Monsanto Company

MCD 0616602

1

Sauget & Company

- 2 -

December 29, 1972

signing on the line provided below and by returning a copy to the writer.

Yours very truly,

MONSANTO COMPANY

BY

PSP

Extension Accepted and Agreed to as of December 29, 1972:

SAUGET & COMPANY

BY Paul Suget

MCO 0616604

Return to Office of the Secretary

LEASE

between

MONSANTO COMPANY

and

SAUGET AND COMPANY

dated

January 1, 1970

for

Waste Disposal

W. G. Krummrich Plant

Sauget, Illinois

MCD 0616605

LEASE

THIS INDENTURE, made and entered into as of January 1, 1970, by and between MONSANTO COMPANY, a Delaware corporation, of St. Louis, Missouri, hereinafter referred to as "Lessor," and SAUGET AND COMPANY, a Delaware corporation, of 2700 Monsanto Avenue, Sauget, Illinois, hereinafter referred to as "Lessee," WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, Lessor owns certain lands situated on and near the east bank of the Mississippi River in the Village of Sauget, St. Clair County, State of Illinois, and

WHEREAS, Lessee desires to lease a portion of said lands, as hereinafter described, for use by Lessee as site for Lessee's waste disposal operations which are to be performed pursuant to the terms and provisions of that certain written Agreement, of even date herewith, between Lessor and Lessee, hereinafter called "Waste Disposal Agreement," to which Agreement reference is hereby made; and

WHEREAS, Lessor is willing to lease said lands for said purposes under the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth,

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. Lessor, in consideration of the covenants and agreements hereinafter expressed to be kept, observed and performed by Lessee, and subject to the terms, provisions and conditions hereof, does hereby let, and the Lessee does hereby lease, the following described parcel of land, hereinafter called "Premises," situated in the Village of Sauget, County of St. Clair, and State of Illinois, to-wit:

A tract of land in the Village of Sauget, County of St. Clair, State of Illinois, said tract being bounded on the north by the southern line of Riverview Avenue, 70 feet wide, as established by Ordinance No. 122 of the Village of Sauget, Illinois; bounded on the east by the western line of 230KV transmission line easement for Union Electric Power Company, recorded in Book 1284, page 28 of the

St. Clair County, Illinois recorder's office; bounded on the south by the south line of Monsanto Company property, said line being parallel with and measured at right angles thereto, approximately 2000 feet southerly from the said southern line of Riverview Avenue; bounded on the west by the eastern line of an existing unimproved road running generally parallel to the aforesaid transmission line easement at an elevation varying from 418 feet to 423 feet above mean sea level between said southern line of the herein described tract and the southern line of Riverview Avenue, said tract containing approximately twenty-two (22) acres and being located approximately where shown outlined in red on Monsanto Company's drawing No. D-179-G1, Revision 1, dated December 15, 1969, marked Exhibit "A", attached hereto and made a part hereof.

- This lease is made subject to any and all rights or interests of third parties in or to any of said Premises. Lessor shall have the right to enter upon said Premises at all reasonable hours for the purpose of examining and inspecting the same. Lessor further reserves the right (a) to keep, maintain, operate, and renew Lessor's existing sampling wells on said Premises and to install, construct and thereafter keep, maintain, operate and renew such additional sampling wells as Lessor may desire, and (b) to keep, maintain, renew, relocate and remove Lessor's existing metal fence located on or about said Premises, and to install, construct and thereafter keep, maintain, renew, relocate and remove such additions or extensions to, or changes in, said fence as Lessor may consider necessary or convenient. Lessee agrees to cause all gates comprised in any fence, now existing or which may hereafter be erected or maintained on or about said Premises, to be closed and securely locked at all times except during such periods as Lessee shall actively be conducting operations on said Premises in accordance with said Waste Disposal Agreement.
- 3. Lessee agrees to maintain and use said Premises solely for the purpose of operating thereon a waste disposal area in accordance with the terms and provisions of the aforesaid Waste Disposal

Agreement. Lessee expressly agrees to refrain from, as well as prevent, the disposal of any other materials, wastes or 000097 residues on said Premises.

- 4. Lessee agrees not to use said Premises for any unlawful purpose, to comply with and observe the provisions of any law, ordinance or governmental regulation applicable to Lessee's use of said Premises, and to prevent unauthorized persons from entering on said Premises. No buildings, structures or improvements shall be installed, constructed, erected or placed on said Premises without the prior written consent of Lessor.
- 5. Lessee shall not be charged any rent for its use of the said Premises in accordance with the provisions hereof.
- 6. Lessee shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless Lessor from and against any and all liability, claims, causes of action, suits, judgments, fines, penalties, losses, damages, costs and expenses of whatever kind or character arising out of, resulting from or connected with (a) Lessee's use or occupancy of or operations on said Premises for any purpose, (b) the exercise by Lessee of any of the rights or privileges granted hereby, (c) the maintenance, operation, use or existence of said Premises as a disposal area, (d) any act, omission or neglect of Lessee, its agents, representatives or employes, or (e) any breach by Lessee of the terms or provisions of this Lease; provided, however, the foregoing provisions of this paragraph 6 shall not apply to any injuries to person or property caused by or resulting from the sole negligence of the Lessor in the operation or maintenance of the Premises.
- 7. This Lease shall commence with the date first hereinabove written, and end with December 31, 1972 unless sooner terminated, as it may be at any time, by either party giving at least ninety (90)

days' written notice to the other party of intention to terminate. Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, it is expressly agreed that in the event said Waste Disposal Agreement shall be cancelled, terminated or otherwise expire, this Lease shall terminate ipso facto with the cancellation, termination or other expiration of said Waste Disposal Agreement. In addition, Lessor may, without further demand or notice, terminate this Lease in the event Lessee defaults in the performance of or breaches any of its covenants, obligations or agreements under this Lease, and such default or breach shall continue for more than ten (10) days after written notice thereof shall have been given by the Lessor to Lessee.

Upon termination howsoever of this Lease, Lessee shall peacefully deliver up and surrender possession of said Premises to Lessor, leaving the same in a neat, clean, orderly and safe condition and, provided Lessee shall have satisfied all of its liabilities to Lessor hereunder, Lessee shall remove all of Lessee's property from said Premises. In the event Lessee fails to peaceably deliver up and surrender said Premises to Lessor as aforesaid, Lessor may, without further demand or notice, re-enter and repossess said Premises and expel Lessee and those claiming under it without being guilty of trespass and without being subject to liability for damages and without prejudice to any other remedies of the Lessor at law or in equity then existing with respect thereto

- 8. If Lessee remains in possession of the Leased Premises after the expiration of the term hereof, with Lessor's acquiescence and without any express agreement of the parties, a monthly tenancy terminable by either party on not less than one month's notice shall be created, which shall be upon the same terms and conditions, including rent, as those herein specified, and there shall be no renewal of this Lease by operation of law.
- 9. Any notice of Lessor to Lessee shall be deemed served or given when posted on Premises or when deposited, postage prepaid, i the U. S. mails addressed to Lessee at its address stated above.

10. This Lease and all its provisions shall inure to or bind each party's successors and assigns; provided that none of the Premises shall be sublet and no right of Lessee shall be transferred or assigned, either voluntarily or involuntarily, without the prior written consent of Lessor. Either party hereto may waive any default at any time of the other without affecting or impairing any right arising from any subsequent default.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have duly executed this Lease as of the day and year first hereinabove written.

MONSANTO COMPANY

ATTEST:

_ / /

Assistant Secretary

D...

Vice President

SAUGET AND COMPANY

ATTEST:

By Yan San g Et Secretary

By Sed Shugen

MCD 0616610

STATE OF MISSOURI COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS) Lean C. Munico, a notary public, do hereby Minchle , personally known to certify that me to be the Vice President of Monsanto Company, a Delaware corporation, and _________ personally known to me to be the Assistant Secretary of said corporation, and personally known to me to be the same persons whose names are subscribed to the foregoing instrument, appeared before me this day in person and severally acknowledged that as such Vice President and Assistant Secretary, they signed and delivered the said instrument as Vice President and Assistant Secretary of said corporation, and caused the corporate seal of said corporation to be affixed thereto, pursuant to authority given by the Board of Directors of said corporation as their free and voluntary act, and as the free and voluntary act and deed of said corporation, for the uses and purposes therein set forth. Given under my hand and official seal, this 29th day of <u>funu</u>, 1970. Commission expires <u>May 21/972</u> Jean C. Meinen

MCO 0616611

STATE OF ILLINOIS) ss COUNTY OF ST. CLAIR) _, a notary public, do hereby Leo Sauget , personally known to President of Sauget and Company, a Delaware certify that me to be the ____personally known Paul Sauget corporation, and Secretary of said corporation, to me to be the and personally known to me to be the same persons whose names are subscribed to the foregoing instrument, appeared before me this day in person and severally acknowledged that as such President and Secretary, they signed and the said instrument as President and Secretary of said corporation, and caused the corporate seal of said corporation to be affixed thereto, pursuant to authority, given by the Board of Directors of said corporation as their free and voluntary act, and as the free and voluntary act and deed of said corporation, for the uses and purposes therein set forth. Given under my hand and official seal, this 26th day of May , 1970. Commission expires $\frac{12/11/73}{}$

MCO 0616612

Betty Jeans of

WASTE DISPOSAL AGREEMENT

This Agreement made and entered into as of the first day of January, 1964, by and between MONSANTO COMPANY, a Delaware corporation, of St. Louis, Missouri, (hereinafter called "Monsanto") and INDUSTRIAL SALVAGE AND DISPOSAL, INC., a Delaware corporation, of 2902 Monsanto Avenue, Monsanto, Illinois, (hereinafter called "Industrial"),

WHEREAS, by an Indenture of Lease of even date herewith Industrial has leased from Monsanto a tract of land of approximately twenty-two acres located near the east bank of the Mississippi River in the Village of Monsanto, Illinois, (hereinafter called

WHEREAS, Industrial proposes to operate on the Leased Property the "Leased Property"); and a sanitary landfill dump (hereinafter called the "Dump") to provide for the disposal of certain chemical waste materials of Monsanto; NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants herein

contained and for good and valuable other consideration, Monsanto Operation of Dump. Industrial shall operate the Dump on and Industrial hereby agree as follows:

- the Leased Property in accordance with the procedures, terms and provisions set forth in the Specifications attached hereto and made a part hereof. Monsanto, at its own expense, shall arrange for the trucking of the chemical wastes from its chemical plants to the site of the Dump, and for the unloading of such wastes at the Dump. Industrial shall furnish and provide all labor and other personnel and all materials and equipment necessary for the proper operation of the Dump. Monsanto shall notify Industrial of the Monsanto employe (hereinafter called the "Engineer") who is authorized to
 - 2. Removal of Drums. In connection with its operation of the represent Monsanto under this Agreement. Dump, Industrial has requested permission from Monsanto to remove and salvage, at Industrial's risk and expense, certain empty meta drums used to transport chemical waste materials to the Dump. MCO 0616613

WASTE DISPOSAL AGREEMENT

This Agreement made and entered into as of the first day of January, 1964, by and between MONSANTO COMPANY, a Delaware corporation, of St. Louis, Missouri, (hereinafter called "Monsanto") and INDUSTRIAL SALVAGE AND DISPOSAL, INC., a Delaware corporation, of 2902 Monsanto Avenue, Monsanto, Illinois, (hereinafter called "Industrial"),

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, by an Indenture of Lease of even date herewith Industrial has leased from Monsanto a tract of land of approximately twenty-two acres located near the east bank of the Mississippi River in the Village of Monsanto, Illinois, (hereinafter called the "Leased Property"); and

WHEREAS, Industrial proposes to operate on the Leased Property a sanitary landfill dump (hereinafter called the "Dump") to provide for the disposal of certain chemical waste materials of Monsanto;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants herein contained and for good and valuable other consideration, Monsanto and Industrial hereby agree as follows:

- 1. Operation of Dump. Industrial shall operate the Dump on the Leased Property in accordance with the procedures, terms and provisions set forth in the Specifications attached hereto and made a part hereof. Monsanto, at its own expense, shall arrange for the trucking of the chemical wastes from its chemical plants to the site of the Dump, and for the unloading of such wastes at the Dump. Industrial shall furnish and provide all labor and other personnel and all materials and equipment necessary for the proper operation of the Dump. Monsanto shall notify Industrial of the Monsanto employe (hereinafter called the "Engineer") who is authorized to represent Monsanto under this Agreement.
- 2. Removal of Drums. In connection with its operation of the Dump, Industrial has requested permission from Monsanto to remove and salvage, at Industrial's risk and expense, certain empty metal drums used to transport chemical waste materials to the Dump.

Monsanto hereby grants such permission to Industrial on the following terms and conditions:

- (a) Industrial may remove from the Dump, at its own risk and expense, such number as it determines of empty metal drums that Monsanto's Engineer designates to be surplus drums, but solely for the purpose of selling the same to reputable steel scrap companies as scrap metal or to reputable salvage companies for cleaning and reclaiming. Industrial shall not sell or otherwise dispose of any of said drums to any other person, firm or corporation, and shall not remove any of said drums from the Dump for any other purpose.
- (b) Any drums that are removed from the Dump by Industrial shall be removed by the end of the working day during which they are received at the Dump. Any drums not removed by Industrial pursuant to paragraph 2(a) above shall be crushed and buried by Industrial in the Dump.
- (c) Industrial has been informed that the drums have been used for the storage of chemical wastes and of the possible hazards connected therewith. Industrial hereby acknowledges that it assumes responsibility for the further handling and use of the drums removed from the Dump. Industrial shall take all necessary precautions to insure that the removal and disposition of such drums, and the subsequent handling and disposition of such drums by any such steel scrap or salvage company, will not endanger the safety of, or constitute a hazard to any persons or property. Industrial further agrees to notify in writing each steel scrap or salvage company to which it may sell any of said drums of such prior use of said drums, and will attempt to obtain a similar agreement from said company that it will take necessary safety precautions and that it will warn subsequent handlers and users of the drums.
- (d) Monsanto shall have the right at any time to cancel, or suspend for a specified period of time, such permission by giving at least two days' prior written notice to Industrial.

- 3. <u>Price</u>. In full payment for Industrial's entire performance of its work under this Agreement, Monsanto shall pay to Industrial each month the sum of Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00).
- 4. Payment Procedure. Invoices for the monthly payment shall be submitted to the Engineer by Industrial on or about the first day of each month. The invoices shall be in such form and supported by such evidence as the Engineer may direct, including evidence satisfactory to the Engineer that all payrolls, materials bills and other indebtedness connected with the work under this Agreement to date have been paid. Within ten days after receipt of such invoice in proper form, Monsanto shall pay to Industrial the amount due for the preceding calendar month.

5. Safety and Miscellaneous Provisions.

- (a) Industrial shall strictly comply with all safety provisions set forth in the Specifications. Industrial shall take all other necessary steps and precautions for the safe operation and maintenance of the Dump. Industrial shall cause all gates in the fences erected on the Leased Property to be closed and securely locked at all times except during such periods as Industrial shall be conducting operations at the Dump.
- (b) In operating the Dump, Industrial shall observe and comply with all applicable Federal, State and local laws and regulations.
- (c) In operating the Dump and performing its work under this Agreement, Industrial shall be an independent contractor and shall have complete control of all of its employes and operations. All personnel employed by Industrial shall be employes of Industrial and not of Monsanto, and Monsanto shall have no right to direct or supervise such personnel.
- (d) Monsanto and Industrial agree that, in the event of changes in the wage rates of Industrial's personnel or the premature need for replacement of Industrial's equipment employed on the work under this Agreement, either party shall have the right to renegotiate the Price specified herein on the

anniversary date of this Agreement by giving to the other party at least thirty days prior written notice of its desire to renegotiate.

- 6. <u>Indemnity Provisions</u>. Industrial shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless Monsanto from and against any and all liability, claims, causes of action, suits, judgments, fines, penalties, losses, damages, costs and expenses of whatever kind or character arising out of injuries to or the death of any person or damage to or destruction of any property, caused by or resulting from or connected with (a) the maintenance or operation of the Dump unless caused by the sole negligence of Monsanto, or (b) the removal or disposition by Industrial of drums from the Dump or other activities of Industrial pursuant to this Agreement.
- 7. <u>Insurance by Industrial</u>. Industrial shall take out and maintain, during the term of this Agreement and for such period thereafter as Monsanto shall specify upon termination, the following insurance:
 - (a) Workmen's Compensation and Occupational Disease Insurance in an amount equal to the limit of liability and in the form prescribed by the laws of Illinois for all of Industrial's employes engaged in work in connection with the operation of the Dump and the removal and disposition of drums. To the extent that any such employes are not protected by such a statute, Industrial shall also provide Employer's Liability Insurance in an amount not less than \$100,000 for injury to, or for the death of, any one employe, and subject to the same limitation for each employe, in an amount not less than \$300,000 on account of any one accident.
 - (b) Public Liability Insurance covering claims for injuries to or death of persons or damage to or destruction of property arising from the maintenance or operation of said Dump or the removal and disposition by Industrial of said drums, whether such operations be by Industrial or any person directly or indirectly employed by Industrial, and covering liabilities assumed by Industrial pursuant to paragraph δ above. The

amount of such insurance shall be not less than:

- (i) \$150,000 for injury to, or for the death of, any one person; and, subject to the same limitation for each person, in an amount not less than \$500,000 on account of any one accident; and (ii) \$100,000 for damage to property on account of each accident, or \$200,000 in the aggregate in respect of damage to property.
- (c) Automobile Public Liability and Property Damage
 Insurance covering all owned or rented automotive equipment
 used by Industrial in the performance of this Agreement.
 Such liability insurance shall be in an amount not less than
 \$100,000 for injury to, or for the death of, any one person,
 in an amount not less than \$300,000 on account of any one
 accident. Property damage limits with respect to such insurance
 shall be not less than \$50,000 for each accident.

Such insurance shall be in form satisfactory to Monsanto and Industrial shall furnish to Monsanto certificates of such insurance satisfactory to Monsanto. Each contract of insurance shall contain the following clause:

"No reduction, cancellation or expiration of the policies providing the above coverages shall become effective until ten days from the date written notice is actually given to Mr. B. B. Byrne, Purchasing Agent, Monsanto Chemical Company, Wm. G. Krummrich Plant, Monsanto, Illinois."

All policies of insurance shall be countersigned by a duly authorized and accredited agent, or agents, of the carrier residing in the State of Illinois. All insurance shall be carried with insurance companies which, in the case of mutual companies, have a surplus to policyholders in excess of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) and in the case of stock companies, which have total capital and surplus in excess of one million dollars (\$1,000,000).

8. Term and Termination. This Agreement shall commence as of the date first hereinabove written and shall expire on December 31, 1363 unless sooner terminated, as it may be at any time, by either party giving at least ninety days' written notice to the other party of its intention to terminate. A termination of this Agreement shall not relieve Industrial of its obligations as set forth in paragraphs 6 and 7 above.

9. Prior Negotiations. This Agreement and the Indenture of Lease of even date herewith sets forth the entire agreement of Monsanto and Industrial with respect to the subject matter hereof. This Agreement shall supersede the Agreement dated November 1, 1959 between Monsanto and Industrial. All prior negotiations regarding the subject matter hereof shall be deemed to be merged herein.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Industrial and Monsanto have each caused this Agreement to be executed by its duly authorized representative as of the day and year first above written.

MONSANTO COMPANY

By & B. B. Byrne P. A. /i/PSP

INDUSTRIAL SALVAGE AND DISPOSAL, INC.

By S/ Paul Sauget Sec.

SPECIFICATIONS

OPERATION OF

SANITARY LANDFILL DUMP

W. G. KRUMMRICH PLANT

MONSANTO COMPANY

MONSANTO, ILLINOIS

Prepared By
Functional Maintenance Department

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SECTION A

Operation of Sanitary Landfill Dump

A. Scope

1. The work to be performed is the operation of a Sanitary Landfill Dump on the River Terminal property owned by Monsanto and leased to Industrial by an Indenture of Lease dated as of January 1, 1964.

B. Location

1. The dump is to be located South of Riverview Avenue and East of Monsanto's river front tank farm. This location is as shown on Drawing D-017-G10.

C. Equipment

1. Industrial shall furnish all equipment necessary for the operation of the Sanitary Landfill Dump. This includes the operation and maintenance of such equipment.

D. General Operating Instructions

1. The materials to be encountered in the operation of the dump will fall within two groups, i.e., solids and liquids. To facilitate unloading operations within the dump site, the groups shall be separated according to group and unloaded in areas designated by the Engineer.

Liquid materials shall be discharged onto levelled receiving areas approximately 30 feet wide by 120 feet long. These areas shall be enclosed on all four sides by a retaining wall of cover material. The liquid shall then be blended and compacted with sufficient cover material to produce a stable fill. The area shall then be levelled and the retaining walls adjusted to receive the next load of liquid waste.

Solids, i.e., drummed solids and granular materials, shall be deposited in the designated area, covered and compacted. Drums are to be punctured before compacting into the fill.

It shall be understood that occasional tests or trials may become necessary as new types of wastes and new methods of operations are introduced. If such tests indicate a revision in operational procedure the revision will be adopted as directed by the Engineer.

MCD 0616622

- 2. Cover Material. Cover and filling material will be secured from the Krummrich Plant Power Department or the fly-ash ponds south of Monsanto's present tank farm area. Material will be trucked to the dump and stored as directed by the Engineer.
- 3. Appearance and Scavenging: It shall be necessary to keep the dumps smooth and neat in appearance at all time. No scavenging shall be permitted except with the permission of Monsanto's Engineer.
- 4. Fire Protection: Hose lines shall be provided at the dump at all times. It shall be necessary to wet down the dump to control fires and dust. The hose lines shall be connected to the fire hydrants in the River Terminal Area.
- 5. <u>Use of Dump</u>: This dump shall be operated by Industrial for the sole use of Monsanto.

SECTION B

MONSANTO COMPANY

SUPPLEMENTARY CONDITIONS

A. General Provisions

1. Job Site Location

Monsanto Company, William G. Krummrich Plant, Monsanto, Illinois.

2. Definitions

The word "Engineer" as used throughout the Specifications means the individual employed by Monsanto and authorized by Monsanto to represent it on this work.

3. Responsibility

In all operations under the Agreement, Industrial shall respect, adhere to and comply with all local and general ordinances and laws controlling or limiting in any way actions of those engaged upon the work.

Industrial shall secure and pay for all permits and licenses required by the laws in effect at the time of the execution of the work. Industrial, however, shall notify the Engineer of his intent to secure such permit or license prior to making application to enable Monsanto to determine if such permit or license is actually required under the law.

Any person employed on the work who shall neglect to obey the regulations imposed by Monsanto or who shall be deemed to be incompetent, or shall be guilty of any disorderly conduct or shall commit any trespass on any public or private property in the vicinity of the work, shall be at once removed from the work by Industrial, when so requested by the Engineer.

Industrial shall at all times enforce strict discipline and good order among its employees, and shall not employ on the work any unfit person or anyone not skilled in the work assigned to him.

4. Interference with Plant Operation

MCO 0616624

Industrial shall confine its activities to the areas set aside for it to do its work and shall not interfere with any of Monsanto's activities. Unless specifically authorized by the Engineer, Industrial's employees are prohibited from

entering any plant area except those areas to which they are assigned. Prohibited areas for Industrial's employees include operating departments, washrooms, maintenance snops, offices and cafeterias.

5. Cameras

1

Both taking of pictures and the possession of a camera in the Plant are prohibited.

6. Monsanto Equipment

Monsanto equipment will <u>not</u> be loaned to Industrial's employees.

B. Special Provisions

1. Storage of Material

The receipt and storage of Industrial's materials (not furnished by Monsanto) will be the responsibility of Industrial. Outdoor storage space will be available to Industrial but it will not be permitted to store material except within the areas indicated on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

2. Telephone

Telephone service, if desired, must be arranged and paid for by Industrial.

3. Toilet Facilities

Job toilet facilities may be provided by Industrial. These facilities shall be constructed and used in a manner that will not violate any sanitary regulations or cause any inconvenience or nuisance to Monsanto or its employees. The type of toilet facilities provided by Industrial will be subject to the approval of the Engineer. No facilities are available on the River Front Property.

4. Water

Industrial will furnish suitable drinking water for its personnel. Drinking water is not available on the River Front Property.

C. Safety Provisions

All work or operations must conform with established Monsanto practices in order to insure the maximum in safety and fire precautions. Information concerning such practices in each area will be secured from the Engineer.

All safety and security regulations of Monsanto's Wm. G. Krummrich Plant shall be observed without deviation by all of Industrial's employees. Some of these regulations are listed below.

1. Smoking

:

Smoking is prohibited in the Plant except in designated posted smoking areas at which locations electric lighters are provided. Having possession of matches or lighters is prohibited. At the discretion of Industrial smoking time may be allowed the workmen but they shall extinguish butts in sand buckets or containers provided before leaving the smoking area.

2. Aisles and Exits

Aisles, safety showers, fire equipment, alleys, streets and exits must be kept free of obstructions.

3. Excavations; Overhead Work

Industrial shall provide all guards, barricades, lights, etc., necessary for the safety of Plant operations and personnel.

All excavations shall be barricaded each time Industrial's workmen quit for the day. Openings, ditches, etc., must be roped off and danger signs placed. Adequate danger lighting must be provided at night.

4. Traffic Rules

- a. The speed limit is 15 M.P.H.
- b. Vehicles shall stop at all stop signs.
- c. Vehicle and equipment operators shall observe all railroad crossings and switch signs and follow the instructions on them.

5. First Aid

First-aid and emergency treatment for all injuries incurred by Industrial's employees should be received at Monsanto's Dispensary. Industrial shall promptly notify the Engineer of any injury to Industrial's employees and shall assist the Engineer in filling out the Accident Report Form for the Safety Department of Monsanto.

6. Fire Protection

Industrial shall, in all of its operations, conform to all fire regulations in effect for the Wm. G. Krummrich Plant. He shall do no burning, welding, grinding or any other flame or spark-producing operation, operate equipment of any kind or proceed with any work requiring the use of the inflammable substances (such as gasoline, kerosene, paint thinners, or any liquids with closed-cup flashpoint below $110^{\circ}F$.) without first securing a Monsanto fire permit and complying with the conditions and instructions specified thereon. The permits required will be supplied by the Engineer.

Should a hazardous condition develop in the area, Industrial shall, at the request of any Monsanto employee, stop all cutting, welding or other spark-producing activities.

7. Fire

Industrial shall familiarize all personnel working directly or indirectly under him with the following rules to be followed in case of fire:

- a. To report a fire -- go to any plant telephone, dial Station 200 and give the designation of the building or area in which the fire is located.
- b. If the fire alarm (siren) sounds while personnel are driving in the Plant, they shall pull over to the side of the road and stop.
- c. Visiting at the scene of a fire or accident by personnel other than members of fire or emergency crews is prohibited.
- d. In case of a fire on the job site for which the Fire Department is called, all personnel other than Industrial's supervisors shall immediately leave the area. The supervisors shall keep themselves available to assist the Fire Department.

8. Industrial Hazards

Industrial shall acquaint itself with the industrial hazards, if any, to be encountered in each particular area. Information pertaining to such hazards shall be obtained through the Engineer.

9. Pipes

Process piping shall never be used either to support an individual worker or to support staging. If it becomes necessary for a ladder to be leaned against a pipe to accomplish some work, permission of the Engineer shall first be secured.

10. Wiring

No wiring should be cut without consulting the Engineer. Any wire accidentally broken should be reported immediately to the Engineer or Monsanto's Electrical Foreman.

11. Clean-Up of Job

Industrial must keep the area of its work clean and promptly remove any excess materials or equipment.

12. Use of Intoxicants

Persons judged to be under the influence of intoxicating beverages will not be admitted into the Plant. The carrying of intoxicating beverages into the Plant is prohibited. Violation of this regulation will result in immediate and permanent removal of the employee from the Plant property.

13. Railroad Clearances

When it is necessary to work adjacent to a switch track, care must be taken that equipment and material do not encroach on the clearance area required by law. This is 8'6" on both sides of the track. Overhead clearance is 22'6" above top of the rail. All equipment and materials must be removed from these clearances at the end of each work day unless arrangements have been made to the contrary.

MCD 0616628

SECTION C

Drawing List

The following drawing has been prepared by the Organic Chemicals Division of the Monsanto Company:

DWG.	REV.	DATE	TITLE
D-017-G10	0	3/31/59	River Terminal Sanitary Landfill Dump

MCO 0616629

(conformed copy)

LEASE

THIS INDENTURE, made and entered into as of January 1, 1964, by and between MONSANTO COMPANY, a Delaware corporation, of St. Louis, Missouri, hereinafter referred to as "Lessor", and INDUSTRIAL SALVAGE AND DISPOSAL, INC., a Delaware corporation, of 2902 Monsanto Avenue, East St. Louis, Illinois, hereinafter referred to as "Lessee", WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, Lessor owns certain lands situated on and near the east bank of the Mississippi River in the Village of Monsanto, St. Clair County, State of Illinois, and

WHEREAS, Lessee desires to lease a portion of said lands, as hereinafter described, for use by Lessee as site for Lessee's waste disposal operations which are to be performed pursuant to the terms and provisions of that certain written Agreement, of even date herewith, between Lessor and Lessee, hereinafter called "Waste Disposal Agreement," to which Agreement reference is hereby made, and, further, for agricultural purposes; and

WHEREAS, Lessor is willing to lease said lands for said purposes under the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth.

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties hereto agree as follows:

l. Lessor, in consideration of the covenants and agreements hereinafter expressed to be kept, observed and performed by Lessee, and subject to the terms, provisions and conditions hereof, does hereby let, and the Lessee does hereby lease, the following described parcel of land, hereinafter called "Premises," situated in the Village of Monsanto, County of St. Clair, and State of Illinois, to-wit:

A tract of land in the Village of Monsanto, County of St. Clair, State of Illinois, said tract being bounded on the north by the southern line of Riverview Avenue, 70 feet wide, as established by Ordinance No. 122 of the Village of Monsanto, Illinois; bounded on the east by the western line of 230KV transmission line easement for Union Electric Power Company, recorded in Book 1284,

recorder's office; bounded on the south by the south line of Monsanto Chemical Company property.

bounded on the west by the eastern line of an

angles thereto, approximately 2000 feet southerly

said line being parallel with and measured at right/P.S.

page 28 of the St. Clair County, Illinois

- This lease is made subject to any and all rights or interests of third parties in or to any of said Premises. Lessor shall have the right to enter upon said Premises at all reasonable hours for the purpose of examining and inspecting the same. Lessor further reserves the right (a) to keep, maintain, operate, and renew Lessor's existing sampling wells on said Premises and to install, construct and thereafter keep, maintain, operate and renew such additional sampling wells as Lessor may desire, and (b) to keep, maintain, renew, relocate and remove Lessor's existing metal fence located on or about said Premises, and to install, construct and thereafter keep, maintain, renew, relocate and remove such additions or extensions to, or changes in, said fence as Lessor may consider necessary or convenient. agrees to cause all gates comprised in any fence, now existing or which may hereafter be erected or maintained on or about said Premises, to be closed and securely locked at all times except during such periods as Lessee shall actively be conducting operations on said Premises in accordance with said Waste Disposal Agreement.
- 3. Lessee agrees to maintain and use said Premises solely for the purpose of operating thereon a waste disposal area in accordance with the terms and provisions of the aforesaid Waste Disposal Agreement. Lessee expressly agrees to refrain from, as well as prevent, the disposal of any other materials, wastes or residues

on said Premises. To the extent that there shall be no hindrance or interference, directly or indirectly, with the use of said Premises for the proper operation thereon of the disposal area in accordance with the terms of the aforesaid Waste Disposal Agreement, Lessee may use said Premises for agricultural purposes; it being expressly understood that the use of said Premises for agricultural purposes shall at all times be subject and subordinate to the use thereof as a disposal area. Lesses agrees, at Lessee's own cost and expense, to maintain said Premises in a condition satisfactory to Lessor and to provide all labor, materials, equipment, supplies and instrumentalities required in the planting, cultivating, caring for and harvesting of any crops on said Premises.

- 4. Lessee agrees not to use said Premises for any unlawful purpose, to comply with and observe the provisions of any law, ordinance or governmental regulation applicable to Lessee's use of said Premises, and to prevent unauthorized persons from entering on said Premises. No buildings, structures or improvements shall be installed, constructed, erected or placed on said Premises without the prior written consent of Lessor.
- 5. Lesses shall not be charged any rent for its use of the said Premises in accordance with the provisions hereof. All proceeds from the use of said Premises for agricultural purposes shall belong to Lessee.

 MCO 0616633
- 6. Lessee shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless Lessor from and against any and all liability, claims, causes of action, suits, judgments, fines, penalties, losses, damages, costs and expenses of whatever kind or character arising out of, resulting from or connected with (a) Lessee's use or occupancy of or operations on said Premises for any purpose, (b) the exercise by Lessee of any of the rights or privileges granted hereby, (c) the maintenance, operation, use or existence of said Premises as a disposal area, (d) any act, omission or neglect of Lessee, its agents, representatives or employees, or

- (e) any breach by Lessee of the terms or provisions of this Lease; provided, however, the foregoing provisions of this paragraph 6 shall not apply to any injuries to person or property caused by or resulting from the negligence of the Lessor in the operation or maintenance of the Premises.
- 7. Lessee assumes full responsibility for, and hereby releases and discharges Lessor from any liability for, any loss or destruction of or damage to any crops or agricultural products grown or produced on said Premises unless caused by the negligence of the Lessor in the operation or maintenance of the Premises.
- 8. This Lease shall commence with the date first hereinabove written, and end with December 31, 1968 unless sooner terminated, as it may be at any time, by either party giving at least ninety (90) days' written notice to the other party of intention to terminate. Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, it is expressly agreed that in the event said Waste Disposal Agreement shall be cancelled, terminated or otherwise expire, this Lease shall terminate ipso facto with the cancellation, termination or other expiration of said Waste Disposal Agreement. In addition, Lessor may, without further demand or notice, terminate this Lease in the event Lessee defaults in the performance of or breaches any of its covenants, obligations or agreements under this Lease, and such default or breach shall continue for more than ten (10) days after written notice thereof shall have been given by the Lessor to Lessee. MCD 0616634

Upon termination howsoever of this Lease, Lessee shall peacefully deliver up and surrender possession of said Premises to Lessor, leaving the same in a neat, clean, orderly and safe condition and, provided Lessee shall have satisfied all of its liabilities to Lessor hereunder, Lessee shall remove all of Lessee's property, and, as soon as practicable, but in no event beyond the end of the growing season, Lessee's growing crops, from said Premises. In the event Lessee fails to peaceably deliver up and

surrender said Premises to Lessor as aforesaid, Lessor may, without further demand or notice, re-enter and repossess said Premises and expel Lessee and those claiming under it without being guilty of trespass and without being subject to liability for damages and without prejudice to any other remedies of the Lessor at law or in equity then existing with respect thereto.

- 9. Any notice of Lessor to Lessee shall be deemed served or given when posted on Premises or when deposited, postage prepaid, in the U. S. mails addressed to Lessee at its address stated above.
- 10. This Lease and all its provisions shall inure to or bind each party's successors and assigns; provided that none of the Premises shall be sublet and no right of Lessee shall be transferred or assigned, either voluntarily or involuntarily, without the prior written consent of Lessor. Either party hereto may waive any default at any time of the other without affecting or impairing any right arising from any subsequent default.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have duly executed this Lease as of the day and year first hereinabove written.

MONSANTO COMPANY

ATTEST:	By S.M. Morris Vice President
By S/C.E. Caspa //Assistant Secr	
,,,	INDUSTRIAL SALVAGE AND DISPOSAL,
ATTEST:	

By /s/ Poul Sauget
Secretary

By /s/ Leo Sauget
President

INC.

HCD 0616635

STATE OF MISSOURI) SS COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS)

Given under my hand and official seal, this _30 to day of _Nevember___, 1964.

(SEAL)

k/ Mary K. Brady

STATE OF ILLINOIS) COUNTY OF ST. CLAIR)

I, Mary Helen Schuckman, a notary public, do hereby certify that Les Saugest, personally known to me to be the President of Industrial Salvage and Disposal, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and Paul Sauget personally Secretary of said corporation, known to me to be the Secretary of said corporation and personally known to me to be the same persons whose names are subscribed to the foregoing instrument, appeared before me this day in person and severally acknowledged that as such ___ Secretary, they signed President and and delivered the said instrument as the said instrument as President and Secretary of said corporation, and caused the corporate seal of said corporation to be affixed thereto, pursuant to authority, given by the Board of Directors of said corporation as their free and voluntary act, and as the free and voluntary act and deed of said corporation, for the uses and purposes therein set forth. Given under my hand and official seal, this 18 m day of November, 1964. Commission expires Feb. 18-1965 (SEAL) Jel Mary Helen Schuchmun

(Conformed Copy)

000125

WASTE DISPOSAL AGREEMENT

This Agreement made and entered into as of the first day of January, 1964, by and between MONSANTO COMPANY, a Delaware corporation, of St. Louis, Missouri, (hereinafter called "Monsanto") and INDUSTRIAL SALVAGE AND DISPOSAL, INC., a Delaware corporation, of 2902 Monsanto Avenue, Monsanto, Illinois, (hereinafter called "Industrial").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, by an Indenture of Lease of even date herewith Industrial has leased from Monsanto a tract of land of approximately twenty-two acres located near the east bank of the Mississippi River in the Village of Monsanto, Illinois, (hereinafter called the "Leased Property"); and

WHEREAS, Industrial proposes to operate on the Leased Property a sanitary landfill dump (hereinafter called the "Dump") to provide for the disposal of certain chemical waste materials of Monsanto;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants herein contained and for good and valuable other consideration, Monsanto and Industrial hereby agree as follows:

- 1. Operation of Dump. Industrial shall operate the Dump on the Leased Property in accordance with the procedures, terms and provisions set forth in the Specifications attached hereto and made a part hereof. Monsanto, at its own expense, shall arrange for the trucking of the chemical wastes from its chemical plants to the site of the Dump, and for the unloading of such wastes at the Dump. Industrial shall furnish and provide all labor and other personnel and all materials and equipment necessary for the proper operation of the Dump. Monsanto shall notify Industrial of the Monsanto employe (hereinafter called the "Engineer") who is authorized to represent Monsanto under this Agreement.
- 2. Removal of Drums. In connection with its operation of the Dump, Industrial has requested permission from Monsanto to remove and salvage, at Industrial's risk and expense, certain empty metal drums used to transport chemical waste materials to the Dump.

- -

Monsanto hereby grants such permission to Industrial on the following terms and conditions:

- (a) Industrial may remove from the Dump, at its own risk and expense, such number as it determines of empty metal drums that Monsanto's Engineer designates to be surplus drums, but solely for the purpose of selling the same to reputable steel scrap companies as scrap metal or to reputable salvage companies for cleaning and reclaiming. Industrial shall not sell or otherwise dispose of any of said drums to any other person, firm or corporation, and shall not remove any of said drums from the Dump for any other purpose.
- (b) Any drums that are removed from the Dump by Industrial shall be removed by the end of the working day during which they are received at the Dump. Any drums not removed by Industrial pursuant to paragraph 2(a) above shall be crushed and buried by Industrial in the Dump.
- (c) Industrial has been informed that the drums have been used for the storage of chemical wastes and of the possible hazards connected therewith. Industrial hereby acknowledges that it assumes responsibility for the further handling and use of the drums removed from the Dump. Industrial shall take all necessary precautions to insure that the removal and disposition of such drums, and the subsequent handling and disposition of such drums by any such steel scrap or salvage company, will not endanger the safety of, or constitute a hazard to any persons or property. Industrial further agrees to notify in writing each steel scrap or salvage company to which it may sell any of said drums of such prior use of said drums, and will attempt to obtain a similar agreement from said company that it will take necessary safety precautions and that it will warn subsequent handlers and users of the drums.
- (d) Monsanto shall have the right at any time to cancel, or suspend for a specified period of time, such permission by giving at least two days' prior written notice to Industrial.

- 3. <u>Price</u>. In full payment for Industrial's entire performance of its work under this Agreement, Monsanto shall pay to Industrial each month the sum of Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00).
- 4. Payment Procedure. Invoices for the monthly payment shall be submitted to the Engineer by Industrial on or about the first day of each month. The invoices shall be in such form and supported by such evidence as the Engineer may direct, including evidence satisfactory to the Engineer that all payrolls, materials bills and other indebtedness connected with the work under this Agreement to date have been paid. Within ten days after receipt of such invoice in proper form, Monsanto shall pay to Industrial the amount due for the preceding calendar month.

5. Safety and Miscellaneous Provisions.

- (a) Industrial shall strictly comply with all safety provisions set forth in the Specifications. Industrial shall take all other necessary steps and precautions for the safe operation and maintenance of the Dump. Industrial shall cause all gates in the fences erected on the Leased Property to be closed and securely locked at all times except during such periods as Industrial shall be conducting operations at the Dump.
- (b) In operating the Dump, Industrial shall observe and comply with all applicable Federal, State and local laws and regulations.
- (c) In operating the Dump and performing its work under this Agreement, Industrial shall be an independent contractor and shall have complete control of all of its employes and operations. All personnel employed by Industrial shall be employes of Industrial and not of Monsanto, and Monsanto shall have no right to direct or supervise such personnel.
- (d) Monsanto and Industrial agree that, in the event of changes in the wage rates of Industrial's personnel or the premature need for replacement of Industrial's equipment employed on the work under this Agreement, either party shall have the right to renegotiate the Price specified herein on the

anniversary date of this Agreement by giving to the other party at least thirty days prior written notice of its desire to renegotiate.

- 6. <u>Indemnity Provisions</u>. Industrial shall defend indemnify and hold harmless Monsanto from and against any and all liability, claims, causes of action, suits judgments fines, penalties losses, damages, costs and expenses of whatever kind or character arising out of injuries to or the death of any person or damage to or destruction of any property, caused by or resulting from or connected with (a) the maintenance or operation of the Dump unless caused by the sole negligence of Monsanto, or (b) the removal or disposition by Industrial of drums from the Dump or other activities of Industrial pursuant to this Agreement.
- 7. <u>Insurance by Industrial</u>. Industrial shall take out and maintain, during the term of this Agreement and for such period thereafter as Monsanto shall specify upon termination, the following insurance:
 - (a) Workmen's Compensation and Occupational Disease Insurance in an amount equal to the limit of liability and in the form prescribed by the laws of Illinois for all of Industrial's employes engaged in work in connection with the operation of the Dump and the removal and disposition of drums. To the extent that any such employes are not protected by such a statute, Industrial shall also provide Employer's Liability Insurance in an amount not less than \$100.000 for injury to, or for the death of, any one employe, and subject to the same limitation for each employe, in an amount not less than \$300,000 on account of any one accident.
 - (b) Public Liability Insurance covering claims for injuries to or death of persons or damage to or destruction of property arising from the maintenance or operation of said Dump or the removal and disposition by Industrial of said drums, whether such operations be by Industrial or any person directly or indirectly employed by Industrial, and covering liabilities assumed by Industrial pursuant to paragraph 6 above. The

amount of such insurance shall be not less than:

- (1) \$150,000 for injury to, or for the death of, any one person; and, subject to the same limitation for each person, in an amount not less than \$500,000 on account of any one accident; and (11) \$100,000 for damage to property on account of each accident, or \$200,000 in the aggregate in respect of damage to property.
- (c) Automobile Public Liability and Property Damage Insurance covering all owned or rented automotive equipment used by Industrial in the performance of this Agreement. Such liability insurance shall be in an amount not less than \$100,000 for injury to, or for the death of, any one person, in an amount not less than \$300,000 on account of any one accident. Property damage limits with respect to such insurance shall be not less than \$50,000 for each accident.

Such insurance shall be in form satisfactory to Monsanto and Industrial shall furnish to Monsanto certificates of such insurance satisfactory to Monsanto. Each contract of insurance shall contain the following clause:

"No reduction, cancellation or expiration of the policies providing the above coverages shall become effective until ten days from the date written notice is actually given to Mr. B. B. Byrne, Purchasing Agent, Monsanto Chemical Company, Wm. G. Krummrich Plant, Monsanto, Illinois."

All policies of insurance shall be countersigned by a duly authorized and accredited agent, or agents, of the carrier residing in the State of Illinois. All insurance shall be carried with insurance companies which, in the case of mutual companies, have a surplus to policyholders in excess of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) and in the case of stock companies, which have total capital and surplus in excess of one million dollars (\$1,000,000).

8. Term and Termination. This Agreement shall commence as of the date first hereinabove written and shall expire on December 31, 1968 unless sooner terminated, as it may be at any time, by either party giving at least ninety days' written notice to the other party of its intention to terminate. A termination of this Agreement shall not relieve Industrial of its obligations as set forth in paragraphs 6 and 7 above.

9. <u>Prior Negotiations</u>. This Agreement and the Indenture of Lease of even date herewith sets forth the entire agreement of Monsanto and Industrial with respect to the subject matter hereof. This Agreement shall supersede the Agreement dated November 1, 1959 between Monsanto and Industrial. All prior negotiations regarding the subject matter hereof shall be deemed to be merged herein.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Industrial and Monsanto have each caused this Agreement to be executed by its duly authorized representative as of the day and year first above written.

MONSANTO COMPANY

By 1 B. B. Byrne P. A.

LifeS.P.

INDUSTRIAL SALVAGE AND DISPOSAL, INC.

By H/Paul Sauget Sec.

SPECIFICATIONS

OPERATION OF

SANITARY LANDFILL DUMP

W. G. KRUMMRICH PLANT

MONSANTO COMPANY

MONSANTO, ILLINOIS

MCO 0616645

Prepared By
Functional Maintenance Department

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SECTION A

Operation of Sanitary Landfill Dump

A. Scope

1

1. The work to be performed is the operation of a Sanitary Landfill Dump on the River Terminal property owned by Monsanto and leased to Industrial by an Indenture of Lease dated as of January 1, 1964.

B. Location

1. The dump is to be located South of Riverview Avenue and East of Monsanto's river front tank farm. This location is as shown on Drawing D-017-G10.

C. Equipment

1. Industrial shall furnish all equipment necessary for the operation of the Sanitary Landfill Dump. This includes the operation and maintenance of such equipment.

D. General Operating Instructions

1. The materials to be encountered in the operation of the dump will fall within two groups, i.e., solids and liquids. To facilitate unloading operations within the dump site, the groups shall be separated according to group and unloaded in areas designated by the Engineer.

Liquid materials shall be discharged onto levelled receiving areas approximately 30 feet wide by 120 feet long. These areas shall be enclosed on all four sides by a retaining wall of cover material. The liquid shall then be blended and compacted with sufficient cover material to produce a stable fill. The area shall then be levelled and the retaining walls adjusted to receive the next load of liquid waste.

Solids, i.e., drummed solids and granular materials, shall be deposited in the designated area, covered and compacted. Drums are to be punctured before compacting into the fill.

It shall be understood that occasional tests or trials may become necessary as new types of wastes and new methods of operations are introduced. If such tests indicate a revision in operational procedure the revision will be adopted as directed by the Engineer.

- 2. Cover Material. Cover and filling material will be secured from the Krummrich Plant Power Department or the fly-ash ponds south of Monsanto's present tank farm area. Material will be trucked to the dump and stored as directed by the Engineer.
- 3. Appearance and Scavenging: It shall be necessary to keep the dumps smooth and neat in appearance at all time. No scavenging shall be permitted except with the permission of Monsanto's Engineer.
- 4. Fire Protection: Hose lines shall be provided at the dump at all times. It shall be necessary to wet down the dump to control fires and dust. The hose lines shall be connected to the fire hydrants in the River Terminal Area.
- 5. <u>Use of Dump</u>: This dump shall be operated by Industrial for the sole use of Monsanto.

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SECTION B

MONSANTO COMPANY

SUPPLEMENTARY CONDITIONS

A. General Provisions

1. Job Site Location

Monsanto Company, William G. Krummrich Plant, Monsanto, Illinois.

2. Definitions

The word "Engineer" as used throughout the Specifications means the individual employed by Monsanto and authorized by Monsanto to represent it on this work.

3. Responsibility

In all operations under the Agreement, Industrial shall respect, adhere to and comply with all local and general ordinances and laws controlling or limiting in any way actions of those engaged upon the work.

Industrial shall secure and pay for all permits and licenses required by the laws in effect at the time of the execution of the work. Industrial, however, shall notify the Engineer of his intent to secure such permit or license prior to making application to enable Monsanto to determine if such permit or license is actually required under the law.

Any person employed on the work who shall neglect to obey the regulations imposed by Monsanto or who shall be deemed to be incompetent, or shall be guilty of any disorderly conduct or shall commit any trespass on any public or private property in the vicinity of the work, shall be at once removed from the work by Industrial, when so requested by the Engineer.

Industrial shall at all times enforce strict discipline and good order among its employees, and shall not employ on the work any unfit person or anyone not skilled in the work assigned to him.

MCO 0616649

4. Interference with Plant Operation

Industrial shall confine its activities to the areas set aside for it to do its work and shall not interfere with any of Monsanto's activities. Unless specifically authorized by the Engineer, Industrial's employees are prohibited from

entering any plant area except those areas to which they are assigned. Prohibited areas for Industrial's employees include operating departments, washrooms, maintenance shops, offices and cafeterias.

5. <u>Cameras</u>

Both taking of pictures and the possession of a camera in the Plant are prohibited.

6. Monsanto Equipment

Monsanto equipment will \underline{not} be loaned to Industrial's employees.

B. Special Provisions

1. Storage of Material

The receipt and storage of Industrial's materials (not furnished by Monsanto) will be the responsibility of Industrial. Outdoor storage space will be available to Industrial but it will not be permitted to store material except within the areas indicated on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

2. Telephone

Telephone service, if desired, must be arranged and paid for by Industrial.

3. Toilet Facilities

Job toilet facilities may be provided by Industrial. These facilities shall be constructed and used in a manner that will not violate any sanitary regulations or cause any inconvenience or nuisance to Monsanto or its employees. The type of toilet facilities provided by Industrial will be subject to the approval of the Engineer. No facilities are available on the River Front Property.

4. Water

Industrial will furnish suitable drinking water for its personnel. Drinking water is not available on the River Front Property.

C. Safety Provisions

All work or operations must conform with established Monsanto practices in order to insure the maximum in safety and fire precautions. Information concerning such practices in each area will be secured from the Engineer.

All safety and security regulations of Monsanto's wm. G. Krummrich Plant shall be observed without deviation by all of Industrial's employees. Some of these regulations are listed below.

1. Smoking

Smoking is prohibited in the Plant except in designated posted smoking areas at which locations electric lighters are provided. Having possession of matches or lighters is prohibited. At the discretion of Industrial smoking time may be allowed the workmen but they shall extinguish butts in sand buckets or containers provided before leaving the smoking area.

2. Aisles and Exits

Aisles, safety showers, fire equipment, alleys, streets and exits must be kept free of obstructions.

3. Excavations; Overhead Work

Industrial shall provide all guards, barricades, lights, etc., necessary for the safety of Plant operations and personnel.

All excavations shall be barricaded each time Industrial's workmen quit for the day. Openings, ditches, etc., must be roped off and danger signs placed. Adequate danger lighting must be provided at night.

4. Traffic Rules

- a. The speed limit is 15 M.P.H.
- b. Vehicles shall stop at all stop signs.
- c. Vehicle and equipment operators shall observe all railroad crossings and switch signs and follow the instructions on them.

5. First Aid

First-aid and emergency treatment for all injuries incurred by Industrial's employees should be received at Monsanto's Dispensary. Industrial shall promptly notify the Engineer of any injury to Industrial's employees and shall assist the Engineer in filling out the Accident Report Form for the Safety Department of Monsanto.

6. Fire Protection

Industrial shall, in all of its operations, conform to all fire regulations in effect for the Wm. G. Krummrich Plant. He shall do no burning, welding, grinding or any other flame or spark-producing operation, operate equipment of any kind or proceed with any work requiring the use of the inflammable substances (such as gasoline, kerosene, paint thinners, or any liquids with closed-cup flashpoint below 110°F.) without first securing a Monsanto fire permit and complying with the conditions and instructions specified thereon. The permits required will be supplied by the Engineer.

Should a hazardous condition develop in the area, Industrial shall, at the request of any Monsanto employee, stop all cutting, welding or other spark-producing activities.

7. Fire

Industrial shall familiarize all personnel working directly or indirectly under him with the following rules to be followed in case of fire:

- a. To report a fire -- go to any plant telephone, dial Station 200 and give the designation of the building or area in which the fire is located.
- b. If the fire alarm (siren) sounds while personnel are driving in the Plant, they shall pull over to the side of the road and stop.
- c. Visiting at the scene of a fire or accident by personnel other than members of fire or emergency crews is prohibited.
- d. In case of a fire on the job site for which the Fire Department is called, all personnel other than Industrial's supervisors shall immediately leave the area. The supervisors shall keep themselves available to assist the Fire Department.

8. Industrial Hazards

Industrial shall acquaint itself with the industrial hazards, if any, to be encountered in each particular area. Information pertaining to such hazards shall be obtained through the Engineer.

9. Pipes

Process piping shall never be used either to support an individual worker or to support staging. If it becomes necessary for a ladder to be leaned against a pipe to accomplish some work, permission of the Engineer shall first be secured.

10. Wiring

No wiring should be cut without consulting the Engineer. Any wire accidentally broken should be reported immediately to the Engineer or Monsanto's Electrical Foreman.

11. Clean-Up of Job

Industrial must keep the area of its work clean and promptly remove any excess materials or equipment.

12. Use of Intoxicants

Persons judged to be under the influence of intoxicating beverages will not be admitted into the Plant. The carrying of intoxicating beverages into the Plant is prohibited. Violation of this regulation will result in immediate and permanent removal of the employee from the Plant property.

13. Railroad Clearances

When it is necessary to work adjacent to a switch track, care must be taken that equipment and material do not encroach on the clearance area required by law. This is 8'6" on both sides of the track. Overhead clearance is 22'6" above top of the rail. All equipment and materials must be removed from these clearances at the end of each work day unless arrangements have been made to the contrary.

SECTION C

Drawing List

The following drawing has been prepared by the Organic Chemicals Division of the Monsanto Company:

DWG.	REV.	DATE	TITLE
D-017-G10	0	3/31/59	River Terminal Sanitary Landfill Dump

otasanosis

THOM SAME & LOCATION: R. A. Miller - JFQ/WGK Purchasing

DATE

March 6, 1973

cc W. C. Petty - JFQ

SUBJECT

CONTRACT NO. 3-565 1973 LIQUID WASTE DISPOSAL SAUGET AND COMPANY

000141

TO

MESSRS: B. B. Byrne - JFQ
T. W. Dalton - WGK
C. N. Deubner - WGK
M. R. Foresman - WGK
P. F. Gatens - JFQ
J. F. Hart - WGK
P. E. Heisler - WGK

P. E. Heisler - WGK
C. P. Ladenberger - JFQ
D. C. Malm - JFQ
R. G. Moody - WGK
A. E. Peterson - JFO

A. E. Peterson - JFQ H. G. Rayfield - WGK M. T. Schade - JFQ M. J. Smid - JFQ

L. W. Sprandel - WGK G. W. Watson - WGK R. L. Wiese - JFQ

B. R. Williams - WGK

Enclosed is a copy of our 1973-75 three year "toxic dump" contract with Sauget and Company. 1972 pricing of \$4,100 per month (\$2460 for WGK and \$1640 for JFQ) remains in effect. If you have any comments or questions, please call me.

Dick R. A. Miller

/rs

IN-10 REV 11-65

Encls.

K+ DE

#14

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Site R

MCO 0616655

Disposal of disposal Contract

K00031

Monsanto

MONSANTO INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS CO. 800 N. Lindbergh Beulevard St. Louis, Misseyri 63188 Phone: (314) 694-1000

000142

December 29, 1972

Sauget & Company 2700 Monsanto Avenue Sauget, Illinois

RE: EXTENSION OF LEASE

Gentlemen:

Reference is hereby made to that certain Lease dated January 1, 1970, with a term of three years, between Monsanto Company as Lessor and Sauget & Company as Lessee by which Monsanto leased certain lands situated in the Village of Sauget. County of St. Clair. State of Illinois, bounded on the North by Riverview Avenue; on the East by a 230 KV transmission line of Union Electric Company; on the South by other land of Monsanto and on the West by an existing unimproved road, containing approximately 22 acres and more particularly described in said Lease.

This letter will serve to indicate our agreement to extend the term of the above mentioned Lease for an additional period of three years, expiring on December 31, 1975.

All the other terms, conditions and provisions contained in said Lease shall continue in full force and effect during all of said extended term, unless sooner terminated as provided in paragraph 7 of said Lease.

If this letter properly expresses our agreement with respect to the extension of said Lease, please so indicate by

NCO 0616656

s wait of Montanto Company

000143

signing on the line provided below and by returning a copy to the writer.

Yours very truly,

MONSANTO COMPANY

RV

PH

Extension Accepted and Agreed to as of December 29, 1972:

SAUGET & COMPANY

BY_____

000144

AGREEMENT

between

MONSANTO COMPANY

and

SAUGET AND COMPANY

DATED

January 1, 1973

for

Sanitary Landfill

W. G. Krummrich Plant

Sauget, Illinois

0016628

K00034

WASTE DISPOSAL AGREEMENT

This Agreement made and entered into as of the first day of January, 1973, by and between MONSANTO COMPANY, a Delaware corporation, of St. Louis, Missouri (hereinafter called "Monsanto"), and SAUGET AND COMPANY, a Delaware corporation, of 2700 Monsanto Avenue, Sauget, Illinois (hereinafter called "Sauget").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, by an Indenture of Lease dated January 1, 1970, extended by letter agreement dated December 29, 1972, Sauget has leased from Monsanto a tract of land of approximately twenty-two acres located near the east bank of the Mississippi River in the Village of Sauget, Illinois (hereinafter called the "Leased Property"); and

WHEREAS, Sauget proposes to operate on the Leased
Property a sanitary landfill (hereinafter called the "Landfill")
to provide for the disposal of certain chemical waste materials
of Monsanto:

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants herein contained and for good and valuable other consideration,

Monsanto and Sauget hereby agree as follows:

- 1. Operation of Landfill. Sauget shall operate the Landfill on the Leased Property in accordance with the procedures. terms and provisions set forth in the Specifications attached hereto and made a part hereof. Monsanto, at its own expense, shall arrange for the trucking of the chemical wastes from its chemical plants to the site of the Landfill, and for the unloading of such wastes at the Landfill. In disposing of material in said Landfill, Monsanto and all third parties employed by it for such purposes shall comply with all provisions of this Agreement. In the event of any breach of such provisions by any third party, Sauget shall notify Monsanto which shall not thereafter use or employ such third party. Sauget shall furnish and provide all labor and other personnel and all materials and equipment necessary for the proper operation of the Landfill. Monsanto shall notify Sauget of the Monsanto employe (hereinafter called the "Engineer") who is authorized to represent Monsanto under this Agreement.
- 2. Scavenging Forbidden. Under no circumstances shall any materials or containers which have been delivered to the Landfill by Monsanto for disposal be scavenged or retrieved for reuse or resale. Sauget covenants that it will use its best efforts to assure that this prohibition is reasonably implemented.
- 3. <u>Price</u>. In full payment for Sauget's entire performance of its work under this Agreement, Monsanto shall pay to Sauget each month the sum of Four Thousand One Hundred Dollars (\$4,100.00).

4. Payment Procedure. Invoices for the monthly payment shall be submitted to the Engineer by Sauget on or about the first day of each month. The invoices shall be in such form and supported by such evidence as the Engineer may direct, including evidence satisfactory to the Engineer that all payrolls, materials bills and other indebtedness connected with the work under this Agreement to date have been paid. Within twenty days after receipt of such invoice in proper form, Monsanto shall pay to Sauget the amount due for the preceding calendar month.

5. Safety and Miscellaneous Provisions.

- (a) Sauget shall strictly comply with all safety provisions set forth in the Specifications. Sauget shall take all other necessary steps and precautions for the safe operation and maintenance of the Landfill. Sauget shall cause all gates in the fences erected on the Leased Property to be closed and securely locked at all times except during such periods as Sauget shall be conducting operations at the Landfill. During the periods in which the gates and fences are unlocked for the conducting of landfill operations, Sauget personnel shall allow entry only to Monsanto personnel and properly authorized third parties.
- (b) In operating the Landfill, Sauget shall observe and comply with all applicable Federal, State and local laws and regulations.

- (c) In operating the Landfill and performing its work under this Agreement, Sauget shall be an independent contractor and shall have complete control of all of its employes and operations. All personnel employed by Sauget shall be employes of Sauget and not of Monsanto, and Monsanto shall have no right to direct or supervise such personnel.
- (d) Monsanto and Sauget agree that, in the event of changes in the wage rates of Sauget's personnel or the premature need for replacement of Sauget's equipment employed on the work under this Agreement, either party shall have the right to renegotiate the Price specified herein on the anniversary date of this Agreement by giving to the other party at least thirty days' prior written notice of its desire to renegotiate.
- 6. Indemnity Provisions. Sauget shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless Monsanto from and against any and all liability, claims, causes of action, suits, judgments, fines, penalties, losses, damages, costs and expenses of whatever kind or character arising out of injuries to or the death of any person or damage to or destruction of any property, caused by or resulting from or connected with (a) the maintenance or operation of the Landfill unless caused by the sole negligence of Monsanto, or (b) other activities of Sauget pursuant to this Agreement.

- 7. <u>Insurance by Sauget</u>. Sauget shall take out and maintain during the term of this Agreement and for such period thereafter as Monsanto shall specify upon termination, the following insurance:
 - (a) Workmen's Compensation and Occupational Disease Insurance in an amount equal to the limit of liability and in the form prescribed by the laws of Illinois for all of Sauget's employes engaged in work in connection with the operation of the Landfill. To the extent that any such employes are not protected by such a statute, Sauget shall also provide Employer's Liability Insurance in an amount not less than \$500,000 for bodily injury by accident or disease, including death at any time resulting therefrom.
 - (b) Public Liability Insurance covering claims for injuries to or death of persons or damage to or destruction of property arising from the maintenance or operation of said Landfill, whether such operations be by Sauget or any person directly or indirectly employed by Sauget, and covering liabilities assumed by Sauget pursuant to paragraph 6 above. The amount of such insurance shall be not less than: (1) \$200,000 for injury to, or for the death of, any one person; and, subject to the same limitation for each person, in an amount not less than \$1,000,000 on account of any one occurrence; and (11) \$200,000 for damage to property on account of each accident.

(c) Automobile Public Liability and Property Damage Insurance covering all owned or rented automotive equipment used by Sauget in the performance of this Agreement. Such liability insurance shall be in an amount not less than \$200,000 for injury to, or for the death of, any one person, in an amount not less than \$500,000 on account of any one accident. Property damage limits with respect to such insurance shall be not less than \$50,000 for each accident.

Such insurance shall be in a form satisfactory to Monsanto and Sauget shall furnish to Monsanto certificates of such insurance satisfactory to Monsanto. Each contract of insurance shall contain the following clause:

"No reduction, cancellation or expiration of the policies providing the above coverages shall become effective until ten days from the date written notice is actually given to Mr. R. A. Miller, Purchasing Supervisor, Monsanto Company, W. G. Krummrich Plant, Sauget, Illinois."

All policies of insurance shall be countersigned by a duly authorized and accredited agent, or agents, of the carrier residing in the State of Illinois. All insurance shall be carried with insurance companies which, in the case of mutual companies, have a surplus to policyholders in excess of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) and in the case of stock companies, which have total capital and surplus in excess of one million dollars (\$1,000,000).

- 8. Term and Termination. This Agreement shall commence on January 1, 1973 and shall expire on December 31, 1975 unless sooner terminated. This Agreement may be terminated at any time for any reason by either party giving at least thirty days' written notice to the other party of its intention to terminate. A termination of this Agreement shall not relieve Sauget of its obligations as set forth in paragraphs 6 and 7 above.
- 9. Prior Negotiations. This Agreement and the Indenture of Lease of even date herewith sets forth the entire agreement of Monsanto and Sauget with respect to the subject matter hereof. This Agreement shall supersede the Agreement dated January 1, 1970 between Monsanto and Sauget and Company. All prior negotiations regarding the subject matter hereof shall be deemed to be merged herein.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Sauget and Monsanto have each caused this Agreement to be executed by its duly authorized representative as of the day and year first above written.

MONSANTO COMPANY

By P. a miller

SAUGET AND COMPANY

SPECIFICATIONS

OPERATION OF
SANITARY LANDFILL
W. G. KRUMMRICH PLANT
MONSANTO COMPANY
SAUGET, ILLINOIS

dated
January 1, 1973

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Section C - Drawing List

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SECTION A

Operation of Sanitary Landfill

1.0 Scope

1.1 The work to be performed is the operation of a Sanitary Landfill on the River Terminal property owned by Monsanto and leased to Sauget by an Indenture of Lease dated as of January 1, 1973.

2.0 Location

2.1 The Landfill is to be located South of Riverview Avenue and East of Monsanto's river front tank farm. This location is as shown on Drawing D-179-Gl.

3.0 Equipment

3.1 Sauget shall furnish all equipment necessary for the operation of the Sanitary Landfill. This includes the operation and maintenance of such equipment.

4.0 General Operating Instructions

- 4.1 The materials to be encountered in the operation of the Landfill will fall within two groups, i.e., solids and liquids. To facilitate unloading operations within the fill site, the groups shall be separated according to group and unloaded in areas designated by the Engineer.
- 4.2 Liquid materials shall be discharged onto leveled receiving areas approximately 30 feet wide by 120 feet long. These areas shall be enclosed on all four sides by a retaining wall of cover material. The liquid shall then be blended and compacted with sufficient cover material to produce a stable fill. The area shall then be leveled and the retaining walls adjusted to receive the next load of liquid waste.
- 4.3 Solids, i.e., drummed solids and granular materials, shall be deposited in the designated area, covered and compacted. Drums are to be punctured before compacting into the fill.
- 4.4 It shall be understood that occasional tests or trials may become necessary as new types of wastes and new methods of operations are introduced. If such tests indicate a revision in operational procedure, the revision will be adopted as directed by the Engineer.

- 4.5 Cover Material. Cover and filling material will be secured from the Krumurich Plant Power Department, Monsanto's J. F. Queeny Plant Power Department or the fly-ash ponds south of Monsanto's present tank farm area. Material will be trucked to the Landfill and stored as directed by the Engineer.
- 4.6 Appearance and Scavenging. It shall be necessary to keep the Landfill smooth and neat in appearance at all times. No scavenging shall be permitted.
- 4.7 Fire Protection. Hose lines shall be provided at the Landfill at all times. It shall be necessary to wet down the Landfill to control fires and dust. The hose lines shall be connected to the fire hydrants in the River Terminal Area. During the first year of this Agreement Monsanto will install a temporary water line along the fence line at the west side of the Leased Property to connect to two fire hydrants at the Landfill.
- 4.8 Use of Landfill. This Landfill shall be operated by Sauget for the sole use of Monsanto.

SECTION B

MONSANTO COMPANY

SUPPLEMENTARY CONDITIONS

1.0 Job Site Location

1.1 Monsanto Company, William G. Krummrich Plant, Sauget, Illinois.

2.0 Definitions

2.1 The word "Engineer" as used throughout the Specifications means the individual employed by Monsanto and authorized by Monsanto to represent it on this work.

3.0 Responsibility

- 3.1 In all operations under the Agreement, Sauget shall respect, adhere to and comply with all local and general ordinances and laws controlling or limiting in any way actions of those engaged upon the work.
- 3.2 Sauget shall secure and pay for all permits and licenses required by the laws in effect at the time of the execution of the work. Sauget, however, shall notify the Engineer of its intent to secure such permit or license prior to making application to enable Monsanto to determine if such permit or license is actually required under the law.
 - 3.3 Any person employed on the work who shall neglect to obey the regulations imposed by Monsanto or who shall be deemed to be incompetent, or shall be guilty of any disorderly conduct or shall commit any trespass on any public or private property in the vicinity of the work, shall be at once removed from the work by Sauget, when so requested by the Engineer.
 - 3.4 Sauget shall at all times enforce strict discipline and good order among its employes, and shall not employ on the work any unfit person or anyone not skilled in the work assigned to him.

4.0 Interference with Plant Operation

4.1 Sauget shall confine its activities to the areas set aside for it to do its work and shall not interfere with any of Monsanto's activities. Unless specifically authorized by the Engineer, Sauget's employes are prohibited from entering any plant area except those areas to which they are assigned. Prohibited areas for Sauget's employes include operating departments, washrooms, maintenance shops, offices and cafeterias.

5.0 Cameras

5.1 Both taking of pictures and the possession of a camera in the Plant are prohibited.

6.0 Monsanto Equipment

6.1 Monsanto equipment will not be loaned to Sauget's employes.

7.0 Storage of Material

7.1 The receipt and storage of Sauget's materials (not furnished by Monsanto) will be the responsibility of Sauget. Outdoor storage space will be available to Sauget but it will not be permitted to store material except within the areas indicated on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

8.0 Telephone

8.1 Telephone service, if desired, must be arranged and paid for by Sauget.

9.0 Toilet Facilities

9.1 Job toilet facilities may be provided by Sauget. These facilities shall be constructed and used in a manner that will not violate any sanitary regulations or cause any inconvenience or nuisance to Monsanto or its employes. The type of toilet facilities provided by Sauget will be subject to the approval of the Engineer. No facilities are available on the River Front Property.

10.0 Water

10.1 Sauget will furnish suitable drinking water for its personnel. Drinking water is not available on the River Front Property.

11.0 Safety

- 11.1 Sauget shall have read and shall be familiar with the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, as amended, and shall comply fully with all applicable regulations therein during and with respect to its entire performance of this Agreement.
- 11.2 All work or operations must conform with established Monsanto practices in order to insure the maximum in safety and fire precautions. Information concerning such practices in each area will be secured from the Engineer.
- 11.3 All safety and security regulations of Monsanto's Wm. G. Krummrich Plant shall be observed without deviation by all of Sauget's employes. Some of these regulations are listed below.

12.0 Smoking

12.1 Smoking is prohibited in the Plant except in designated posted smoking areas at which locations electric lighters are provided. Having possession of matches or lighters is prohibited. At the discretion of Sauget smoking time may be allowed the workmen but they shall extinguish butts in sand buckets or containers provided before leaving the smoking area.

13.0 Aisles and Exits

13.1 Aisles, safety showers, fire equipment, alleys, streets and exits must be kept free of obstructions.

14.0 Excavations; Overhead Work

- 14.1 Sauget shall provide all guards, barricades, lights, etc., necessary for the safety of Plant operations and personnel.
- 14.2 All excavations shall be barricaded each time Sauget's work-men quit for the day. Openings, ditches, etc., must be roped off and danger signs placed. Adequate danger lighting must be provided at night.

15.0 Traffic Rules

- 15.1 The speed limit is 15 M.P.H.
- 15.2 Vehicles shall stop at all stop signs.
- 15.3 Vehicle and equipment operators shall_observe all railroad crossings and switch signs and follow the instructions on them.

16.0 First Aid

16.1 First aid and emergency treatment for all injuries incurred by Sauget's employes should be received at Monsanto's Dispensary. Sauget shall promptly notify the Engineer of any injury to Sauget's employes and shall assist the Engineer in filling out the Accident Report Form for the Safety Department of Monsanto.

17.0 Fire Protection

17.1 Sauget shall, in all of its operations, conform to all fire regulations in effect for the Wm. G. Krummrich Plant. It shall do no burning, welding, grinding or any other flame or spark-producing operation, operate equipment of any kind or proceed with any work requiring the use of the inflammable substances (such as gasoline, kerosene, paint thinners, or any liquids with closed-cup flashpoint below 110°F.) without first securing a Monsanto fire permit and complying with the conditions and instructions specified thereon. The permits required will be supplied by the Engineer.

' 17.2 Should a hazardous condition develop in the area, Sauget shall, at the request of any Monsanto employe, stop all cutting, welding or other spark-producing activities.

18.0 Fire

- 18.1 Sauget shall familiarize all personnel working directly or indirectly for it with the following rules to be followed in case of fire:
 - 18.1.1 To report a fire go to any plant telephone, dial Station 2000 and give the designation of the building or area in which the fire is located.
 - 18.1.2 If the fire alarm (siren) sounds while personnel are driving in the Plant, they shall pull over to the side of the road and stop.
 - 18.1.3 Visiting at the scene of a fire or accident by personnel other than members of fire or emergency crews is prohibited.
 - 18.1.4 In case of a fire on the job site for which the Fire Department is called, all personnel other than Sauget's supervisors shall immediately leave the area. The supervisors shall keep themselves available to assist the FireDepartment.

19.0 Industrial Hazards

19.1 Sauget shall acquaint itself with the industrial hazards, if any, to be encountered in each particular_area. Information pertaining to such hazards shall be obtained through the Engineer.

20.0 Pipes

20.1 Process piping shall never be used either to support an individual worker or to support staging. If it becomes necessary for a ladder to be leaned against a pipe to accomplish some work, permission of the Engineer shall first be secured.

21.0 Wiring

21.1 No wiring should be cut without consulting the Engineer. Any wire accidentally broken should be reported immediately to the Engineer or Monsanto's Electrical Foreman.

22.0 Clean-up of Job

22.1 Sauget must keep the area of its work clean and promptly remove any excess materials or equipment.

23.0 Use of Intoxicants

23.1 Persons judged to be under the influence of intoxicating beverages will not be admitted into the Plant. The carrying of intoxicating beverages into the Plant is prohibited. Violation of this regulation will result in immediate and permanent removal of the employe from the Plant property.

24.0 Railroad Clearances

24.1 When it is necessary to work adjacent to a switch track care must be taken that equipment and material do not encroach on the clearance area required by law. This is 8'6" on both sides of the track. Overhead clearance is 22 6" above top of the rail. All equipment and materials must be removed from these clearances at the end of each work day unless arrangements have been made to the contrary.

NCO 0616674

SECTION C

Drawing List

The following drawing has been prepared by Monsanto Industrial Chemicals Company, an operating unit of the Monsanto Company:

DRAWING	REV.	DATE	TITLE
D-179-G1	1	12/15/69	River Terminal Property Topographic Survey for Proposed Waste Dump

Treat LOCATION

DATE

WGK

cc: R. J. Stratmeyer

R. W. Kraft

September 2, 1960

C. N. Stutz

SUBJECT

Sanitary Landfill

Operating Supervision

000162

TO: G. W. Hamilton

The first part of August we agreed that you would take over the Operating Supervision of the Sanitary Landfill early in September. Please, let us know your slection of supervision and date we can start training.

The attached "Procedure for Operating Sanitary Landfill" and personal instruction from Ron Kraft should be adequate training for the person whom you may select. After your man is trained, Ron will give operational advise as needed from time to time.

I. W. Sprandel

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Att: 4 copies - Procedure for Operating Sanitary Landfill

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MCO 0616676

Indelines for operating

PROCEDURE FOR OPERATING SANITARY LANDFILL

WM. G. KRUMMRICH PLANT
MONSANTO CHEMICAL COMPANY
MONSANTO, ILLINOIS

MCO 0616677

Prepared By
Plant Improvement and Engineering Dept.
August 1960

PROCEDURE FOR OPERATING SANITARY LANDFILL

Purpose:

The purpose of thisprocedure is to give Monsanto's supervision the basic ideas behind the running of the Sanitary Landfill. These ideas are based on past experience obtained by the Plant Improvement Engineering Department of The Wm. G. Krummrich Plant.

The purpose of the Sanitary Landfill is to furnish to the Wm. G. Krummrich Plant, the J. F. Queeny Plant and to the General Offices a safe place to dispose of their toxic waste materials. At the same time, we will run this dump in orderly and neat manner so the area may be reclaimed for future expansion as the Landfill becomes filled.

Operating Instructions:

The waste materials encountered in the operation of the dump will fall into two categories, i.e., solids and liquids.

Liquid Materials:

Liquid materials are disposed of in soaking ponds 125 feet by 30 feet. These ponds are constructed as level as possible to give a uniform depth of liquid waste. The ponds are enclosed on all four sides by a retaining wall of fill material.

The liquid is discharged into the pond, allowed to cool and crystallize, then blended and compacted with sufficient fill material to produce a stable fill.

The average liquid waste requires a ratio of 3:1 to 5:1 fill to waste. However, if the liquid crystallizes then a ratio of only 1:1 is required.

An intermingling of liquid waste has been necessary during the operation of the Landfill. These intermingled wastes exhibit little or no crystallizing properties. Therefore, materials should not be mixed indiscriminately.

After the waste is blended with fill and compacted the area is levelled and the retaining walls adjusted to receive the next load of liquid waste.

Four or five ponds should be in operation at all times. The ponds should be accessible on at least two sides preferably three. This will allow the drivers to discharge the waste chemicals without danger of the wind blowing toxic fumes back on them.

The Landfill should be planned to be filled from the northwest corner to the southwest corner, i.e., the area on the northwest corner should be filled in first. This will allow rain water to run off of the landfill and will enable the northwest corner to be used for expansion first. However, this does not mean to just fill the northwest corner and leave the rest of the dump at its present level. The rest of the dump should be filled but it should remain at a lower elevation than the northwest corner.

Solid Material:

Solid material, i.e., drummed solids and granular materials should be deposited in the designated area, covered and compacted. Granular material can be deposited in the same manner and area as the liquid material. Drummed solids should be deposited in an area away from the current liquid operation. The drums should be arranged to save space and deliver maximum ground area without stacking. They are then perforated, crushed by walking on them with the tractor, and then covered with fill material. In some cases the tractor operator should wear safety glasses and face shield when performing this operation. If the drums are not perforated they will be more difficult to crush and present a hazard to the tractor operator. (They may break and splash liquid on him.)

Fill Material:

The fill material presently being used is cinders from the Wm G. Krummrich powerhouse. In the past, flyash from the Union Electric flyash ponds, south of the Landfill, was tried. This flyash has been deemed unsuitable because of its poor absorbtion and compaction qualities. It requires 50% more flyash to approach the WGK cinders. To use flyash at this time would require a hauling problem. It would require approximately four hours per day of tractor time to dig and load flyash to be used fill. This would allow the tractor operator only one-half the present time to build and fill soaking beds. Another factor in using flyash is it would produce a dust problem because of its small particle size. However, this could be overcome by wetting the flyash.

Special Handling:

The following materials have to have special handling:

ONCB - Orthonitrochlorobenzene - This material is extremely toxic. During the winter months it is delivered in tank trucks, poured into ponds and allowed to crystallize. It should not be blended with fill until it is crystallized. During the summer months this material will not crystallize. It must either be stored or delivered to the dump in drums. When delivered in drums it must be solid. If the drums are buried immediately the ONCB will remain solid and no problems arise.

Phosphorous - This material burns upon contact with air. The fumes are toxic. Phosphorous must be buried outside of the fenced area. If buried inside of the fenced area it may ignite the other materials deposited in the dump. There is no danger as long as the phosphorous remains covered, however, if it becomes uncovered at a later date it will ignite.

Waste from Dept. 262 - This material is unusually difficult to blend. It requires ratios of 15:1 to 20:1 to blend, even then the fill lacks an acceptable soil bearing condition. Presently, this condition is being corrected by the Department and in the future this material should be easier to handle.

 P_2S_5 - This material should be disposed of outside of the fenced area. It should be dumped and then buried. This material will decompose in about one year and will not cause any future problems.

Other Materials - Other materials both from the Krummrich Plant and the Queeny Plant are handled on routine basis. The tractor operator should direct the disposing of these waste. On occasion some materials coming from the General Office requires special handling. However, before these materials arive someone from the department sending them will inform you how to dispose of this material and what special precautions should be taken.

Test Wells:

There are five test wells located around the landfill. These wells are used to determine if the underground water is being contaminated by percolation of ground water through the overburden. These wells should be sounded and tested on a monthly basis. In the future, we may reduce this requirement to a three month period.

The wells are sounded by lowering the end of a M-Scope into the well until a current is indicated on the amp meter. The depth of the well water can then be determined by reading the depth off of the cord which was lowered into the well. There are two M-Scopes located in the office of the power house.

The well water is tested by lowering a "thief" into the well and bringing up a sample of water. One 1/2 gal. bottle of water is enough of a sample from each well. The sample should be taken to the laboratory and tested for COD, Sulfates, PH, Dissolved Iron, Extractable Organics, Chlorides, and Phenol.

The results of these tests should be forwarded to the Plant Improvement and Engineering Dept.

Contractor: MCD 0616680

The physical operation of the Landfill is contracted to Industrial Salvage and Disposal Corporation. Contact Paul Sauget Bridge 1-4839.

Payment:

Industrial is paid monthly on the following basis:

a. Wages of field personnel employed by Industrial at rates not higher than the standard being paid in the locality. K00056

- b. Materials, supplies, and hand tools consumed by Industrial in operating the Landfill.
- c. A fixed payment of \$445.25 per month to amortize Industrial's cost in purchasing a tractor and dump truck.
- d. The cost of operating and maintaining the tractor and dump truck used by Industrial in operating the Landfill.
- e. Premiums on insurance policies required by the waste disposal agreement.
- f. Other cost and expenses incurred by Industrial with prior written approval of Monsanto's supervision.
- g. A fee of 15% on all of the above expenses except Item c.

Processing Payment:

The monthly statement from Industrial will be submitted to Monsanto on or about the third Friday of each month. This statement will show the fixed payment and the reimbursable costs. In addition to this statement Industrial shall furnish supporting invoices and payroll records. This statement should be processed as soon as possible using the following outline:

- a. Check Industrials' statement to make sure it is free of errors so payment can be made as soon as possible.
- b. Charge 57% of the bill to account 2-03-907.27-804 (Wm. G. Krummrich Plant.)
- c. Charge 2% of the bill to the General Office account 1-00-605.●4
 53.
- d. The other 41% is allocated to several different J. F. Queeny accounts. The breakdown of this 41% is supplied by Mr. Miner of the Queeny Plant. The account number is 2-01-xxx.xx-847. The five x's are supplied by Mr. Miner.

This information will be printed on the front of Industrial's statement and given to the purchasing department.

Non-Toxic Wastes:

Non-toxic wastes are not deposited in the Sanitary Landfill. They are dumped in Leo Sauget's dump. The Landfill is reserved only for toxic and liquid materials.

Estimated Life:

MCD 0616681

Estimated life of the Landfill is between seven and ten years. With the present amount of waste, the Landfill should last about nine years. The Landfill is situated on a 22-acre track and has a usable volumn of 405,000 cubic yards to fill.

Conclusion:

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The Landfill is just getting out of the experimental stages where it can be a self-sustaining operation. There may be from time to time a need for some changes in the method of operation as outlined herein.

However, this procedure will be followed exactly unless specific instructions are given by the Plant Improvement and Engineering Department. No other agency either within the Krummrich Plant or outside of this plant will be followed without prior approval of the Plant Improvement and Engineering Department.

Ronald W. Kraft

/18

OPERATIONS MANUAL

CHEMICAL WASTE DISPOSAL AND USE OF THE KRUMMRICH PLANT CHEMICAL WASTE LANDFILL

I. PURPOSE

This procedure establishes control measures for the safe and environmentally acceptable disposal of chemical process waste materials. It is also intended to insure that such disposal methods are consistent with all applicable state and federal environmental protection agency regulations.

II. POLICY

The Krummrich Plant chemical waste landfill is to be used for the safe and efficient disposal of various approved non-hazardous, solid form, Monsanto generated, chemical wastes as allowed by Illinois and Federal E.P.A. regulations. Other chemical residues are to be disposed of by incineration at the Krummrich Plant liquid waste incinerator or by an approved waste disposal contractor. Illinois regulations limit landfill disposal to Monsanto owned chemicals on Monsanto owned land.

III. SCOPE

All Monsanto locations utilizing the Krummrich Plant chemical landfill are covered by this procedure. This procedure does not cover operation of the Village of Sauget trash landfill.

IV. RESPONSIBILITIES

A. GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT - DISTRIBUTION AND SERVICES - KRUMMRICH PLANT

Responsibile for all phases of the physical disposal of chemical wastes in the landfill. Specifically, these responsibilities include:

- 1. The health and safety of Monsanto personnel while within the landfill.
- 2. The administration of expenses incurred in operating the landfill.
- 3. The most economical use of the available area.

MCG 0616683

000170

IV. RESPONSIBILITIES (Cont'd)

- A. GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT DISTRIBUTION AND SERVICES KRUMMRICH PLANT (Cont'd)
 - 4. Insuring that only approved Monsanto generated chemical wastes are disposed of in the landfill.
 - 5. The evaluation of future requirements, life of present operation, future actions in acquisition of land, rental, etc.
 - 6. Hauling of drummed materials to landfill.

In addition, the General Superintendent of Distribution and Services will have responsibility for specifying proper labeling, shipping container and mode of shipment for all chemical wastes being shipped to a waste disposal contractor.

B. GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT OF MAINTENANCE

1. Responsible for hauling of solid form wastes to landfill and administration of cost of same.

C. APPROPRIATE PRODUCTION GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT - KRUMMRICH PLANT

- Responsible for surveying new and existing chemical processes and reporting volumes of chemical waste materials expected per week, month and year.
- Responsible for identifying and reporting any significant change in the type or volume of waste materials, as well as any new waste materials generated.
- D. GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT TECHNICAL SERVICES KRUMMRICH PLANT, OR OTHER DESIGN RESPONSIBILITY

RESPONSIBILITIES:

- Survey existing facilities and take appropriate actions to minimize the amounts of waste materials generated.
- 2. Survey new chemical processes during the design and evaluation stage. Take the necessary actions to insure that the amount of waste products generated will be minimized and to make certain that the design of the plant includes facilities to handle chemical wastes according to plant practice and capabilities.

000171

IV. RESPONSIBILITIES (Cont'd)

- D. GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT TECHNICAL SERVICES KRUMMRICH PLANT, OR OTHER DESIGN RESPONSIBILITY (Cont'd)
 - 3. Provide assistance in determination of physical properties and chemical characteristics of chemical waste materials.
- E. W. G. KRUMMRICH PLANT ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL GROUP WASTE DISPOSAL SPECIALIST

RESPONSIBILITIES:

- 1. Interpretation of data on toxicity and physical and chemical characteristics of waste materials.
- Initiation of actions and studies to obtain additional information as required, such as toxicity screening, leachate studies, etc.
- 3. Maintenance of contacts with disposal contractors to ascertain their ability to dispose of a given waste product.
- 4. Determination of proper and acceptable disposal method.
- 5. Notification of appropriate personnel of the expected aspects of other wastes in the landfill together with special precautions needed for their disposal.
- Obtaining of necessary approvals from Monsanto Corporate, Medical, legal, and M.I.C.C. Environmental control support groups.
- 7. Preparation and handling of all correspondence with Environmental Control Regulatory Agencies.
- 8. Collection of water samples periodically from observation wells around the landfill and have them analyzed for possible contaminants.

F. OTHER MONSANTO FACILITIES

MCD 0616686

These installations are responsible for appointing liaison personnel. Such personnel will initiate requests for permission to utilize the Krummrich plant chemical landfill. Additionally, he is responsible for:

 Providing such information and samples as are requested by the Krummrich Plant Waste Specialist.

IV. RESPONSIBILITIES (Cont'd)

000172

F. OTHER MONSANTO FACILITIES (Cont'd)

- Arranging for transportation of such wastes to the landfill and responsible for the cost of same.
- 3. Arranging for payment of an appropriate share of the expenses incurred in the operation of the landfill.

V. PROCEDURE

A. The Production General Superintendent or Monsanto Liaison personnel shall identify and determine the expected volume of chemical residue that will be generated as a result of a process change, rate increase, special operation, or new process addition.

A request for a waste disposal method shall then be made to the W.G.K. Environmental Control Group, Waste Control Specialist.

- B. The Waste Control Specialist will make such studies and investigations as he deems advisable. He may request additional data on physical and chemical characteristics, and may initiate toxicity screening studies, leachate tests and treatability studies. He will contact various approved disposal contractors to discuss the feasibility of disposal at their facilities.
- C. The Waste Disposal Specialist will select the best method of disposal and obtain all necessary approvals. He will then adivse the appropriate Production General Superintendent, the Plant Technical Services and the General Superintendent, and the General Superintendent of Distribution and Services of the approved disposal method.
- D. If disposal is to be through a waste disposal contractor, the Environmental Control Group Waste Control Specialist will initiate the necessary arrangements in conjunction with Monsanto Purchasing Agent.
- E. The General Superintendent of Distribution and Services will adivse the originator as to the required actions to insure safe and efficient handling, make arrangements at the landfill if applicable, and advise of proper labeling and shipping methods.

APPROVED BY SUPERINTENT:
Distribution & Services
Personnel

R. W. Flint, Plant Manager

K00066

 FROM INAME & LOCATION	Robert L. Harness - Wm. G.	Krummrich	Plant		
BATE	August 5, 1974		Hodges Nemeth		
 SUBJECT	Inspection of Landfills by the Illinois Environmental	M.R.	Foresman		
PEFERENCE	Protection Agency				
TO :	G.L. Bratsch A. Gallion G.A. Hippe P.E. Heisler C.F. Buckley				

Last week an Illinois Environmental Protection Agency official, Mr. Kenneth Mensing, from the Collinsville office, visited the Monsanto Chemical Waste Landfill and the Sauget Trash Landfill. In a telephone conversation with Mike Foresman, he indicated that he was satisfied with our operations in both cases.

Mr. Mensing was informed by the guard, at the chemical landfill, that as of July 19th, we were depositing only solid wastes in the landfill. This satisfied him to the point that he elected not to inspect the landfill itself. We later confirmed this with Mr. Mensing and assured him that only non-hazardous, solid wastes, generated by Monsanto, were being landfilled.

Mr. Mensing stated that under this conditions, we could, in fact, operate the landfill without a permit.

This is not a final ruling from the Environmental Protection Agency, but is certainly a step in the right direction with the local office.

Mr. Mensing said we would be informed prior to their next inspection.

Robert L. Harness Environmental Control

dm

No. 2 875 1 72

APPENDIX C

Index of Documents

Memo dated 10/27/75 re IEPA landfill inspection - chemical composition (000174 to 000178)

Memo dated 6/4/74 re toxicity studies (000179 to 000180)

Memo dated 7/19/74 re chemical disposal (000181)

Memo dated 7/19/74 re landfill operation (000182 to 000184)

Progress report dated 7/24/68 landfill material quantity (000185 to 000186)

000174

DATE		October 27, 1975 cc:		Heisler Buckley
133LBUB	•	ILL. EPA INSPECTION OF LANDFILL	M.R.	Foresman Smith
REFERENCE	•	Memo Oct. 10, 1975 R.L.H. to	B.R.	Williams Nemeth

Robert L. Harness - William G. Krummrich Plant

TO

R.W. Flint
A. Gallion
P.S. Park
D.B. Hosmer
M.A. Pierle

As outlined in the above referenced memo, the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency followed their landfill site inspection with a plant visit to W.G.K. On October 24, 1975, Dale Montgomery of the Collinsville Land Pollution Control Surveillance Office, and Mark Taylor of the Springfield Land Pollution Control Section visited W.G.K. to discuss two items:

- a) A list of materials being disposed of in the chemical landfill.
- b) Landfill operation and control procedures.

In answer to their inquiries, I supplied them with a list of landfil materials, (reviewed by Corporate Law and MICC Environmental Protection), and verbally described a) our screening process involving corporate medical to determine which items are suitable for landfill; b) our procedures for transporting materials from the plant to the landfill; and c) our control measures to insure that only approved materials go to the landfill.

Their response to the above was as follows:

- a) In reviewing the list, both Mr. Montgomery and Mr. Taylor stated that they did not recognize any material of an obviously hazardous nature. Mr. Taylor was present specifically for this reason.
- b) They seemed quite satisfied with our procedure for determining which materials are "non-hazardous", and consequently approved for landfill.
- c) They likewise seemed satisfied with our security procedures, and with our ability to control the use of the landfill to approved items only.
- d) Mr. Montgomery stated that the Illinois EPA was actively working to prohibit landfill operations in Mississippi River flood plain areas. Despite his initial observation that our landfill wastes

seemed "non-hazardous", he stated that the Agency would "probably" officially notify us that we were being cited for disposal of hazardous wastes in an un-authorized (no permit issued) site, and furthermore that they would under no circumstances issue a permit for this site. To this I replied that Monsanto had reviewed each item on the landfill list in detail to insure that it was "non-hazardous", and would not prohibit us from operating the landfill under the permit exclusion clause in the Illinois Act.

- e) Mr. Montgomery offered to discuss alternate landfill sites which would be acceptable to the Illinois EPA. We agreed that this would be best done at a later date.
- f) The EPA will be collecting water samples from the landfill test wells on Tuesday, October 28, 1975. This has been done on several other occasions.

The meeting ended on a positive note. Mr. Montgomery stated that he would review our situation, and discuss his decision with me prior to taking any action. He told me that no "crash program" would be enforced on us, but did not indicate any timing for activity on their point. He was very inconclusive at this point, and led me to believe that he was giving equal thought to approving our present operations.

At this point, I recommended that we continue to operate the landfill as we are presently doing, and take no action until further notice by the EPA.

Let me know if you have questions.

Robert L. Harness

Environmental Control

Wm. G. Krummrich Plant

/db

THIS LIST WE PROMISE TO THE

CONFIDENTIAL

000176

WASTE MATERIALS DISPOSED OF AT MONSANTO/SAUGET LANDFILL SITE

- l. Stabilizer Residue
 - 50% Aromatic Tars
 50% Inorganic Iron and Sulfur Compounds
- 2. Spent Vanadium Catalyst
- 3. Vacuum Distillation Residue
 - 90% Aromatic Tars
 - 5% Potassium Chloride
 - 5% Potassium Carbonate
- 4. Phosphate Ester Residue
 - 70% Polymerized Phosphate Ester
 - 18% Organic Tars
 - 12% MgCl₂
- 5. Dry Bleach Scrap Product
- 6. Phosphorus Pentasulfide Scrap Product
- 7. Spent Activated Carbon
- 8. Sludge from chlor-alkali sulfide treatment system, and gyp from brine treatment.
- 9. Filter Mud
 - 83% Lime
 - 15% Dicalite Filter Aid
 - 2% Dye Residue
- 10. Still Residue
 - 30% Phenacetin
 - 60% Organic Tars
 - 10% P-chloracetanilid

11. Still Residue

40% Methyl Salicylate

20% Organic Tars

40% Hydroxy Isophthalate

12. Asprin Powder Scrap

13. Process Residue

85% Sulfones

15% Toluene Sulfonyl Chloride

14. Process Residue

100% Toluene Sulfonamides

15. Filter Cake

97% Carbon

3% Organics

16. Still Residue

20% Iso-Ethavan

30% Ethavan Dialdehyde

50% Organic Tars

17. Process Residue

17% Zinc Chloride

83% Phthalylchloride Fractions

18. Filter Cake

50% Filter Cake

20% Carbon

20% Alumina

10% Solka Flock

19. Filter Cake

MCD 0616696

50% Dicalite Filter Aid 50% Plasticizer

20. Filter Cake

- 50% Santicizer 8
48% Dicalite Filter Aid
2% Carbon

21. Process Residue

80% Benzoic Acid Residue 20% Organic Tars

22. Process Residue

50% Polyethylene Glycol 40% Trimethoxy - Benzaldehyde

23. Santolite MS or MHP

Scrap Product

FROM INAME & LOCATION

Robert L. Harness, William G. Krummrich Plant

June 4, 1974

G. A. Hippe/P. E. Heisler/ P. B. Hodges/C. F. Buckley

-

Toxicity Studies of WGK Residues

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TO

Dr. Frederick R. Johannsen

Fred,

Per our telephone conversation of June 4, 1 am sending you the following samples of wastes inteded for disposal at the Sauget toxic landfill.

PNA filter mud (one sample jar) composition: 83% Ca(OH)2 15% Dicalite (filter aid) 2% Para Nitro Aniline

2. GYP and Sulfide Sludge (two sample jars) composed of mercury sulfide from the in plant treatment process. The samples I am sending have not been dewatered. We plan to dewater the sludge by filtration before landfilling in the future.

Lapilizer Residue (one bot composition: 30% Fe Cl₃
20% Sulfur 3. Stabilizer Residue (one bottle)

MCD 0616698

50% Chlorinated Benzene

composition: complex phosphate ester with some crescylic acid and Mg Cla. This is not the same as the TPP residue analized previously.

We also plan to landfill a residue called Orthene Still bottoms, but a sample will not be available for several months. This materia: will be similar to the Stabilizer residue above, in that it will be primarily chlorinated benzene tars. I'll get a sample for you as soon as it is available.

Pinally, as we discussed, I am not sending samples of the following chemical wastes which in composition are essentially identical to their final product form:

- 1. ACL scrap material (mostly ACL 66 and 85 that has become contaminated with dirt, grease, etc.)
- 2. Phosphorous Pentasulfide (scrap material that has been spilled during manufacturing). **6** 02048

June 4, 1974 Page two

Dr. Frederick R. Johannsen

3. Spent Carbon (carbon from a filter bed used to remove trace impurities including mercury, from a hydrogen gas stream).

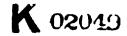
Let me know if you still feel we have adequate toxicity information on the above.

Thanks for your help. Let me know if you need further information.

Robert L. Harness Environmental Control

Group

RLH:ejh



m July 1

July 19, 1974

e H. J. Smid

A. E. Peterson

D. C. Malm

CHEMICAL WASTE FOR SAUGET LANDFILL

TO: Robert L. Harness - WGK

This memo confirms our telephone conversation relative to the verbal approval given by Dr. Frederick Johannsen of the Medical Department on 7/19/74 for the disposal of the following JFQ wastes at the present time to the Sauget Landfill.

n/r≠ ~ 310 Phenacetin Residue

7/VL - 316 Hethyl Salicylate Residue

40 319 Aspirin Powder

7/4 - 335 TSC1 Residue

1/24 2336 Tech. Amides

7/~ ~ 343 Refined Amide Filter Cake

7/r~ ~ 354 Ethavan Still Pesidue

7/24 ~ 373 Benzoic Residue

∠ 389 TMB Residue

389 Sant. HHP or MS
- Lab solid waste

We are awaiting the completion of tests for approval to dispose of other wastes.

J. F. Nemeth

:mj l

8/21/74

Ber Filter Cake Vanadium Catalyst

Sant. 8 Ray . Filter Cake Sout. 8 Sp. Filter Cake

Attalyl CI Still Res.

0559 FiltiCaki

FROM INAME & LOCATION	Robert L. Harness - William G. Krummrich Plant								
DATE	July 19, 1974	cc P.E. Heisler C.F. Buckley							
BUBJECT	Operation of Chemical Waste Landfill	P.B. Hodges F.R. Johannsen							
AEFERENCE		M.R. Foresman D.C. Armstrong							
TO :	F. Regula W. Krull J. Stal G. Johnson D. Dealy W. Ban J. Labanosky S. Henderson T. Rasmussen D. Geib J. Grant R. Ganote G. Davis J. Petterson J. Smith	E.R. Billen G.L. Bratsch E.C. Chrisman C.N. Deubner W.C. Engman G.J. Geers J.F. Hart G.A. Hippe H.J. Horner J.C. Hume A.E. Leisy D.K. Lynch A. Gallion D.B. Redington L.W. Sprandel R.M. Stovall G.W. Watson B.R. Williams							

OBJECTIVE

To summarize the Krummrich Plant chemical residues which will be disposed of in the Sauget landfill after July 19, 1974, and to summarize the guidelines for future landfill considerations.

BACKGROUND

The Illinois Pollution Control Board regulations which became effective July 19, 1974, permit use of the landfill only for disposal of non-hazardous, solid wastes. Toxicity studies, physical data and leachate information has been collected to determine which Krummrich Plant wastes fall into this classification. Alternate disposal means were then found for liquid, or hazardous wastes. Similar efforts were undertaken for Queeny Plant and G.O. research wastes.

CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

1. The following WGK wastes have been approved for disposal at our landfill:

Page 2 F. Regula et. al. July 19, 1974

DEPAR	TMENT	WASTE	FORM		
,	15/4R -1975				
	2,200,000	PNA Filter Mud	Dumpster Box		
- 731	3,000,000	Gyp and Sulfide Sludge filter cake	Dumpster Box		
- 235 - 245	13,000	Spent Carbon	Dumpster Box		
- 245	200,000	P ₂ S ₅ Scrap	Dumpster Box		
 251	35,000	AC1 scrap	Dumpster Box		
- 248	700,000	TPP Residue	Drums		
- 255	1,650,000	4-NDPA Residuê	Drums		
LAB	80,000	Solids	Drums		
– 233	18,000	Stabilizer Residue	Drums		

Supervision at the landfill has been instructed to the fact that only the above items are to be accepted.

2. Additions or changes to this list will have to be handled on an individual basis. Please contact me as far in advance as is possible to discuss a suitable disposal means.

Please call me if you have questions.

Bob

Bob Harness Environmental Control Station 542

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		9	HENICAL WASTE DIS	POSAL			Figure 1
DISPOSAL METHOD	COST CENTER WASTE PRODUCT	VOLUME M LOS/YR.	SHIP	DISPOSAL SITE		UP DISPOSAL	
	J910 Phonocetin Still Residue J4316 Hethyl Sal.Still Res. J4316 Hethyl Sal.Still Res. J4319 Aspirin Powder J4335 T3C1 Residue J4336 Tech.Amides J43 Refn.Amide Filter Coke J4336 Tech.Amide Filter Coke J4363 Phtholyl Cl Still Res. J4363 Dimer Filter Coke J4363 DS-152 Filter Coke J4364 DPP Filter Coke J4364 DPP Filter Coke J4366 Sent. 1-H Filter Coke J4366 Sent. 8 Filter Coke J4366 Sent. 8 Filter Coke J4367 Denzolc Residue J4389 MP-BC1 Residue J4389 THB Residue J4389 Sent.HMP er HS	100 10 12 566 18 36.5 33 25 9.4 2.2 .6 2 .3 15.0 .7 7.5 3.2 4.4 80 2.5 .5 7	44 Get. LVP 55 Get. Drum 44 Get. LVP 55 Get. Brum	Sauget			ACTION/PROJECTS BY 7/11/74
	306 PHP Residue 385 DCA Residue 385 PCE Residue 389 C-22 Residue	15 120 535 2.2 672.2 672.2	55 Gal. Drum 55 Gal. Drum 55 Gal. Drum 55 Gal. Drum	Texes Texes Texes Texes	incin. Roi incin. Roi incin. Roi	llins	Proj.13130 Drumming & Exh. S
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F.W. CODANAS	JUR SAVAGE	H.E. HOWARD	; ;	THE PERSON OF TH
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TITLE	Waste Disposel	Sanitery Land Fill		
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TECHNICAL SERVICES DEPARTMENT JOHN F. QUEENY PLANT

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J. F. QUEENY PLANT WASTE DISPOSAL TO SANITARY LAND FILL AT WCK PLANT (Cubic Yards)

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Oct.	148	28	19	34			68			59				84				6
Nev.	152	55	25				81			47				168				
Dec.	182	11	25	6			81			53				146	•			
1968		-0											, .					
Jan.	153	28	25	17			93			144				196				
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APPENDIX D

Index of Documents

Letter dated 2/25/80 re site description (000187 to 000190)

Notes dated 11/9/79 re site description (000191)

Progress report dated 4/8/71 re volumetric calculations (000192 to 000194)

Chart dated 1/1/68 re volumetric calculations (000195 to 000199)

Letter dated 8/16/68 re list of chemicals and quantities (000200 to 000202

Letter dated 11/27/72 re list of chemicals and quantities (000203 to 000204)

Memo dated 1/27/77 re list of chemicals and quantities (000205 to 000207)

Notes on Eckhardt survey (000208 to 000211)

Lists dated 2/10/77 re Queeny Plant 1976 disposal (000212 to 000214)

Progress Report dated 1/3/69 re characterization of materials (000215 to 000219)

Progress Report dated 8/20/70 re composition and volume of materials (000220 to 000222)

Report dated 5/18/81 re EPA notification of hazardous waste site (000223 to 000226)

Memo dated 4/3/74 re composition and quantity of materials (000227 to 000230)

(618) 345-0700

Refer to: St. Clair County - LPC 163 121 02 - Sauget/Monsanto

February 25, 1980

Richard Sinise Environmental Control Section Honsanto, Krummrich Plant Sauget, Illinois 62201

Dear Mr. Sinise:

i am writing this letter as a result of your telephone conversation with John DeSelm of this Agency on February 22, 1980.

The Illinois Environmental Protection Agency is compiling information on sites listed in the Eckhart Report. This report, you will recall, requested basic information on disposal practices of major U. S. companies of which Monsanto was one.

The information IEPA is requesting concerning your on-site disposal facilities is:

- location (a diagram of the plant grounds locating the facilities would be helpful)
- geologic and hydrogeologic information
- monitoring capabilites
- facility design criteria
- disposal practices (i.e.; landfill, open dump, burning, was daily cover applied, etc.)
- closure procedures and post closure monitoring (if any)
- time frame the facility was used
- composition of waste streams disposed
- quanity of waste streams disposed

Any of the above information or other pertinent information you can supply will be appreciated. Thank you for your time and consideration.

Sincerely.

Kenneth G. Mensing, Southern Region Manager Land Field Operations Section Division of Land/Noise Pollution Control MCO 0616712

KGM:JJD:IIr

cc: Division File Southern Region KM

10 -

Monsanto

MONSANTO CHEMICAL INTERMEDIATES CO. Sauget, Illinois 62201 Phone: 618) 271-5835

March 3, 1980

Ken G. Mensing
Southern Region Manager
Division of Land/Noise Pollution Control
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
115 A West Main
Collinsville, IL 62234

Dear Mr. Mensing:

Enclosed are the landfill closure documents that were filed with the St. Clair Recording Office. This meets W.G. Krummrich's requirement concerning Rule 318(c) of the Solid Waste Regulations.

Sincerely,

Richard H. Sinise

RHS: bag

Enclosure

cc: P.H. Smith P. E. Heisler

MCO 0616715

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AFFIDAVIT OF RICHARD H. SINISE

RICHARD H. SINISE, Environmental Control Engineer, at Monsanto Company's W. G. Krummrich Plant located in Sauget. Illinois, first being duly sworn, upon his oath, states as follows:

- (1) That pursuant to Illinois Solid Waste Regulations, Chapter 7, Rule 318(C), a detailed description of the Monsanto Company W. G. Krummrich Plant industrial waste landfill site, located in Sauget, Illinois ("Site"), along with a plat of the Site area is provided herewith to be placed on file in St. Clair County, in the Recorder of Deeds Office.
- (2) That the Site is located on a tract of land composed of portions of the accretions to the Third Subdivision of the Cahokia Commons in United States Survey No. 739, St. Clair County, Illinois, and described as beginning at the point of intersection of the southwestern line of Riverview Avenue (vacated), 70 feet wide, as established by Ordinance No. 122 of the Village of Monsanto, Illinois (now Sauget, Illinois) and vacated by Ordinance No. 436, with the northwestern line of the 230 K.V. Transmission Line Easement for Union Electric Fower Company recorded in Book 1284, page 28 of the St. Clair County Recorder of Deeds Office; thence running in a generally southwestwardly direction two bearings and distances for a total distance of 2011.08 feet along the northwestern line of said Union Electric Power Company Easement to a point marked by a 2" diameter pipe; thence northwestwardly on a line parallel with the southwestern line of Riverview Avenue (vacated) a distance of 430 feet to a point from which a 2" diameter pipe bears northwest 3 feet; thence northeastwardly 2015 feet to a point of intersection with the southwestern line of Riverview Avenue (vacated), that point being :55 feet northwestwardly from the point of beginning: thence 455 feet to the point of the point of beginning; thence 455 feet to the point of beginning.
- (3) That a plat of the Site is attached hereto as Exhibit A, on which is marked with a solid black line a location which corresponds with the description set forth in paragraph (2) above.
- (4) That the Site contains various industrial wastes generated as a result of chemical manufacturing operations.

Richard H. Sinise W. G. Krummrich Environmental Control Engineer

Subscribed and sworn to me this ____day of December, 1979, by RICHARD H. SINISE, who personally appeared before me and is known to me to be the person described in and who executed the foregoing Affidavit, and acknowledged that he executed the same as his free act and deed, and that the information contained therein is true to the best of his knowledge and belief knowledge and belief.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal.

My commission expires ______ Notary Prolic

Sauget, Minois 62201 (618) 271-5835 August 16, 1968

Mr. C. W. Klassen Technical Secretary State of Illinois Sanitary Water Board Springfield, Illinois 62706

Dear Mr. Klassen:

In reply to your letter of August 7, 1968, I have the following information which you need to set up a monitoring program for our industrial waste disposal site.

In general we deposit at this site those wastes which would add to the sludge load at the waste treatment plant or would dissolve in our wastewater and add to the phenol content, C.O.D. or color of the final effluent. Chemically, they fall into 6 main groups:

- 1. Phenols
- 2. Aromatic Nitro Compounds
- 3. Aromatic Amines and Nitro Amines (highly colored)
- 4. Chlorinated aromatic hydrocarbons
- 5. Aromatic and aliphatic Carboxylic acids
- 6. Condensation or reaction products of the above

A more detailed list of sources and quantities follows:

1. Still Residues - tars, condensation and decomposition products of doubtful composition but with some of the primary product remaining.

From the Distillation of:

Approx. Annual Amount

a.	Phenol	1,020	Cu.	yás.
ъ.	Chlorophenol			yćs.
c.	Nitro-Aniline and similar compounds	1,700	Cu.	7º25.
	Chlorobenzol (Tri-Tetrachlor)	130	Cu.	yds.
	Chloro aniline	1,100	Cu.	yas.
f.	Other aniline derivatives	. 200	Cu.	yds.
g.	Nitro benzene derivatives	100	Cu.	yds.
ň.	Aromatic carboxylic acids			
	(Maleic, Phthalic, etc.)	1,500	Cu.	ÿds.
i.	Chlorophanol Ether			vas.

. ċ.	W. Kla	ssen -2-	August 16,	1968
2.	By-Pro	ducts	• .	. •
	a. b. c.	" " " Dichlorophenol Waste Maleic Anhydride	3,000 730	Cu. yds. Cu. yds. Cu. yds.
3.	Contan	inated Water and Acids -		
	a. b.	(0-15%) Waste Sulfuric acid with chloropheno	7,200	Cu. yds.
	c.	presen Caustic Soda Solution with chlorophenol presen	•	Cu. yds.
4.	Waste	Solvents		
	•	Waste Methanol contaminated with Mercaptans Waste Isopropanol - Water and		Cu. yds.
	c.	and Materials	its	Cu. yds.
•	d.	Oily Materials from Oil Additive Production	101	Cu. yds.
5.	Filter	Sludge -	:	
	a. b.	from Alkyl Benzene filtration		Cu. yds.
_		production.	1,000	Cu. yds.
6.		ed Samples and Waste resulting . aking samples -	•	

Chlorophenols
Laboratory Samples (Everything)

Mr. C. W. Klassen

0616731

72 Cu. yds. 208 Cu. yds.

-3∸

August 16, 1968

7. Miscellaneous Wastes -

These consist of spoiled material, floor sweepings, sludge from cleaning equipment and storage tanks etc which would cause problems if sewered. They are mostly reaction products of the above materials eg Esters of phenols or aliphatic alcohols with carboxylic acids such as phthallic, Maleic, or Benzoic acid, Anilides, Sulphonated phenols or other aromatics.

The relative quantities of these materials will necessarily vary according to sales of particular products and there will be additions to and deletions from this list. However, the general chemical classification will remain much the same.

Please let me know if you need any additional information.

Very truly yours,

J. R. McClain Plant Manager

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a tract of land composed of fortions - the accretions to the Third Suldivision of the Calakia Commons in United States Genery no. 739 St. Clair County, Illinois, and described as beginning at the point of intersection of the southwestern line of Reverview levenie, 70 feet wike, as established by Ordinary M. 122 of The Spllage of moreants, selions (now Sauget, selioning with the northwestern line of the 230 KV. Transmission Line Easement for Union Electric Power Company recorded in Book 1284, Page 28 of the St Clair County, Illinois, line of send there running south -line of send their electric Power Company Essent to a point; there northwestwardly on a line parallel with the southwester line of Riverview avenue a distance of 430 feet to a point; there northeastwardly & 015 test line to a point of intersection total the southwestern line of Riverview avenue, that point being 455 feet northupstwardly from the point of

Sandfill description given to R. Siniae 11/9/79 to use in good recordings of landfill

PROGRESS REPORT

JOHN F. QUEENY PLANT
TECHNICAL SERVICES DEPARTMENT

ESTIMATE NO LANDFILL						
JOB NUMBER						
	370-E-47					
REPORT NO						
	104					
DATE						

1./2/71

			4/6/	/	-
JOHN !	F QUEENY PLANT	GENERAL OFFICES	OTHER		
DL. AYNARDI DJ. BERTOGLIO BR. M. BURR BJ. D. CLARK DF. W. COPANAS DK. M. FRANK DJ. D. GARRISON DP. F. GATENS DR. A. GEISMAN SG. A. MIPPE DM. J. KAUSCH BJ. F. Nemeth BJ. F. Reager	SD. C. MALM (2) E. D. MALONE D. E. MUNIE D. B. REDINGTON J. E. RODGERS J. L. SOLARI E. F. TAKE SB. L. TILFORD RR. L. WIESE DW. J. WILSON DG. R. WOOD TED FILE	D. DANNA (4) D. J. HOLZAPFEL D. B. HOSMER DR. E. HOWARD M. P. LUX BUSINESS GRP. DIR. () MANUFACTURING MGR. () RESEARCH MGR. () BUSINESS GRP. ENG. MGR.	Dw. C. ROOS/T. M. PATRICE O. DEGARMO/J. F. QUINN DJ. C. LANDWEHR - ANN. DH. L. WILLIAMS - NITRO DJ. F. WINKLER - BRIDGEPORT DL. J. GILBERT - EVERETT DO. W. JACKSON - WGK P. B. HODGES-GO M. FORESMAN-WGK M. E. Batz -GO	00000	000192

To Receive Details Section

To Receive Summary Only

TITLE

JFQ Solid Waste Disposal

PERSONNEL :

L. D. Lorts (A. E. Peterson)

PROBLEM.

Determine the volume and cost of liquid residue and solid waste disposal at JFQ during 1970.

SUMMARY

12.54 \bar{m} lbs. of liquid residues and solid wastes were disposed of at the VGK toxic dump and the Sauget landfill. During 1970 the total cost of disposal of this waste was \$127,709 (\$61,795 hauling, \$21,444 landfill operation, and \$44,549 for drums).

WGK Toxic Dump	lbs/year	1bs/year
 In drums In trailers & tanks 	4,949,865 4,430,280	
	9,380,145	9,380,145
Sauget Landfill (Trash Only)		
1. In dumpster boxes	3,161,600	3,161,600
Tot	ai	12,541,745

/kk

MCO 0616719

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

K00007

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Table I details the volume of chemical waste disposed of at the WGK toxic dump, from JFQ in 1970.

TABLE 1

DEPT.	MATER	TRAILERS &	DRUMS	
	Flonia	SOLID	TANKS-LBS/YEAR	LDS/YEAR
C-5		O & P Chloroaniline, O & P Phenetidine, & O & P Anisidine tars.		1,871,328
53	Benzoic Acid Residue		865,280	
55	TSC1 Residue			938,896
49		Spent Catalyst		163,295
62	DCA & MCB Still Residue		1,004,344	
54		Off grade BPA	-	6,787
A-5	ONCB & DNCB Residue		1,833,436	
32	Phthalyl Chloride Residue, Carbon, & Filter			22,624
d Bldg	Methyl Mercaptol, Santo- lube 394-0, CP 53619 Tech., Phosgard-C22 R, Santolube 450, & Phos- gard 2xc -20	Aspirin, FH-132, BMT, Santowhite powder, & O-Nitroaniline		1,908,334
35	H ₂ S -lye - H ₂ O Solu- tion	Filter Aid	247,220	38,600
50	Phenol Residue		480,000	

370 - E-47 Report No. 104 3/25/71 Page 3

The hauling and disposal cost of waste from JFQ in 1970 is detailed in Table 2.

TABLE 2

WGK Toxic Dump		\$/Year	\$/Year
1. Dutside truckers		22,095	
2. Drum costs (<u>4.95m #/yr</u> (500 #/drum 3. Landfill charges	(\$4.50/drum)	44,549 18,144;	
y, Landinin and gas		85.083	85,083
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0,,000
Sauget Lendfill			.•
 JFQ dumpster truck Landfill charges 		39,700 3,000	
		1,2,700	42,700
	Total .		127,703

Breakdown of Waste Handled at Krummrich's Sanitary Landfill Operation (Cu. Yds./Year)

_	
63	

Queeny Combustible <u>Liquids</u>	Combustible Solid	Non-Combustible Liquid 85-90% H20	Non-Combustible Chemical Solids	Non-Combustible
3010	2406		370	<u>Trash</u>
Krummrich				U
80 (drummed) 3500	(120) (drummed) 4728 (Dumpster, 50% combustible)	50 (drummed) 1332 (Dumpster)	Unknown 4
	6700	36,648 (diluted phenolic waste)	•	
6590	13,954	36,648	1752	

Research and General Offices

255 (drummed)

Total Cu. Yds. to be Disposed = 59,289 Cu. Yd./Year

TABLE 2 SOLID WASTE CHARACTERIZATION MATERIAL IN DRUMS

	DEPT	Volume			Combustibles	Viscosity	рH	Composition	Toxic	7
	DEFI	Gal/Mo.	Drums/Mo.	Lbs/No.	lbs/mo.	''Amblent"				
landfil	Lab		65		1,000			Samples, Bottles,glass	Yes	
Louth	283	1650	30	16,500	16,500	Solid		Oil Additives	No	
Burn	236	1100	20	10,000	9,500	Liquid		DCP, Penta	Yes	
Loudfist	266	770	14	6,000	600	Liquid		Р ₂ S ₅ , Н ₂ О	Yes].
Loudiest Loudiest	250		12	6600		Solid		P ₂ S ₅ ,P,Phos- phorus Mud	Yes	
•			10	2,500		Solid	,	AC1	Yes	
Imbfel In All	222		7	4,000	3,600	Solid	Acid	ONA Residue	Yes	
Buch	254	220 v	4	2,000	21,000	Liquid		TPP,Phenol	Yes	
n Novel	217	55 _.	. 1	500	500	Liquid		DCP, Biphenyl Aroclor	Yes	

107,550 golf n 163

8,900,000 le/year

K00027

× 1 -- 1 -- 1

U

		100
Land, U	232	255,0
Sufice	258	180,0
Tay D	270	150,0
1511	257	90,0
the that	275	70,0
1. 161	222	37,5
April full	266	35,0
, * j	,	

DEPT	Volume 1bs/mo	c.y./mo	Combustibles lbs/mo.	Viscosity "Ambient"	Composition	Toxic
232	255,000	65		Solid	gур	No
258	180,000	115	90,000	Solid	dicalite,ABSA	Yes
270	150,000	150	75,000	Solid	dicalite,S-290, No.5 o11,M-5393	Yes
257	90,000	84	45,000	Solid	Clay, SAB	No
275	70,000	45	36,400	Solid	PBSA, S-900	Yes
222	37,500	20		Solid	Ca(OH)2,dicalite	No
266	35,000	26		Solid	dicalite,2nO	No

817,500

505

171,400

Nitro Diphenyl Mint

TABLE 4 SOLID WASTE CHARACTERIZATION CONCENTRATED LIQUID WASTES

	1	Volume	Combustibles	Viscosity			
	DEPT	Gal/mo.	Lbs/Mo	"Ambient"	Ησ	Composition	Toxic
Bur-	273	38,430	365,000	Solid	8.0	ODCB - 32% TCB - 24% ONCB - 37%	Yes
_	267	4,500	33.750	Totra (Hnl. Tr	yorr	TCP - 25% Dimer- 50%	Yes
por	Partime 1	36,000 49,500	270,000	Liquid	8.0	בשחוירחייוחון אני אים ז	<u> </u>
Bene	223		125,000	Seml-solld	7-10	Phenol, NaBs, Sulfones, High Boilers	Yes
		150	750	Liquid	0-2	Benzene, H2SO4	Yes
		6,000	12,000	Slurry	9-14	Phenol, NaBS NaOH	Yes
Lafiel	262	45,000	382,500	Solid	Acid	Chlorophenol, H ₂ SO ₄ Acetic	Yes
Ganfill More	268	250	2,250	Solid		Alcohol,esters tar	Yes
15K00729	233	1,000	7,000	Semi-Solid	6	S.FeCl ₃ ,chlori- nated benzene	Yes
\(\frac{1}{2}\)	248	1,725	6,900	Liquid		Cresol, High Boilers	Yes
E John	New Depart	- 8,050	70,700	Solid		Esters, High Boilers	Yes
63	ment	280	2,800	Liquid		Phenol, Cresol COD, TCP- To cresul	Ŷes
in this	247	3,500	34,000	Solid	<u> </u>	Phenetidine residu	
Stind !!	15/2	12,500	120,000	Solid	ļ	MaleicAnhydride	Yes
ه څره	1210	6,000 25,000	60,000	Liquid		Methanol,011	No
Jan Spel	255	13,700	200,000	Semi-Solid	}	Chlorinated Benzen -NDPA Residue	e Yes Yes
1."	255 239	3,000	28,500	Solid Solid		PCP, Santophen I	Yes
	1537	254,585	1,851,150	, Joing	<u></u>	Para Chier Preval	,

NOTE:

Volume calculations based on 10#/gal.

000198

1	Volume		Combustibles	Viscosity			
Dept	gal/mo.	lbs/mo	lbs/mo.	"Ambient"	рН	Composition	Toxic
258	120,000	1,000,000	125,000	Liquid		H ₂ O, Phenol,PSA	Yes
236-	260,000	2,600,000	35,000	Liquid	Acid	Spent Acid	Yes
237	95,000	790,000	2,400	Liquid	Base	Scrubber Liquor	Yes
İ	65,000	540,000	65,000	Liquid	Base	Residue, H ₂ O	Yes
	5,400	45,000		Liquid		Water, DCP	Yes
	2,400	20,000	1,000	Liquid		Process Water	
223	36,000	300,000	7,500	Liquid	10-12	Santosite	Yes
	9,000	75,000	1,500	Liquid		Waste Liquor	
Rip Track	18,000	150,000	3,000	Liquid		Phenol Wash Water	Yes

610,800 5,520,000 240,400

3000 = 2°

(200)

750,000 = 50,000,000 1000.00

K00030

MONSANTO INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS CO.

Sauget, Illinois 62201 Phone: (618) 271-5835

November 27, 1972

Mr. William C. Child, Regional Supervisor Surveillance Section - Division of Land Pollution Control Illinois Environmental Protection Agency 115a West Main Street Collinsville, Ill. 62234

Dear Mr. Child:

In response to the request you made in your recent visit to the W.G. Krummrich Plant, I have updated the list of material deposited by W.G.K. at its industrial waste desposal site.

The general catagories remain similar to the ones outlined in our August 16, 1968 letter. A detailed listing and quantities is as follows:

1. Still Residues - tars, condensation and decomposition products of doubtful composition, but with some of the primary product remaining.

FROM THE DISTILLATION OF:	APPROX. ANNUAL	ANOUNT
a. Nitro-Aniline and similar compounds	94 cu.	yds.
b. Cresol, esters of phenol	1140 cu.	
c. Chlorophenol, Chlorophenol ether	774 cu.	
d. Chlorobenzol (Tri-tetrachlor)	13 cu.	yas.
e. Aniline dorvatives	208 cu.	yus.
f. Nitro benzene derivatives	1190 cu.	-

2. By-products

g. Chlorinated hydrocarbons

- a. Mixed isomers of nitrochlorobenzene 785 cu. yds.
- b. Mixed isomers of Dichlorophenol 1240 cu. yds.
- 3. Contaminated Acids & Caustic
 - a. Spent sulfuric acid with chlorophenol present 1395 cu. yds.
 - b. Spent caustic soda with chlorophenol present 1760 cu. yds.

MCO 0616733

425 cu. yds.

Page 2 M.R. Foresman November 27, 1972

- 4. Filter Sludges

 a. Spent Carbon

 b. Lime mud from nitro-aniline production

 c. Gypsum

 12 cu. yds.

 1195 cu. yds.

 5600 cu. yds.
- 5. Obsolete samples and Waste Resulting from taking samples
 a. Chlorophenols
 b. Laboratory samples
 40 cu. yds.
- 6. Miscellaneous Waste Spoiled material, floor sweepings, sludge from cleaning equip. 915 cu. yds.

This list represents the types and approximate quantities of materials hauled from our plant during 1972. The quantities will change from year to year according to sales of particular products. Attached for your information is a map of the industrial disposal area showing the location of the five test wells.

Cordially yours,

Mulusia K. Ationson

M.R. Foresman Senior Engineer -Environmental Control

dm

Attachments

CC: P. Heisler

M. W. McCombs

DATE

January 27, 1977

SUB::EC1

.......

JFQ USAGE OF WGK LANDFILL

•

MAP Memo to CD of January 14, 1977

c. J. H. Waldbeser

H. D. Latina

F. J. Basile

C. R. Schrock

C. Downing

TO

M. A. Pierle

Attached is the information requested in referenced memo regarding the status of J. F. Queeny wastes as they relate to the operations and closure of the W. G. Krummrich Plant Landfill. Incremental disposal costs for JFQ are included in F. J. Basile's evaluation of landfill closure costs.

Max W. McCombs

J. F. QUEENY USAGE OF W. G. KRUMMRICH LANDFILL

Waste Material	Volume K lbs/yr	Months Till DOT Approval
Phenacetin Still Residue	60	3
TSC1 Residue	570	3
Tech. TS Amides Reject	18	6-9
Ethavan Still Residue	50	3 3
Phthalyl Chloride Residue	8.4	
Santolite MHP and	10	6-9
Santolite MS-80%		3 .
Aspirin/Starch Floor Sweepings	12	3 · 3 3
OS-59 Filter Cake	2.2	3
OS-128 Filter Cake	0.6	6-9
OS-140 Filter Cake	2	6-9
DPP Filter Cake	4.8	3
Sant. 8 Regular Filter Cake	10.7	3
Sant. 8 Special Filter Cake	1	3
Phos. Esters (4) Filter Cakes	33.3	6-9
Phos. Esters (4) Filter Cartridges	62.2	6-9
Trimethoxybenzaldehyde Residue	7	3
Lab Solids	[*] 78	3
Fumaric Acid Floor Sweepings	26	3 ·
TCC Floor Sweepings	5	3 3 3 3
Sant. 9E Carbon Filter	64	3
p-TSC1 Brigs. Reject	10	6-9
HC1 Recovery Carbon	8	3

- NOTES: 1 6-9 months for DOT approval assumes that formal toxicity screening will be required on these residues because of no previous test work. 3 months approval date based on discussion with Medical which indicated available toxicity information would be adequate for the necessary evaluations.
- COMMENTS: 1. The preferred disposal method/outlet for these residues is incineration in the St. Louis Area Incinerator CEA-3246.

 Current plans are for all of the above to be incinerated at this facility.
 - 2. With the exception of the TSCI residue which has been cleared for disposal by Rollins Environmental Services in Baton Rouge, Louisiana, and Nuclear Engineering Company in Sheffield, Illinois, no alternate disposal sites are currently available. NECO and Earthline, Inc. have been informally approached and both indicated no problems with the acceptance of any of these materials.

- 3. All wastes are presently handled in methods compatible with contract disposal.
- 4. Timing to move to alternate disposal sites depends largely on the time required to obtain proper shipping authorizations. Clearing of the wastes with alternate disposal outlets is not felt to be the limiting factor.

B. Mody

MR Sprandel

gave material to an rentenoun haulen.

. we used our oun dunces and tucks.

received material from the comparison. Never

Sy trouber turned in landful. - Never

there. Guenny and beacered noed contract haulers,

are builton that outs. Franking lot so over a

ON The W. G. KMMMMSh Plant site. 5160/ACL

ther to dandful material was dumped

dumped area. Pp., Almol, ONCB was dumped

plant with department are as tosis.

landful costs were evenly distributed accross No records were hope on moderal going to

Intervation

802000

Mr. Spranche Hazarolous Waste 000200

zəl ⁹	HCO 00F
	, 256/200 /1950 "
Ting	Mitacle solve in mine
$\overline{}$	10 flad
Fine	1974 NO -
	the despuell dence Phich
	money Euryban allol
	
L ROW	Goodby Cloupten Clount
	a undermy hauden
/ 4	Mare gave material -
Com	Miner from the company
und	Surfer Juled trouber to
	0

Memo to file

attacked is surex of information sent to government
on waste stuams. Much of the information was obtained
from my files.

J. F. QUEENY 1976 WASTE DISPOSAL

Incineration		K 1bs.	\$K
	•	2678	254.0
Landfill (Toxic)	-	330	15.5
WGK Landfill	-	6000*	55.9
Trash	-	1274	
		12/4	14.6

* includes 5.0 Albs of fly-ash and cinders

J. F. QUEENY CONTRIBUTION TO W. G. KRUMMRICH LANDFILL

Material Type	K 1bs/yr (Est. 1977)
Filter Cakes and Carbons	188.8
Residues	695.4
Off-spec Products	81.0
Lab Solids/Glassware	78.0
Fly-ash and Cinders	<u>5,000.0</u>
	6,043.2

MCD 0616745

J. F. QUEENY STATUS

- 1. All J. F. Queeny wastes are handled in methods compatible with contract disposal no additional project work necessary.
- Preliminary contacts with disposal outlets indicates no significant problems with their ability to handle these waste materials - either volumes or types.
- 3. Timing to move to alternate disposal outlets contingent upon obtaining proper shipping authorization through Corporate Distribution Three to nine months depending on the test data required for toxicity evaluation.
- 4. Current plans are to incinerate all JFQ wastes currently going to WGK Landfill at the Area Incinerator CEA-3246.

NCO 0616746

JOHN F. QUEENY PLANT
TECHNICAL SERVICES DEPARTMENT

ESTIMATE NO CTES : -	WOK :
370-E-47	
REPORT NUMBER	000215
DATE	

			Jenuary 3.	1969
JOHN F. Q	UEENY PLANT	GENERAL OFFICES	OTHERS	
L. AYNARDI D. M. CAMPBELL J. D. CLARK W. S. COLTER P. W. COPANAS J. L. CORDER K. M. FRANK P. F. SATENS R. A. GEISMAN G. A. MIPPE S. G. L. JESSEE S. O. LYON	D. E. MUNIE J. W. PARMETER J. E. RODEERS J. R. SAVAGE M. L. SCHNEIDER D. C. MRIM J. L. SOLARI R C SPRAGUE S L TILFORD W. J. WILSON E G WOOD TSD FILE	D. DANNA (4) N. L. SAMPLE R. J. STRATMEYER BUSINESS GRP. DIR. TECH. PROD. MGR. RESEARCH MGR. RESEARCH MGR. J. O. GRIGHT J. O. GRIGHT J. G. B. Batz	T. M. PATRICK ENGR. SUPVR. J. C. LANDWEMR - ANN. W KELLOGG-MITRO D. B EDWARDS- BRIDGEPORT J. F WHITE-EVERETT	BB. R. Willia (WGK) C. F. Buckle (WGK) M. Pierle (WGK) ED J. F. Nemeth (JFQ) D. B. Hodges ED D. B. Hosmer (J. F. Neff (G

To Receive Details Section

II To Receive Summery Only

TITLE

Waste Disposal -- Sanitary Land Fill

PERSONNEL R. T. Harper (J. L. Solari)

Determine quantity, approximate hauling cost, lend fill use cost, and possible composition of waste material sent to sanitary land fill.

SUMMARYS

During the twelve month period July 1, 1967 to June 30, 1968, the John F. Queeny Plant disposed of 5,878 cubic yards of waste material to the W. G. K. Plant, Sanitary Land Fill. The cost was \$16,227 for hauling charges with land fill use charge of \$18,444 for a total cost of \$34,670.

		,	ANNUAL	ANNUAL
	PRODUCT OR	CUBIC	HAULING	LAND FILL
DEPARTMENT	BUILDING	YARDS	COST	USE COST
800.18 (A-5)	Nitro Chloro Benzene	1662	\$5296	\$5241.37 / 84
803.85 (62)	DCA; TCC (FF)	1102	3104	3458, 25 2 am
808.01 (155)	Interim Production (W)	1044	1875	3181.59
803.70 (53)	Benzoic Acid	1005	3240	3161.59 Ben
803.78 (A-9)	Phthalic Anhydride (L)	445		1398.57-/2
803.07 (E-5)	Amides (II)	296) 530) 530	937.57 lantel
803.01 (35)	Oil Additives (BB)	101	180	338.14-lail
803.74 (54)	Bisphenol A (CC)	, 45	-00-	122.96 Bei
801.78 (55)	TSC1 (HHH+yy)	20	65	70.85 - Rodfell
803.75 (49)	Maleic Anhydride	18		46.11
803.61 (50)	TS Acid (EE)	11	30 20	30.74 Horde 4.
802.15	Kalcolor (M)	8	.26	عرض مرتز 30.74
	Cyclamates ("DD") ;	8	26	30.74 Feelen
803.96 (VV)	Central Drumming	6	40	15.37 Aire
760.01	Research Pilot ("Ww")	6	10	15.37 Loude
913.40	Sanitation (Plant)	<u> 101</u>	180	338.14 langue
			1067	

TOTALS 5878 \$16,227 CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

TOTAL WASTE DISPOSAL COST \$34.67

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K00010

\$18,444.30

MCD 061674

							•			
Dept.	Bldg.	Material	Toxicity	Combustible	Ambient	 -(% Water	Cu. Yds.	hpproximato Hauling Cost	Annual Landfill Use
Λ-5 800.18	P & G	Meta Nitro Chloro Benzone	yes	yes	Diquid	c.p.V 12-200 yes		1662	\$5296.00	Cost
,35) 801.3	"BB"	Filter Aids From Filter Press	no	no		yes	trace	11	20.60	37.14
(35) 303.01	"BB"	Lyo Scrubber Solu- tion	no	no	yos		85%	90	160.00	301.00
									(June	
(62) 301.76	PF	Dichloroaniline still residue	yes	yes /		yes	0%	807	2584.00	2503.31
(62)	उन्ह	Mixed TCC idomers, DCA PCDI; Isocyana	(mildly yes ls	no "	31	nrry	65%	263	520.00	874.94
Sanitation 913.40		Mixed chemicals rosidue from all a	no	noi		уeз		101	180.00	338.11
K00										
K00011						-			000216	

WASTE DISPOSAL - SANIT --- Characterization

LAND FILL daste ---

							MC	•		
Dept.	Bldg.	Material	Toxicity	Combustible	Ambient Liquid	r	% Water	Cu. Yds.	Hauling Cost (Annual)	Annual Landfil Use Cost
(E-5) 803.0	11	Para Still Residue	you	no		. 100%	C).i	225	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	5712 . 55
	ΙŢ	Iron Sludge	уоз	110	+20%	<u>±80;</u> 3	±20%	36	60.00	132.51
	11	Low Boiler Fraction	з усс	no	100%	0%	0,%	35	60.00	112.51
(119) 803.7 <u>1</u>	open and PP	Spent catalyst Vanadium Pentozide	no	no .		100%		1.8	30.00	46.11
(514) 303.71	"CC"	90% Bisphenol A 10% Phenol	no	no /		100% yes	trace	45	80.00	122.96
(53) 303.70	open	Benzoic Acid Residu (Seo below for compo		partially yes		yes	0%	1005	3240.00	;181.59
		Benzaldehyde 2% Benzyl Acetate 2% Mathyl Biphenyl 6% Biphenyl 3% Bibenzyl 6%		yes "	_ C	Compositor Benz	ion-Labora	tory anal	/s is	
K00013	enzoci a	Hid (low grade) + phthalic 17% Benzyl Benzeate 35% Toluene 9% Non Volatiles 20%		no no yes no					000218	

WASTE DISPOSAL - SANI7
--- Characterization

LAND FILL Waste ---

				<u> </u>	Ambient	Tomp.			hpp.roximato	Annual
Dept.	Bldg.	Material	Toxicity	Combustible	 	,	% Water	Cu. Yds.	Cost U	Landfil Uso Cost
760.0 Kesear	h "WW"	Cellulose Flour	no	slightly yes		100%	0%	6	\$ 10.00	; 15.37
Inter Production	t "W"									
808.0	A	Santicizer 856	no	no	100%	1%	.1%	17	30.00	46.13
	W	Santicizer 460	no	no	100%	1%	.1%	8	25.00	30.71
	IA .	Mother Liquor (PVI) Varsol (keresenecut		уeз	100%	< 1%	< 1%	408	730.00	1241.90
	M	Press cake (2 filtoing operations)		no		уез	30%	204	360.00	620.00
	W	Sumithion Residue	yes	?		yes		102	180.00	310.47
	W	Miscellaneous oils and Organic solvent and side streams	a no	yds	yes		Trace	305	550.00	931.42
	IA						TOTALS	10կկ	\$1875.00	3181.5
										
K00014		 			T	OTALS I	OR PLANT	-5878	\$16,227.00	:18,կկե
14									000219	

					Ambien	t Temp.			hpproximato Hauling	Annua Landfi
Dept.	Bldg.	Material	Toxicity	Combustible	Liquid	Solid	% Water	Cu. Yds.	l cont l	Use Cost
Centra Orummia 903.98		Aliphatic and aroma Esters-Plasticizors	tic no	no ,	100%		< .1%	6	10.00	15.3
•								}		
(A-9) 803.70	N	Napthalene Residue	Is not a Problem	усэ		100%	0%	112	460.	321.6
803.78	L	lst Fraction from #1 column	11	will burn yes	100%		0%	265	8140.00	839.10
803.70	L	Phthalic Residue	11	no		100%	0%	68	255.00	237.71
AMIDE										
(55) 801.70	YY	Amides and TSCL	no	no /		1.00%		20	65.00	76.05
								·		
801.91		and misc. mixture of product no longer m	no do	no			·	8	26.00	30.71
Kelcol 802.15		Mixture of carbon; C-4 dry old non spe product and junk	no	no				8	26.00	30.71
	ブ									
(50) 801.50	OO EE	Discarded off specification Toluene Sulfonic Ac	no d	no		semi- solid	2% +	11	20.00	30.711
	12								000217	

PROGRESS REPORT	DEPT W. S. KRUMMRICH PI	JOB 80. 91341:	REPORT NO.	197077. 2 1970 B 6
	RICH PLANT	RESEARCH	GENERAL OFFICE	OTHERS
E.R.Billen J.C.Hume A. E. Leisy T.V. SALTON E.H.Kimball G. L. Bratsch D. J. O'Toole	C. Mason M.J.Beaudine C.N.Deubner T.E.Greenman W.C.Engman S.Jackson D.C.Armstrong	J. O. Bright W.R. Richard C.E. AMAGEMOSTOPOULOS P.B. Hodges	•□ J. E. Smith •□ B. BANNA •□ D. E. Cayard •□ P. E. ESWARDS •□ R. E. Howard •□ a. A. NEMMOER •□ B. B. NORMER	J. R Sav J.C. Land So. 2nd S P.O. DeGa T.M. Patr
B.R. Williams J. Smith	☑ G.C.Vincent	l 	·□ H. C. Carder ·□ H. L. SAMPLE □	Z: E. Batz-C
TITLE: PERSONNEL:	W.G.K. Solids	Waste Disposal F. Buckley)	- 1969	000220
PROBLEM:		tume and disposal al wastes dispose		

During 1969, the following quantities of solid waste were disposed at the Village and Monsanto landfill for a total cost of \$94,000 (\$54,000 hauling and \$40,000 landfill operation):

		#/YR.
1)	In drums	757,200
2)	In dumpster boxes	9,024,500
3)	In trailers and dempster tanks	35,869,100
		45,650,800

The landfill operation figures include that for trash disposal. Hauling costs for trash are not included.

MCO 0616753

pd

M Burle K 02030

TSD

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Job No. 91341:9002 (Report No. 2)
Page 2
8/6/70

DETAILS

A. Table 1 details the composition and volume of solid waste generated at W.G.K. and disposed at the Village and Monsanto landfills.

TABLE 1

VOLUME OF SOLID WASTES

DEPT.	MATERIAL	IN TRAILERS/TANKS PPY-	IN DEMPSTER BOXES PPY	IN DRUM
		 		
	~10% C1ØOH			
237	Residue	2,920,000		
236	Spent caustic	2,807,240		
	Spent acid	1,910,570		
	CIØOH	1		39,600
221	Chlorinated benzene	4,213,640		773
262	C100H, H2SO4, CH3COOH	1,939,050		
248	H2O, cresol, phenol	3,307,390		
266		7,780		
275	Maleic Anhydride	520,020		
273	ODCB, TCB, ONCB	262,700		
247	Para-phenetidine residue			275,000
270	Methanol, 011	709.850		
Rip Trk	H ₂ O, ØOH, Aroclor	930,750		
258	H ₂ O, ØOH, PSA	1,134,140		
	Filteraid	1	1,000,000	
ı	BaO, BaCO3, CaCO3		500,000	
	#5 011, BABS, ABSA		1,000,000	
250	50% P, 50% H ₂ O			25,000
255	NDPA residue	2,554,360	· †	
239	PCP, BzCl	634,510		
	Aroclor	}	1	5,000
270	Filter Aid		1,900,000	
	Ca Solids		950,000	
	#5 011, S-290C, S-291		1,900,000	
266	Filter Aid		200,000	
	Zn O		150,000	
	#5 011, S-393, 493, 593	Í	200,000	
	18% P2S5, 4.5% thio acid		}	
	77.5% H ₂ 0		1	9,900
232	10-30% Gypsum		792,000 dry wt.	
232 245	P2S5			5,000
283	Contaminated #5 oil			13,000
254	Recovered phenol		MCD 0616755	55,000
-	TPP		WCD OFFEET	11.000
	ONCB, NaOH, H2O		•	11,000 5,500
223	18% Santosite	2,000,000	W crops	
-	50% H20, 50% ØOH Residue		K 02031	
	Fusion mass & washings	1.248.880		
2.0	Montar			180,000
	Scrap Aroclor	l	i	120,000

Job No. 91341:9002 (Report No. 2) Page 3 8/6/70

TABLE 1 - VOLUME OF SOLID WASTES (continued)

DEPT.	MATERIAL	IN TRAILERS/TANKS PPY	IN DEMPSTER BOXES PPY	IN DRUM.
233	FeCl3, S, Cl-benzene		60,000	
224	M-DCB, TCB		110,000	_
222	Ca (OH) ₂ , celite ONA residue		262,500	13,200
		35,869,100	9,024,500	757,200

B. The cost for hauling and disposal at the Village and Monsanto landfill are given in Table 2.

TABLE 2

MCO 0616756

COST OF SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL

	\$/YEAR
Hauling - Trailers € ll¢/cwt.	24,000
Dempster Tanks, Boxes and Drums	40,000
Landfill - Liquid and Drums	30,000
Dempster Boxes and Trash	10,000
	\$94,000

K 02032

Notification of Hazardous Vyaste Site

Environmental Protoc Agency Washington DC 2046

This initial notification information is required by Section 103(c) of the Compre- additional space, use separate sheats of hensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 and must which opplies. be mailed by June 9, 1981.

294 Form 6500-1

Please type or print in ink. If you need

.000223

Ā	Person Required to Notify:							
	Enter the nume and address of th	e person	Name Monsanto Co J. F. Queeny Plant					
	or organization required to notify.	ganization required to notify. Str.		1700 Soi	ith Second St	reet		
			City	St. Lou	<u> </u>	State	Missouri	2:0 Code 63177
В	Site Location:	······		V C Y	rummrich Land	E	**********	
	Enter the common name (if knowl	n) and	Name of Sit	, w. u. K	diministra Land			
	actual location of the site.	•	Street	Route 3		**********		
			Crty	Sauget	County St.	Clair State	Illinois	Zip Code 62201
C	Person to Contact:			A	M-Comba M			
	Enter the name, title (if applicable		mame (Last.	First and Title)	McCombs, M		v. Prot.	Supv.
	business telephone number of the to contect regarding information submitted on this form.	: person	Phone		(314) 622-	1400		
	Dates of Waste Handling:	- 	······································					
	Enter the years that you estimate		From (Year)	Unknown	To (Year)	977		
	treatment, storage, or disposal bequenced at the site.	gan and						
			•					
خ	Waste Type: Choose the option	n you pro	efer to cor	nplete				
	Option 1: Select general waste typy you do not know the general wast encouraged to describe the site in	e types or	sources, y	ou are		rvation and f	Recovery Ac	ions familiar with the (RCRA) Section 30
	General Type of Waste: Place an X in the appropriate boxes. The categories listed overlap. Check each applicable category.		of Weste; X in the ap	ppropriate	listed in the reg appropriate four the list of hazars	ed a four-digi ulations unde -digit numbe dous wastes	er Section 30 r in the boxe and codes c	each hazardous wa 001 of RCRA. Enter as provided. A copy an be obtained by tate in which the si
	1. IX Organics	1. D Mi	ning		located.			
	2. S Inorganics	2. D Co	nstruction					<u> </u>
	3. 車 Solvents	3. 🖸 Te:	xtiles					
	4. 🗷 Pesticides	4. D Fet	rtilizer	į				
	5 D Heavy metals	5. 🖸 Pa	per/Printin	9				
	6. 🗆 Acids	6. 🗆 Le	ather Tanni	ing			 i	
	7. 🗅 Bases	7. 😃 Iro	n/Sieel Fo	undry	·			
	8. C PCBs	8. 50 Ch	emical, Ge	nerai			 i	
	9. D Mixed Municipal Waste	9. 🖸 Pla	iting/Polist	ning		 		
		10. 🗀 Mi	Ittary/Amr	nunition	·			
	11. D Other (Specify)	11. D Ele	ectrical Con	ductors	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		12. 🖾 Tre	ansformers	!	***************************************	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-
		13. 🗅 Uti	ility Compa	nies		•		
			nitary/Refu	186			•	
		15. 🗆 Ph	otolinish					
			b/Hospita!	į				
		17. 🗆 Un	-	:				
		18. D Ot	her (Specifi	y) i				
			·····			MCD 06	16757	
	Form Approved							
	OND No. 2000-0136							

EP4 Farm &900-1

09/29/89 08:36 MODENCIRONMENTAL OFERATIONS

عنت Environmental Protest Agency Washington DC 20460

This initial notification information is required by Section 103(c) of the Compressional space, use separate sheets of hemsive Environmental Response, Companion Indicate the letter of the item sation, and Liability Act of 1980 and must which applies. be mailed by June 9, 1981.

Please type or print in ink, if you need

000225

Α	Person Required to Notify:	Monsanto	o Co J. F. Queeny Plant					
	Enter the name and address of the or organization required to notify.	e person Name	Name .					
		eny St. Lou	is smoothissourizacon 63177					
3	Site Location:	Name of San Sanget	(Monsanto), Illinois Landfill					
	Enter the common name (if known actual location of the site.	n) and	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	below location of the one.	Street Falling	g Springs Road					
		city Sauget	County St. Clair State Illinois Cook 62201					
C	Person to Contact:							
-	Enter the name, title (if applicable)		McCombs, Max W Env. Prot. Supv.					
	business telephone number of the to contact regarding information submitted on this form.	Phone	(314) 622-1400					
 >	Dates of Waste Handling:							
	Enter the years that you estimate	waste	1003					
	treatment, storage, or disposal beg	an and From (Year) Unknown	To (Year) 1957					
	ended of find site							
_								
	Waste Type: Choose the option	n you prefer to complete						
	Option 1: Select general waste typ you do not know the general waste encouraged to describe the site in	e types or sources, you are	Option 2: This option is available to persons familiar with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Section 30 regulations (40 CFR Part 261).					
	General Type of Waste: Place an X in the appropriate boxes. The categories listed overlap. Check each applicable	Source of Waxte: Place an X in the appropriate boxes.	Specific Type of Weste: EPA has assigned a four-digit number to each hazardous wallisted in the regulations under Section 3001 of RCRA. Enter appropriate four-digit number in the boxes provided. A copy					
	category.		the list of hazardous wastes and codes can be obtained by contacting the EPA Region serving the State in which the si located.					
	1. S Organics	1. D Mining	IOCE(EG.					
•	2. & Inuryanics	2. D Construction						
	3. & Solvents 4. C Pesticides	3. D Textiles						
	5. D Heavy metals	4. D Fertilizer						
	6 C Acids	5. D Paper/Printing 6. D Leather Tanning						
	7. D Bases	7. D Iron/Steel Foundry						
	8. D PCBs	8. 8 Chemical, General						
	9. Mixed Municipal Waste	9. © Plating/Polishing	 					
	10. 🗆 Unknown	10. D Military/Ammunition						
	11. C Other (Specify)	11. D Electrical Conductors	 					
		12. 🗖 Transformers	<u> </u>					
		13. D Utility Companies						
		14. C Sanitary/Refuse						
		15. D Photofinish						
		16. 🗖 Lab/Hospital						
		17. D Unknown	MCD 0616760					
		18. Dither (Specify)						
		The second secon						
	Form Approved ONB No. 2000-0136							

F	Waste Quantity.	Facility Type	Total Facility Waste Amount
	Place on X in the appropriate boxes to indicate the facility types found at the site.	1. L. Piles	subject 1991 356,000
•	In the "total facility waste amount" space give the assimated combined quantity (volume) of hazardous wastes at the site using cubic feet or gallons. In the "total facility area" space, give the estimated area size which the facilities	2. D Land Treatment 3. E. Landtill 4. D Tanks 5. D Impoundment 6. D Underground Injection 7. D Droms, Above Ground	Total Facility Area 000226 square feet Unknown
,	occupy using square feet or occes.	8. 5 Drums, Below Ground 9. D Other (Specify)	
<u> </u>	Known, Suspected or Likely Releases	to the Environment:	
_	Place an X in the appropriate boxes to indictor likely releases of wastes to the environment	ete any known, suspected.	☐ Known ☐ Suspected ☐ Likely ☐ None X Do not know
	Note: Items Hand I are optional. Completin hazardous waste sites. Although completin	ng these items will assist EPA and Stang the items is not required, you are e	te and local governments in locating and assessing incouraged to do so.
H	Sketch Map of Site Location: (Option	al)	
•	Sketch a map showing streets, highways, routes or other prominent landmarks near the site. Place an X on the map to indicate the site location. Draw an arrow showing the direction north. You may substitute a publishing map showing the site location.		
	•		
			-
	1.0		
	Description of Site: (Optional)		
	Describe the history and present conditions of the site. Give directions to the site and describe any nearby wells, springs, lakes, or housing, Include such information as how waste was disposed and where the waste came from. Provide any other information or comments which may help describe the site conditions.	•	
			MCO 0616761
_			
I	Signature and Title:	Name George A. Knoll meyer	Plan Manager 803
	The person or authorized representative (such as plant managers, superintendents, trustees or attorneys) of persons required to notify must sign the form and provide a	Sires:	□ Owner, Present □ Owner, Past
	iling address (if different than address tem A). For other persons providing	_	■ Transporter © Operator, Present
	utification, the signature is optional. Check the boxes which best describe the	City Sta	Die Zip Coope Operator, Past Other
	relationship to the site of the person required to notify, if you are not required to notify check "Other".	Signatura	Date 5/18/81

PROU IMAME & LOCATION J. F. Nemeth - J. F. Queeny Plant

IN LANDFILL AT SAUGET, ILLINOIS

J. F. QUEENY PLANT WASTES FOR DISPOSAL

April 3, 1974

P. B. Hodges - EISF

D. C. Malm

A. E. Peterson

R. L. Harness > 16K R. L. Wiese

#######CL

TO

8W9J1C7

: J. T. Garrett - A2SA

C. D. Bohi - A2SA

The attached sheets show what wastes are presently landfilled, and what we propose to continue to landfill after July 1974.

About a month ago you gave approval by telephone to continue disposal of these wastes in the Sauget landfill.

Will you kindly review this list and give us your written approvai.

J. F. Nemeth

:mjl

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K+E π SOUR #3

MCO 0616762

02044

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03-128 Cake	OS-S9 Cake		Phthalyl Chloride Still Residue	Ethavan Still Residue	Filter Cake	Tech. Amides	TSCI Residue	Aspiria Powder	Methyl Salicylate Still Residue	Pheneralia Still Residue	MAICRIAL	1.5.9
Carbon Solka Floc Sod. Methy late	Carbon Activated Alumina Solka Floc	Dicalite Dimer	Incle Fathaly 1 Chloride Fractions	Iso-ethavan Ethavan Dialdehydo Org. Tars	Methyl Alcohol	e-tologie sufonamide	Chloride July ony !	Starch	Methyl Salicylate Organic Tali - Wydrory Esophthalate	Phenoceting Organic Tars p-chloracetanilid	COMPOSITION	1. F. QUEENY PLANT
7620	1000	240	16.7 83.3	0 ° 0 ° 0 ° 0 ° 0 ° 0 ° 0 ° 0 ° 0 ° 0 °	N 9	*5	3 8 8	44	411 4	200	7.	WASTES
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			2,051	/35°C		3,001	28.0	1	ය ද	50°C	MELT. PT	FILL-
55 Gal. Cans	546al. Gas	55 Gal. Cars	55 Gal. Cans	55 Gal Cans	55 Gal. Cans	556.1. Cans	55 Gal. Cans	446al. LvP	55 Gal-Cars with scaled bungs	44 Gal. Lve	HAULING	SAUGET
		9 + 0 0	- 20 - 25 - 30	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	36500	- 8	56600	/2.000		1000	LOS./JEAR	
										MCO 06163	COMM	<u> </u>
_ 8 2	2000									- 63	GNTS	され

622000				970
(150°C 55 Gal. 2500	10 dack tarm 70 residue	Methapyrilene HCl Acq. Tans Menylamine products	
	0008B 2mv0	Bilos Himasolf TB	5:02 A1203 V205 M•05	teplatas
	125°C 55 Gal.	80 brown flake	Benzoic Acid - 21 ps. o d ld lynn d i B	Senzoic Senzoic
	30 Gal. Drung 3 2 00	50 black 1:14tr	Sant. 8 Spee.	66 Sant. 8 Spec.
	30 Gal. Bruns 7500	So grey to black	Santicizer 8 Strinis	166 Santicizor 8 Filter Cake
	30 C - 30 C - 30 C	50 black filter	Santicizer 1-H Dicalite	Filtr cake
	- ++6.1. LV	50 reddish-brown to	5-d. Methy late Diphenyl Phthalate Stalating	lynshqid + 1!
- 4929190 DW	22601.60	So black oil	SE1-20 Animula betavitah Media	173 02-125 Cake
	א ל החו להחו 2 000 - 2 2 000	25 filter cakt	Carbon Solka Floc Sod. Methylate	173 02-140 Coke
J. K. Nemeth. Poly	METER PROFING VOLUME DELLE - SAUGET)	UEENY PLANT	1417 ·W

	3 89	389	369	<u>.</u>
21020 }	Sandolite MHP	778	Me Fumarate Residue	J. F. Q
	Santalite MHP or MS	Polyethylone glycol Trimethoxy benzaldehyde	MP Furnarate Org. Tary Throughamine Products	AL COMPOSITION
		50	700	7.
	block hard resin	frack tarry	dark tarry	CONDITION
	90°C	2,01	7.000	MELT. PT.
	7Gal. Care	SS Gal.	SS Gal.	HAULING METHOD
964600	2000	7 000	3	L SOLUME
000330	MCD 0616765			L. Momette

APPENDIX E

Index of Documents

Forms B and C of Eckhardt Survey for Queeny Plant (000231 to 000236)

MCO 0616767

PROVIDU A COMPLETE LIST OF ALL FIRMS AND INDEPENDENT CONTRACTORS, INCLUTING THE COMPANY AND ITS AFFILIATES AND SUBSIDIARIES, USED TO EIGENE PROCESS WASTES FROM THIS FACILITY SINCE 1950.

000231

Company Mune: Honsanto	Combinua	·	
Facility Name: <u>John F.</u>	Queeny Plant		
Name of Firm or Contractor	Address	ICC # (If Known)	Years Used
KIES, Inc.	P. O. Box 745 Wichita, Kansas 67201	Unknown	1976 - Preson
HECO. Inc.	P. O. Box 158 Sheffield, Illinois 61366	Unknown	1975 - Presen
Matlack Trucking, inc.	10 West Baltimore Avenue Landsdown, Pennsylvenia 19050	Unknown	1974 Presen
Rolling Environmental Services, (TX), Inc.	P. O. Box 609 Deer Park, Teads 77536	Unknown	1974 - Presen
Rollins Environmental Services, (LA), Inc.	P. G. Box 70077 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70807	Unknown	1974 - Presen
W. Jordan	3910 Evans St. Louis, Missouri 63113	Unknown	1955 - 1977
Ray Walter, Jr.	726 Factor Drive Amold, Hissouri 63019	Unknown	1950 - 1977
Gordon Transport, Inc.	7337 Hall Street St. Louis, Missouri 63147	Unknown	1974
Control Express, inc.	P. O. Box 4325 Corpus Christi, Texas 78408	Vnknowii	1974
Missouri Pacific Railroad/ Truck Lines	824 S. Vandeventer St. Louis, Missouri 63110	Unknown	1975
Bac Line Trucking Company	P. 0. Sox 1353 St. Louis, Missour! 63185	Unknown	1975
Checker Express Operating Nighthawk	6801 South 13th Street Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53221	Unknown	19/4 - 1976
Company, inc.	P. 0. Box 1353 St. Louis, Hissouri 63188	Unknown	1975 - 1976
Honsanto Company J. F. Queeny Plant	1700 South Second Street St. Louis, hissouri 63177	Vnknown	1950 - 1957
Oscar F. Welter	646 Weber Road St. Louis, Hissouri 63125	Unknown	1950 - 1958

FROM R DISPOSAL SITE INTERNATION

COMPLETE THIS FORM FOR EVERY SITE (INCLIDING THE LULATION OF THIS FACILITY AS ONE SITE) USED FOR THE DISPOSAL OF PROCESS LASTES (EXHMATED BY THIS FACILITY SINCE 1950.

000232

Co	any Name:	Monsanto	Engage 2				
	lity Name:	46bn / 0	weny Franc			•	
	of 5::::	Fonyan	(souget) lilinois	Contract.	·	-	
ddi	ess of Site					-	
		no.	street			•	
		Mon san to	(Sauger) IL.		62207		
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	e of Amer 6	-	y facility):		•		
	ress:		, (001110))	Unit - Sur		-	
		no.	STROT				
		city		Atc	ZIP code	_	
'nτ	rent O-mer (from above):		1.7 (1.1.1		
dd	tazz:	no.	Street			-	
		180.	211661				
		CITY	3.5	ALC	ZIP COOP	-	
١.	Location (1	- the proper	ty on which facil	ity is lo	cated; 2= of	f-site}	. 많그 (18)
١.	Comerchip a	it time of us	e (1= company own	ership; i	?=private but	net _	
	combrat, own	ership) Jepu	blic ownership) . ed; 2° still in u			•••••••	(بنز) روا .
3.	CONTRACT SEE	E CLUCES	ca: % still in a	34; 7-60	1. t wow)		روزر سان
	Year Store	ود رندهنا د	cess waste from t	hia dani		12	17.
•	Year last u	med for more	ess waste from th	is facile	tv (enter "	10 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 (13°)
••							5 17 1 (17-1
5.	Total amoun	t of process	waste from this	facility	disposed at	site:	، ۱۰۰۰ لسنال
	••••		thousand s	allons .	L	11111	1 1 (19-2
			hundred to	ns	• • • • • • • • • • •	11111	मंद्रा (27-:
			thousand c	bic yare	ا ك		34-4
7.			osal method(s) us	ed at sal	to and whethi	r netnoc	
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			reprocess	ng/Tecyc		• • • • • • • • • • • • •	(يَرَيُّ أَلِمَا
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	IRE311(162	ממאל: אבונות	company and other	11 p ; p = 0C	ar Landw)	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	၂၅ (33)
	11 75T NO. 44	AND ADDRESS	OF OTHER KNOW	HEEDE B	इस्तेल ।		
	10001 10022		MA OF USER AND	. 475.49			

x-Don't know.

FORM B - Page 2	(10 No. 05E)
Company Name: Honson to Company	
Facility Name: John F Queeny Plant	
Site Name: Monsanen (Sauget) [11]mgig Condfill	00023
 Components (or characteristics) of process habte from disposed at Bito (lepresent in waste; 2-not present; andou't khae) 	this facility in waste:
FILL IN EVERY BLOCK SPACE	
Acid sclutions, with pH<3 pickling liquor metal planting waste circuit etchings inorganic acid manufacture organic acid manufacture Base solutions, with pH>J6/2 countic seda manufacture release solutions, with pH>J6/2 countic seda manufacture release sortwher residual. Heavy metals & trace metals (bended organically & inconstance, calculum, cantinony mercury iron, manginose, magnesium circ, camium, copper, chromium (trivalent) chromium (heravalent) lead residuals & residuals for UF6 recycling lathanids series elements and rare earth salts phosphase slag thorium redium. Fadium redium redium rediates functional redium rediates intermediates fungicides & intermediates fungicides & intermediates redenticides & intermediates redenticides & intermediates redenticides & intermediates redenticides & intermediates redium acrylates & lates manistens redenticides & intermediates redium	[3] (11) [12] (12) [13] (14) [15] (14) [15] (15) [15] (16) [15] (17) [15] (18) [15] (19) [17] (19) [17] (20) [17] (21) [17] (22) [17] (22) [17] (23) [17] (24) [17] (25) [17] (24) [17] (25) [17] (24) [17] (25) [17] (24) [17] (25) [17] (26) [17] (27) [17] (28) [17] (29) [17] (29) [17] (20) [17] (21) [17] (21) [17] (22) [17] (23) [17] (24) [17] (25) [17] (27) [17] (28) [17] (29) [17] (2
shock somsitive wastes (eg. nitrated tolucnes) . air water reactive wastes (eg. Pa, aliminum chlor. wastes with flush puint below 100° F	ide) 🛐 (^7) -

		MOLETICAL .		(30) :2: (35)
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	Sauget, IL	···	62201	_
etc.	city	state	rib cocc	
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	no.	street	•	
	city	State		
gress:		: frum above);		
	no.	STOOL		
-	city	state	tip coce	_
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Company Company Courrent Year fit Year lat still is	ip 8% time of us ownership) 3-ye status (1- cler IP CLOSED, sp rst used for pro- st used for pro- n use)	ue (1 company commission) ablic comeratip) sod; 2 still in use; pecify year closed copy waste from this fees waste from this facily waste from the facily waste from this facily waste from the facily waste fro	up; Zeprivate bu 9-don't know) facility ecility (enter' lity disposed at	# not (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1
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Comersh: company Current Year fit Year las still is Total as Specify is still	ip St time of us convership) 3-ye status (1- cler IP CLOSED, sprit used for process used for process used)	ie (1" company commission of 2" still in use; secify year closed this feet theusand gallic hundred tens. thousand cubic rosal method(s) used a rently in use; 2-no lo	sp; Zeprivate bu 9-don't kncw) facility socility (enter' lity disposed at ms yards yards t site and wheth mger in use; I-r	# not (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (
Comersh: company Current Year fit Year las still is Total as Specify is still	ip St time of us convership) 3-ye status (1- cler IP CLOSED, sprit used for process used for process used)	we (1" company commission of 2" still in use; secify year closed from this fact theusand gallo hundred tens thousand cubic result me the closed in the closed in the closed in the closed in landfill, more landfill, drum landfilll, drum landfill, drum landfill, drum landfill, drum landfill, dr	sp; Zeprivate bu 9-don't kncz) facility ecility (enter ins syrds traito and wheth nger in use; Imp industrial was and industrial was and water	# not (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (
. Ownersh: company. Current . Year las still is . Total as . Specify is still	ip St time of us convership) 3-ye status (1- cler IP CLOSED, sprit used for process used for process used)	ie (1" company onwish islic occeratio) ned; 2" still in use; pecify yoar closed pecify yoar closed pecify yoar closed pecify yoar closed pecify yoar closed from this tess waste from this faci theusand gallo hundred toms thousand cubic posal method(s) used a rently in use; 2 mo lo landfill, mine landfill, mine landfill, mine	sp; Zeprivate bi 9-don't knce) facility estility (enter' lity disposed at ms yards t sito and wheth mger in use; Ser industrial was med waste cipal refuse co-	# not (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (
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. Ownersh: company. Current . Year las still is . Total as . Specify is still	ip St time of us convership) 3-ye status (1- cler IP CLOSED, sprit used for process used for process used)	we (1" company communicablic comeranty) sed; 2" still in use; sed; 2" still in use; secify year closed secify year closed secify year closed secify year closed thousand facify theusand gallu hundred tens thousand cubic rently in use; 2=no lo landfill, mine landfill, mine landfill, muni ples/ponds/lan deep well inje land farming	sp; Zeprivate bi 9-don't know) facility socility (enter' lity disposed at ms yards yards it site and wheel mger in use; I-r industrial wast id industrial wast dindustrial wast cipal refuse co- pons cction	# not (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1
. Ownersh: company. Current . Year las still is . Total as . Specify is still	ip St time of us convership) 3-ye status (1- cler IP CLOSED, sprit used for process used for process used)	ie (1" company commissibile comerany) sold; 2" still in use; secify yoar closed thousand gallo handred cons thousand cubic posal mthod(s) used a rently in use; 2=no lo landfill, mini landfill, mini plandfill, mini plandfill, mini pland farming incineration	sp; Zeprivate bi """ """ """ """ """ """ """	# not (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1
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. Ownersh: company. Current . Year fail year lai still in . Total an . Specify is still 9-don't	ip St time of us ownership) S-pa status (1 = clys) IF CLOSED, sprit used for process used for process of process of process type(s) of displaint use (1 = curi know)	ie (1" company comersishic comeranty) sod; 2" still in use; secify year closed secify year closed secify year closed secify year closed thousand facific theusand galle hundred tens thousand Cubic restly in use; 2=no le landfill, mine landfill, mine landfill, drus landfill, drus landfill, mine plts/pends/lag deep well inje land farming incineration trestment (er.	sp; Zeprivate bi 9-don't kncz) facility (enter' lity disposed at ms yards traito and wheth mger in use; I-m industrial was and waste cipal refuse co- pons citium neutralizing) section facility and off	# not
. Ownersh: company. Current : Year fir Year lar still in Total at Specify is still 9 mdcn't	ip St time of us convership) 3-ye status (1- clar IP CLOSED, sprit used for process used for process count of process type(s) of displaints (1-curri know) f this site (1-curri know)	we (1" company comership) shic comership) sed; 2" still in use; secify year closed thousand comership thousand comership thousand comership thousand comership thousand comership thousand comership landfill, ment landfill, m	sp; Zeprivate bi 9-don't know) facility scility (enter' lity disposed at ms yards t site and wheth mger in use; I-r j industrial wast d industrial wast d industrial wast dindustrial wast	# not

Nontanto Co

V. G. Krummrich Plant

Sauget, Illinois

Company Name: John F. Guceny Plant Site Name: John F. Guceny Plant Site Name: MCK LandFill 9. Components (or characteristics) of process waste from this facility disposed at Site: (impresent in waste, 2-mot prosent as maste.) 9. Components (or characteristics) of process waste from this facility disposed at Site: (impresent in waste, 2-mot prosent as maste.) 9. Components (or characteristics) of process waste from this facility disposed at Site: (impresent in waste, 2-mot prosent as a facility section of the process of t	F271 8 - Page 2		100 201 (1-8)
Facility Name:work_landfill	Corpany Name:	Monsanto Company	(80 3.01 (62)
9. Components (or characteristics) of precess wests from this facility disponed at site: (1-present in wasts, 2-mot present in salts; 5-don't know) FILL IN EYER SLOCK SPACE Acid solutions, with piet3. [1] [10] picking liquor [1] [11] [11] [12] [12] [13] [13] [13] [14] [15] [15] [15] [15] [16] [17] [17] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18	Facility Name:		
9. Components (or characteristics) of precess waste from that facility disposed at site: (1-present in waste, 2-mor present in waste; Second to know) FILL IN EVERY BLOCK SPACE Acid solutions, with piech. pickling liquor 1111 metal placing waste 1112 circuit scrollings 1112 circuit scrollings 1112 constant sead manufacture 1112 organic seid seid manufacture 1112 organic seid seid seid seid seid seid organically in linguitally 1120 arterite 1112 arterite 1112 arterite 1112 arterite 1112 constant 1112 c	Site Name:	WCK Landfill	000239
Acid solutions, with pieCl picking liquor picking liquor metal plating wasto Circuit erchings incremit strchings incremit strchings incremit strchings organic stid shoutherwire organic stid shoutherwire solution: with pieCl cmutic seds meansfarrore plating metal structure in yion and similar polymer generation liquit scrubber residual houry metals & trace mulais (bonded organically & inorganically) from, sension & trace mulais (bonded organically & inorganically) from, sensions, sensions from, sens	disposed at a	ite: (1-present in waste, 2-mot prose	run this facility
picking liquor metal plating waste Circuit etchings liquor metal plating waste Circuit etchings liquor genic stid manufacture Organic stid manufacture Liquit organic stid manufacture Liquit sass solutions; with mid-MflL. Cmuttic Sold manufacture Liquit nylon mad similar polymer generation liquit sacrubur residual Honoy metals & trace mulais (bonded organically & inorganically) areaid, selemina, antismay liquit moreury liron, desgenose magnosion liquit finc, desium, copper, chromium (trivalent) liquit chronium (bonavalent) liquit licad liquit licad liquit licad liquit liquit manufa residuals & residuals for UFg recycling liquit liquit phosphate slag liquit chronium radium liquit radium liquit radium liquit radium liquit radium liquit liquit metalpha, beta & gaara cmitters liquit pasticides & intermaliates liquit herbicides & intermaliates liquit herbicides & intermaliates liquit herbicides & intermaliates liquit herbicides & intermaliates liquit li	FILL IN EVERY	BLOCK SPACE	
pl:: neutical histos	Acid solution pickling metal pla circuit e inorganic s save solution coustic s nylon and scrubber Houvy metals arsenic, mortury iron, em finc, cad chrowins lead Radiosctive s uranium i lathanide phosphate thorium radum radum contraium cremium i lathanide phosphate thorium radum contraium cremium i lathanide phosphate thorium radum colatomic herbicide fungucide fungucide fungucide rodentic; halegemen halegemen halegemen carbontes car	iquor ting waste tchings acid manufacture sid manufacture id manufacture id manufacture is miler polymer generation residual å trace metals (bonded organically å selenium, autimony gamese, magnesium mium, copper, chromium (trivalent) (benavalent) maidues, >> pico curies/liber > pro- cuiduals å residuals for UF6 recyclim serios elements and tare earth salts slag ha, beta å gamma cmitters så intermediates må fintermediates så intermediates så i	[11) [11] [12] [13] [14] [14] [15] [15] [16] [17] [17] [18] [17] [17] [18] [17] [18] [17] [18] [17] [18] [17] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18
points & pigment: [[1](63) catalysts (og. vanadium, platinum, palladium) [[1](62) astructos [[1](65) st k sensitive wastes (og. nitrated tolucium) [[1](66) astructor reactive wastes (oc. Pa. sluminum chloride) [[1](66)	Misc.	Hical Lieres	
	peints & catalysti aslustos al , k se	pigment! (eg. vanadium, platfrum, palladium) Asitive wastes (eg. nitrated tolucium) r reactive wastes (ec. Pa. Sluminum el	(63) (62) (63) (65) (65) (67) (67)

MCO 0616773

M. W. McCombs 6/15/79

Assumptions used in completing Waste Disposal Site Survey:

- 1. Form 8 (6) 1979 lbs not included in total.
- 2. Form B (7) "LF, Mono industrial Waste" was $\frac{3}{3}$ unless a site as to handle only one waste.
- 3. Form B (8) R. Sinese, WGK, contacted Rollins and NECO and they did not want to release customer names, therefore, none have been reported for any facility.
- 4. Form 8 (4) If disposal site was used prior to 1950, 1950 was entered since survey begins with 1950.
- 5. Form D Was not completed since it could not be determined that any haulers took wastes to an unknown location.
- 6. A separate survey form was not used for each person interviewed.

F

MCO 0616775

APPENDIX F

Index of Documents

Site R

Generator profile sheet dated 9/19/89 (000237 to 000238)
Chemical data sheet dated 6/29/81 (000239 to 000242)

Site O

Report dated 12/12/85 re boiler ash test results (000243 to 000249)

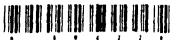
Memo dated 7/13/89 re boiler ash EPTOX results (000250 to 000252)



Chemical Waste Management, Inc.

GENERATOR'S WASTE MATERIAL PROFILE SHEET PLEASE PRINT IN INK OR TYPE (Elile, 12-plicn).





CWM Location of Original: (SHADED AREAS FOR CWM USE ONLY) CWM Sales Rep. #:	
CWM Location of Original: (SNADPD ABBAS FOR CWM USE ONLY). CWM Sales Rep. #-	t Code
Commission of Chighten Page 18 and Chief Page 18	
A. GENERAL INFORMATION 1. Generator Name: Moinson to Co- 2. Generator USEPA ID: MO D. 2049 3. Facility Address: 1700 South Second Street 4. Generator State ID: 11.929186 St. Louis, MD 63177 5. Zin Code:	10006
5. Zin Code:	22-1469
B. MAIL CHEMICAL WASTE MANAGEMENT, INC. INVOIGES TO 1 Generaling Facility (A. abeve), or 2. Company Name	
5. Zip Code:	
C. 1. NAME OF WASTE FLY QSO PROCESS RENERATING WASTE SOUL FIRE BOILED 3. Is this waste a Dioxin listed waste as defined in 40 CFR 261.31 (e.g., F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, or F02 Yes No. If yes, DO NOT COMPLETE this form. Contact your Chemical Waste Management, Inc. sales representative.	
D. PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF WASTE	
Stand strong incidental odor? Solid Semi-Solid Multilayered	ree Liquids: Yes ENO Ime: ***********************************
7. pH. □≤2 □>2-4 □4-7 □7 □7-10 □10-<12.5 □≥12.5 □Range -	_ ANA
8. Liquid Flash Point: □ < 73°F □ 73-99°F □ 100-139°F □ 140-199°F □ ≥ 200°F ☑ None □ Closed Cup	Open Cup
E. CHEMICAL COMPOSITION RANGE F. METALS Indicate if this waste of the following:	contains any of
	☐ Total
% Barium □< 100	NA P
	∞ NA
% Lead	00 <u>N/I</u>
	five w
Chromium-Hex □< 5 □< 5	
Please note: The chemical composition total in the maximum Copper	
anguin most no dinara, man at adeas to sack. TAINE TERM IN INCREI	
2. Indicate if this waste contains any of the following: Thallium ☐< 5 ☐< 1	NA
2. Indicate if this waste contains any of the following: Thallium ☐< 5 ☐< 1	

GENERATOR'S WASTE MATERIAL PROFILE SHEET (Continued) 00023

	J 80422
	Waste Profile Sheet Code
G. OTHER HAZARDOUS CHARACTERISTICS 1. Is this waste a listed solvent waste as defined by a 2 Does this waste contain greater than 1000 ppm to 3. Indicate if this waste is any of the following: RCRA Reactive Radioactive Radioactive Eticlogical Explosive Pesticide Manufacture Shock Sensitive Pyrophoric None of the above	otal halogenated organic compounds?
H. COMPLETE ONLY FOR WASTES INTENDED FOR FUELS OF INCINERATION	I. OPTIONAL — RECLAMATION, FUELS, OR INCINERATION PARAMETERS Provide if information is available.
Beryllium	1. Heat Value (BTU/lb); Nft 2. Water: Nft 3. Viscosity (cps); Nft @ °F 100°F 150 4. Ash; Nft % 5. Settleable solids: Nft 6. Vapor Pressure @ STP (mm/Hg): Nft 7. Is this waste a pumpable liquid?
Is this a DOT Hazardous Material? Proper Shipping Name:CheCal_ Pla Hazard Class:D.De	5. I.D. #; Other:
	13. State Hazardous Waste Number(s):
	MCD 0616779
GENERATOR CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that	t all information submitted in this and all attached documents contains true a
ne generator has been disclosed. Rehad L Korns	levant information regarding known or suspected hazards in the possession 2
signature Richard L. Kvenig	2. Sr. Sw. Tech. Title 4. 9/22/89 Date
Name (Type or Print)	Date 1

ER INF	ORMATIO	N:							000239
any Name N	ilonsan	10 (c						RES Stream No	. BR-1386
ant Address	1700 S	outh S	<u> </u>	15+	Maili	ng Add	iress	Same	
State St. Lo	us Mo	<u>63177</u>			State			Zip	
Company Contac	t, Techni	ical Ric	h K	cenia				Phone 344-62	2-1469
Company Contac	t, Busine	ss Neil	Pro	inge.				Phone 3/4-6%	2-1467
USEPA Generato	r I.D. No	MOD CO	1954	111	State	Gener	ator I	.D. No. Mo	0/00Z
GENERAL WASTI	sidue		: _R	esidue	Frem D	النفي	atien	Process	
Quantity Gener	ated (per	· mo.) 5,	0 90	. 伊	Frequ	ency	of rem	oval) inter	w ment
TRANSPORTATIO		_	Lig	4.D, N	 .0.S·				
zardous Subs	tances:		Conc	entratio	n Hazar	dous S	ubstan	ces	Concentration
Formal del	hyde		1	5 45					
Hazardous Char	acteristi	cs: Pais	cov f	3 ; 6.44,	Q				
Transporter:	RES .				Placa	rding	Pors	ion	
TRANSPORTATIO	ON EQUIF	PMENT:			-				
Tank Truck		Vacuum T	ruck		Flatbed		П	Dump Truck	П
Bin		Barge		_	Tank Car			Other	
Method of Coll	ection:								•
Fiberpaks		Orums		Tanks		Sumps		Other 🗍	
Other availab									
ICK CAN	INF LUM	RED EK	אין ני	5.00 AM	- 2:00 1	7-1 0	<u>~LT</u>		<u> </u>
r: · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				ucn 061	6780

_D WASTE DESCRIPTION AND REGULATO	ORY COMPLIANCE:	000240
.maracterization Codes	<u>u 122</u>	
son for above characterization:		
State Characterization Codes ilo Waste ID#1		
OSHA: Contain listed compounds? No	EPA : PCB conc > 50 ppm	? No
NRC: Radioactive? No	PHS: Infectious Wastes?	No
FIFRA: Does this waste contain a pesticide for has issued specific disposal requirement		_No
CHEMICAL COMPOSITION:		
Compound Name	Norm. Conc. Range % W	Chemical Formula
TEA SAT OF S-593	-55-60	
26 DIETHYLPHENYL AZUMETHINE	20-25	<u> </u>
2.6 DIETHYLANILINE	5-10	(C245) = NC645
FORMALDEN YOF	/-5	HCHO
POSENE AS A DILLIFENT	0-15	
TER Sold is To eth. I mine Sold of C-2.	a thylheugh a-verteutyl ohrs	ch readithioste
LABORATORY ANALYSIS	PHYSICAL PROPERTIES	
Metals CN Mg/L Pb ∠.oci Mg/L TOC Mg/L Hg ∠.ippm Mg/L COD Mg/L Cd ∠.img/L BOD Mg/L Be ⟨.5 Mg/L SS Mg/L As ⟨.5 Mg/L TDS Mg/L Na/K Mg/L Br % Wt Other Mg/L C1 7.2 ppm % Ht Mg/L F % Wt Mg/L I % Wt Mg/L S I.7 % Wt	SOLID SLUDGE SLURRY PASTE GRANULAR CRYSTAL POLYMERIC AMORPHOUS SINGLE PHASE MULTI PHASE OIL/WATER	BTU 1C 000 /1 ASH 10 % VAPOR PRESS SPEC. GRAVITY 1.067 MELTING PT BOILING PT 245°C ph FLASH PT 144°F
Is the waste reactive with water? No	with air? <u>No</u>	2
Is a representative sample provided? No		
Give any other additional information on the	hazards of the waste:	
		MCD 0616782
interest certify that the above information is	s complete and accurate.	
Richard L. Keng Er	vu. Port: Tech.	_3-3-67

בנט בייני הדבדט עד יש יעדיים על

ROLLINS ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES (TX) 000241

CUSTOMER INFORMATION:		BE4077
Johnson Hame Monsonto Co.		No. #0-1671
Plant Address 1700 South Second St.	Mailine Address Schme	
State St. Louis, Mo. 63177	State 7.	<u>ip</u>
Company Contact, Technical Rich Koenig	Phone 314	-6221469
Company Contact, Business Max McCombs	Phone 314-	622-1467
USEPA Generator I.D. No. MCDCC4954111	State Generator I.D. No. M	0. 01002
GENERAL WASTE DESCRIPTION:		
NC-220 Sump Residue		
Type of Process Generating Waste: Waste Pho	esphate Esters from Chr.	ucal Intermedi
Quantity Concreted (per mo.) 125,000	Frequency (of removal)	
RANSPORTATION INFORMATION: Hazardous Material: POUSEN B, N.O.S.	·	
Hazardous Substances: Concentration	Hazardous Substances	Concentration
Phenol 50-8090		
Hazardous Characteristics: PCISON R. Transporter: RES (Tx) Inc	Placarding Poison	
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT:	MCO 061678	33
Tank Truck Vacuum Truck 🔲 Flatbed	Dump Truck	
Bin Barge Tank Ca Method of Collection:	r Other	
Fiberpaks Drums Tanks	Sumps Other	
other svailable transportation information:		
Truck can be leaded from 8	DORM - 2:00 RM. ONLY	

DETAILED WASTE DESCRIPTION AND REGULATOR	Y COMPLIANUE:	
RCRA Characterization Codes	<u>U 188</u>	000242
Reason for above characterization:		_
State Characterization Godes Mo. Wost-	e_TO#24	
OSHA: Contain listed compounds? 100	EPA : FCB conc > 50	ppm? <u>NO</u>
NRC: Radioactive?	PHS: Infectious Wastes?	NO
FIFRA: Does this waste contain a pestic has issued specific disposal requ		No
CHEMICAL COMPOSITION:		
Compound Name	Norm. Conc. Range 2 W	Chemical Formula
Partial Acid, Phophyste Esters,	2NG 10-30%	
High Reilers		
Phenel	50-80%=	SCHOOH
Nonyl thensl	0-2 c 4c	CH HOHCOHCO HIO
Camyl Phenol	0-150/2	CoHo (CH2)2 CoHal
Trabinate / ficontaile	<u> </u>	C' HO OCCCH
Waste also continue inicing am	2 4.0 15	
of water		
LABORATORY ANALYSIS	PHYSICAL PROPERTIES	
Pb C.Cct Ng/L TOC 1 Hg E.Ccct Hg/L COD 1 Cd Mg/L BOD 1 Bc Mg/L SS 1 As Mg/L TDS 1 Na/K Mg/L Br 0 Other Mg/L C1	Mg/L PHYSICAL STATE @ 25°C Mg/L GAS LIQUID Mg/L SOLID SLUDGE Mg/L SLURRY PASTE Mg/L GRANULAR CRYSTAL Mg/L POLYMERIC AMORPHOUS Z Wt Z Wt Z Wt MULTI PHASE Z Wt OIL/WATER Z Wt VISCOSITY 135 cps	BTU 10,000-12,000/12 ASH / O Z VAPOR PRESS @ SPEC. GRAVITY 1.2 MELTING PT BOILING PT pH 4.3 FLASH PT 26.0 F
Is the waste reactive with water?	No with air?	No
Is a representative sample provided?	No	
Give any other additional information on	the hazards of the waste:	4CO 0616784 —
		400
hereby certify that the above informat		•
Keharl L. Koenig	Enu. Prot. Tech	6-19-81
Customer Signature	Title	Date

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2350 Seventh Blvd.

St. Louis, Missouri 63104

Chemists

000243

Engineers

Metallurgists

314/771-7111

Report No. 85-11-216

December 12, 1985

Examination of one (1) coal sample submitted marked, "#7, Boiler Ash".

Monsanto Company Sauget, IL. 62201

Attn: Mr. Paul Hoemann

TEST REPORT

A. PROXIMATE ANALYSIS

		As Received	Dry Basis
	Moisture	0.50	
	Volatile Matter	3.85	3.86
	Fixed Carbon	18.98	19.08
	Ash	76.67	77.0 5
	Sulfur	0.35	0.35
	BTU/lb.	2,686	2,700
в.	ULTIMATE ANALYSIS		
	Carbon	20.33	20.43
	*Hydrogen	0.33	0.27
	Nitrogen	0.12	0.12
	Sulfur	0.35	0.35
	Ash	76.67	77.05
	*Oxygen	2.20	1.78

*Includes Moisture



2360 Seventh Blvd.

St. Louis, Missouri 63104

Chemiste

naineera

000244

314/771-7111

Report No. 85-11-216 $^{(a)}$

December 12, 1985

Examination of one (1) coal sample submitted marked, "#8, Boiler Ash".

Monsanto Company Sauget, IL. 62201

Attn: Mr. Paul Hoemann

TEST REPORT

A. PROXIMATE ANALYSIS

	As Received	Dry Basis
Moisture	1.41	
Volatile Matter	13.51	13.70
Fixed Carbon	6.09	6.18
Ash	78.99	80.12
Sulfur	2.07	2.10
BTU/1b.	1,009	1,023
B. ULTIMATE ANALYSIS		
Carbon	9.17	9.30
*Hydrogen	0.56	0:41
Nitrogen	0.07	0.07
· Sulfur	2.07	2.10
Ash	78.99	80.12
*Oxygen	9.14	8.00
#Tmalesdam Madestona		

^{*}Includes Moisture



Report No. 85-11-216

Page 2.

C. Loss on Ignition

21.01%

Respectfully submitted,

INDUSTRIAL TESTING LABORATORIES, INC.

Allin M. Stogol, P.E.

birector

KL:ck LN 63901-03 2350 Seventh Blvd.

St. Louis, Missouri 63104

000246

Metallurgists

314/771-7111

Report No. 85-11-216 (b)

December 12, 1985

Examination of one (1) coal sample submitted marked, "#9 Boiler Ash".

Monsanto Company Sauget, IL. 62201

Attn: Mr. Paul Hoemann

TEST REPORT

A. PROXIMATE ANALYSIS

		A. Received	Dry Basis
	Moisture	0.10	
	Volutile Matter	9.56	9.57
	Fixed Carbon	7.41	7.42
	Ash	82.93	83.01
	Sulfur	0.58	0.58
	BTU/lb.	1,140	1,141
в.	ULTIMATE ANALYSIS		
	Carbon	9.84	9.85
	*Hydrogen	0.39	0.38
	Nitrogen	0.06	0.06
	Sulfur	0.58	0.58
	Ash	82.93	83.01
	*Oxygen	6.20	6.12

*Includes Moisture

MCD 0616788



Report No. 85-11-216

Page 2.

C. Loss on Ignition

KL:ck IN 63901-03 17.07%

Respectfully submitted,

INDUSTRIAL TESTING LABORATORIES, INC.

Allan M. Siegol, P.E.

Director

MCO 0616789

Waste Management, Inc. **GENERATOR'S WASTE MATERIAL PROFILE SHEET**

PLEASE PRINT IN INK OR TYPE (Eilte, 12-pitch).





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	-4 6 -4-1								
WMI LOCATION	of Original:		(SHADED A	REAS FOR W	MI USE ONLY)		VMI Sales I	Kep. #:	
. Generator I	iress: <u>W. G. K</u> 	nonsanto 1	Plant	4. (Generator U Generator S	ate ID:	_/63/	21000	6
. Technical C	Contact: Pick		7. Title:	Enrice	Spec	√ i∠8	5. Zip C . Phone: (<u>/</u>	ode:	<u>. 58</u>
. Company N	TE MANAGEMENT, IN					•	. Phone: (
_		<u> </u>					5. Zip C	Code:	
1 NAME (F WASTE	oiler A	36						
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	aste a Dioxin listed wa								,
		NOT COMPLETE thi							
DUVEICAL	. CHARACTERISTICS	OE WASTE							
Color:	2. Does the waste have		e @ 70°F· 1	Layers:		5 500	cific Gravity	/: 6. Free	ionide.
	strong incidental odor?			. Layers.	ilayered] 5	Julio Gravit		es 🗟
ack	No ☐ Yes If know			☐ Bi-la		Range	: >1	Volume	
	describe:	Other:		Sing	le Phased			_	
						-		. 1	
.pH: □≤2	□ > 2-4 □ 4-	7 🗆 7 🗆 7-	10 📙 10-	< 12.5	□ ≥ 12.5	5	Range		. 8
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Liquid Flash	1 Point: 1 1 1 7 3 P 1	/3-89°F 100-	139 7 🗀 140	-199°P Z	\$ 2 200°F	□ Nor	1e L Clos	ea Cup L	J Open
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. CHEMICAL	. COMPOSITION		RAN				cate if this	waste con	tains ar
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				%	Lead		□ < 5	□ < 500	
				%	Mercury		☐ < 0.2	□ < 20	م
				%	Mercury Selenium	1	□< 0.2 □< 1		.0
				% %	Mercury Selenium Silver		□ < 0.2□ < 1□ < 5	□ < 20 □ < 100	.0
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	he chemical compositions or equal to the chemical composition of equal to the chemica			% % %	Mercury Selenium Silver Chromiu Copper		< 0.2 < 1 < 5 < 5	□ < 20 □ < 100 □ < 500	0.
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olumn must l	be greater than or equa this waste contains an NONE or LESS	al to 100%. by of the following:	kimum TOTAL:	% % %	Mercury Selenium Silver Chromiu Copper Nickel Thallium	m-Hex	0.2 0.2 5 5 	☐ < 20 ☐ < 100 ☐ < 500 ☐ < 134	.0
olumn must I . Indicate if	be greater than or equal this waste contains an NONE or LESS	al to 100%. by of the following: THAN or ACTU 50 ppm 50 ppm	cimum TOTAL:	% % %	Mercury Selenium Silver Chromiu Copper Nickel Thallium	m-Hex	0.2	☐ < 20 ☐ < 100 ☐ < 500 ☐ < 134	0.
olumn must I Indicate if PCB's	be greater than or equal this waste contains an NONE or LESS	al to 100%. by of the following: THAN or ACTU 50 ppm 50 ppm	cimum TOTAL:	% % %	Mercury Selenium Silver Chromiu Copper Nickel Thallium	m-Hex	0.2 V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	☐ < 20 ☐ < 100 ☐ < 500 ☐ < 134 ☐ < 130	

GENERATOR'S WASTE MATERIAL PROFILE SHEET (Continued) 000245

		H 98496
	Was	te Profile Sheet Code
2. OTHER HAZARDOUS CHARACTERISTICS 1. Is this waste a listed solvent waste as defined by 4 2. Does this waste contain greater than 1000 ppm to 3. Indicate if this waste is any of the following: RCRA Reactive Radioactive Etiological Explosive Pesticide Manufactur Shock Sensitive Pyrophoric	tal halogenated organic compounds?	? ☐ Yes 🖾 No ☐ Yes ÆNo
1. COMPLETE ONLY FOR WASTES INTENDED FOR FUELS OF INCINERATION	I. OPTIONAL — RECLAMATION, FUELS, (PARAMETERS Provide if information is av	
LESS THAN or ACTUAL Beryllium		°F
Godium □ < 5000 ppm	6. Vapor Pressure @ STP (mm/Hg): 7. Is this waste a pumpable liquid? Type of pump? 8. Can this waste be heated to improve flow?	Yes No
otal Sulfur %	9. Is this waste soluble in water? 10. Particle size: Will the solid portion of this value a 1/8 inch screen?	Yes No waste pass through Yes No
	5. I.D. #: 7701192	Other:
SPECIAL HANDLING INFORMATION 2000	·	
		Additional Page(s) Attache
GENERATOR CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that accurate descriptions of this waste material, and all relate generator has been disclosed. Signature	evant information regarding known or suspected	d documents contains true at d hazards in the possession
Name (Type or Print)	4. Date	/5/89
Side 2 of 2 Form WMI-6000 (Rev. 05/87). ● 1980 Waste Management, Inc	c. MC	0616791



MAX W. MCCOMBS

Boiler Ash EP Tox Results

W. G. KRUMMRICH PLANT

EXT 2322

July 13, 1989

Steve Smith Harold Baker Mike Foresman

SFFFRENCE

Russ Sackett Dave Richardson

Attached are the results of the boiler ash EP toxicity test and the regulatory limits. As you can see, metals are well within the acceptable ranges and the ash would not be considered a hazardous waste.

Max

Max W. McCombs

/sdg Attachment

MCD 0616792

000251

Environmental Analysis, Inc.

3278 N. Lindbergh Blvd. · Florissant, MO 63033 · 314-921-4488



MONSANTO COMPANY

PAGE NO :

2

REPORT NO :

34830

DATE : (

06/26/89

RESULTS OF ANALYSIS

	-			
LOG	SAMPLE	TEST	RESULTS OF	UNITS OF
NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	NAME	ANALYSIS	EXPRESSION (
1016814	8915 BOIL. ASH 5/18c	EP Toxicity	261.24	Meth.
	·	EP Silver	<0.005	mg Aç
		EP Arsenic	<0.006	mg As
		EP Barium	0.244	mg Ba
		EP Cadmium	0.014	mg Cc
		EP Chromium	0.008	mg Cı
		EP Mercury	<0.0005	mg Hg
		EP Lead	0.016	mg Pi
		EP Selenium	<0.005	mg Se

MCD 0616793



\$ 261.24

ate toxic gases, vapors or fumes in a quantity sufficient to present a danger to human health or the environment.

(6) It is capable of detonation or explosive reaction if it is subjected to a strong initiating source or if heated under confinement.

(7) It is readily capable of detonation or explosive decomposition or reaction at standard temperature and pressure.

(8) It is a forbidden explosive as defined in 49 CFR 173.51, or a Class A explosive as defined in 49 CFR 173.53 or a Class B explosive as defined in 49 CFR 173.88.

(b) A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of reactivity, but is not listed as a hazardous waste in Subpart D, has the EPA Hazardous Waste Number of D003.

\$ 261.24 Characteristic of EP toxicity.

(a) A solid waste exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity if, using the test methods described in Appendix II or equivalent methods approved by the Administrator under the procedures set forth in 11 260.20 and 260.21, the extract from a representative sample of the waste contains any of the contaminants listed in Table I at a concentration equal to or greater than the respective value given in that Table. Where the waste contains less than 0.5 percent filterable solids, the waste itself, after filtering, is considered to be the extract for the purposes of this section.

(b) A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of EP toxicity, but is not listed as a hazardous waste in Subpart D. has the EPA Hazardous Waste Number specified in Table I which corresponds to the toxic contaminant causing it to be hazardous.

TABLE !- MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION OF CON-TAMINANTS FOR CHARACTERISTIC OF EP TOXICITY

EPA hearndous waste number	Contéminent	Mesmum concentre- tion (militareme per ster)
	Arberte	5.0
	Berum	100.0
	Codmism	1.0
0007	Chromoun	5.0

40 CFR Ch. I (7-1-88 Edition)

Ketton P

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EPA N

TABLE I-MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION OF COL TAMINANTS FOR CHARACTERISTIC OF ED Toxicity—Continued

EPA hezerdous visete number	Contempore	THE PARTY OF THE P
D006	Lead	44
D008	Mercury	5.0 0.2
D010	Selenum	14
D011	Silver	5.0
0012	Endrin (1.2.3.4.10,10-hexago- loro-1.7-eposy- 1.4.45.5.7.8.6-ectahydro- 1.4-endo, endo-6.6-dimetri- aro-neorithelene.	0.00
D013	,	9.9
0014	Methomychior (1,1,1-Trichtoro- 2,2-bis (p-methoxy- phonyl)etheret.	
D015	Taxaphene (GuHuCls, Technical chianneled camphene, 67-69 percent chianne).	0.5
D016	2,4-D. (2.4-Dichlaraphenoxyece- tic acid).	10.8
D017	2,4,5-TP Silver (2,4,5-Trichto- rophenoxypropionic ecid).	1.0

Subpart D-Lists of Hazardous Westes

5 261.30 General.

(a) A solid waste is a hazardous waste if it is listed in this subpart, unless it has been excluded from this list under 11 260.20 and 260.22.

(b) The Administrator will indicate his basis for listing the classes or types of wastes listed in this Subpart by employing one or more of the following Hazard Codes:

Ignitable Waste	(1
Corroeve Weste	(C
Reactive Weste	(F
EP Touc Waste	Œ
Acute Hezardous Wasts	(H
Totac Waste	σ

Appendix VII identifies the constituent which caused the Administrator to list the waste as an EP Toxic Waste (E) or Toxic Waste (T) in §§ 261.31 and 261.32.

(c) Each hazardous waste listed in this subpart is assigned an EPA Hazardous Waste Number which precedes the name of the waste. This number must be used in complying with the

406

MCO 0616795

APPENDIX G

Index of Documents

Area I <u>Unknown Site</u>

Letters dated 2/7/84, 2/8/84, 3/2/84, 2/2/84, 12/13/83 to or from Paul Sauget (000253 to 000259)

Memo dated 1/19/82 re Paul Sauget (000260)

Letter dated 9/29/82 from Paul Sauget (000261)

Memo dated 12/28/79 re Paul Sauget (000262)

Letter dated 11/22/78 from Paul Sauget (000263)

Agreement dated 1/1/79 re landfill signed by Paul Sauget (000264 to 000269)

Service Agreement dated 3/1/86 with MTS, Inc. signed by Paul Sauget (000270 to 000272)

Letter dated 3/18/86 to Paul Sauget (000273 to 000276)

Service Agreement dated 8/1/84 MTS, Inc. signed by Paul Sauget (000277 to 000279)

Agreement dated 12/11/57 re dumping privileges with Leo Sauget (000280 to 000281)

MTS Trucking invoices 1982 through 1989 (000282 to 000516)

Area II Unknown Site

Memo dated 1/29/85 re pump test right of way with Illinois Central Gulf Railroad property (000517 to 000520)

Paul Sauget

2700 Talling Springs Road Sauget, Illinois 62201

February 7, 1984

Mr. Warren L. Smull General Superintendent Environmental Affairs Monsanto Industrial Chemicals Co. Sauget, Illinois 62201

Dear Warren:

We propose to haul ash from the Monsanto Krummrich and Monsanto Queeny plants for the sum of \$7500.00 per month commencing in mid-April, 1984, with a two (2) year contract with option to negotiate after that time.

Sincer y,

PAUL SAUGÉT

PS/blw

Paul Sauget

2700 Talling Springs Road Sauget, Illinois 62201

February 8, 1984

Mr. Warren Smull General Superintendent Environmental Affairs Monsanto Industrial Chemicals Co. Sauget, Illinois 62201

Dear Warren:

As per my letter to you and our conversation on February 7, 1984, I want to change the date of the ash hauling contract to become effective on May 1, 1984.

Also, I would like to know definitely about the landfill contract so that I can notify Edwin Cooper on the status thereof.

Sincerely,

PAUL SAUGET

PS/blw

Paul Sauget

2700 Talling Springs Road Sauget, Illinois 62201

March 2, 1984

Mr. Warren L. Smull General Superintendent Environmental Affairs Monsanto Industrial Chemicals Co. Sauget, Illinois 62201

Dear Warren:

1200 to VFQ 5300 to WGK We propose to haul ash from the Monsanto Krummrich and Monsanto Queeny plants for the sum of \$6500.00 per month commencing May 1, 1984, with a two year contract with option to negotiate after that time. The contract will be with M.T.S., Inc.

Sincerely,

PS/blw

Fruce Williams x 1541 JFG

NCO 0616800

PAUL SAUGET 2700 Falling Springs Road Sauget, IL 62201

February 2, 1984

Mr. Warren L. Smull General Superintendent Fnvironmental Affairs Monsanto Industrial Chemicals Co. Sauget, IL 62201

Dear Warren:

In reference to your letter of December 13, 1983, I anticipate having adequate landfill capacity until mid-October, 1984.

Sincerely

PAUL SAUGET

PS/blw

Monsanto

MONSANTO INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS CO-Sauget, Illinois 62201 Phone: (618) 271-5835

December 13, 1983

Honorable Paul Sauget Mayor, Village of Sauget 2897 Monsanto Avenue Sauget, Illinois 62206

Dear Paul:

Confirming our discussion, we anticipate utilizing your landfill per our current agreement until approximately mid-April 1984. You indicated that capacity on the site would be adequate for our needs until at least then, and likely into the third quarter of 1984.

Sincerely,

Warren L. Smull

General Superintendent Environmental Affairs

dah

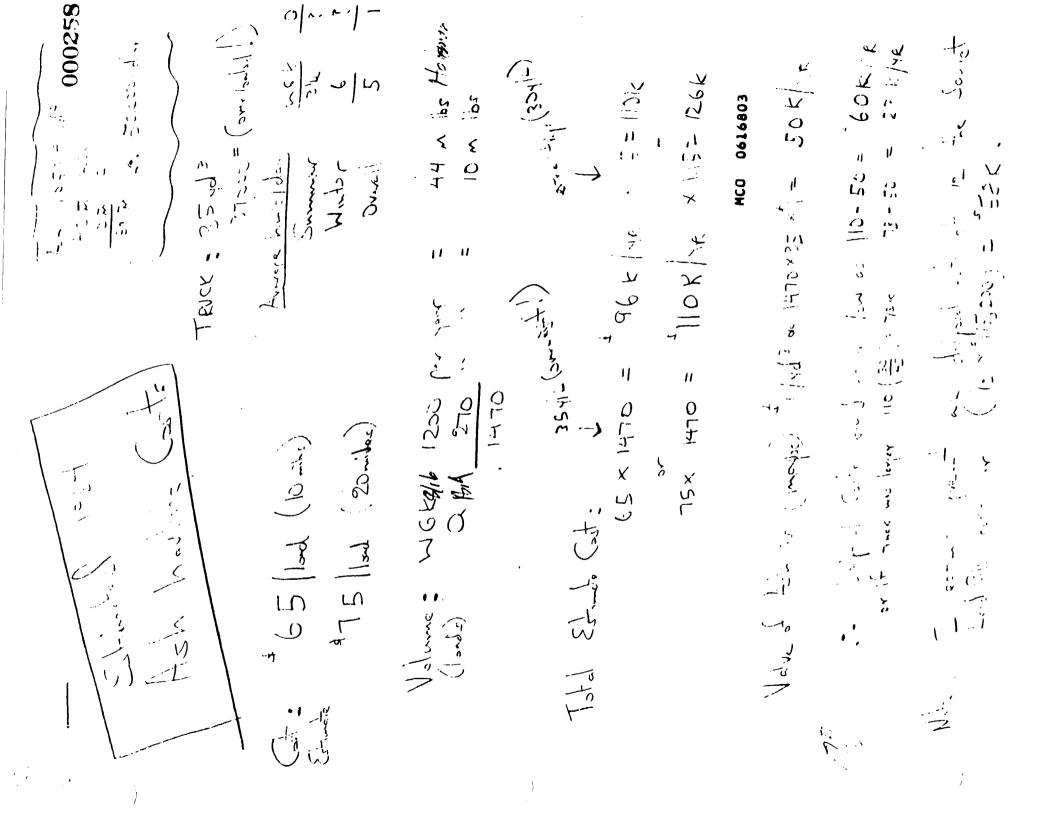
bcc: J. W. Molloy

B. R. Williams

R. C. Shaneberger

J. Christian

MCO 0616802



TRUCK 80,000 5yr K 200 20% M 16,000 + 32,000 20,000 Labor Frel Law 5,000 \$ 57,000 13000 P.o.C. + 20% LF Trush + P.f. 45,000

1 15,000

.5M8 - .00557 _N-F-ONE

January 19, 1982

J. W. Molloy
Mayor Paul Sauget

∘ಕ**೯೯೯**೯೩೩೧

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40183°

SATE

: John Christian

We have reached agreement with Paul Sauget on a price increase for landfilling and ash hauling services, per Contract No. 02-03-0563, dated 1/1/79. The price will increase from \$8,010 to \$9,600 per month, retroactive to 1/1/82. This does not include the special landfill charge of \$986.03 per month, which will continue through calendar 1982, per our letter agreement of 12/28/79, but does include consideration for ash disposal from the Queeny and Krummrich Plants. This represents a 19.85% increase, or approximately 10% per year, since our last increase in 1/80.

M. Smull

W. L. Smull

emz

H Wonsperifii

MCD 0616805

PAUL SAUGET 2700 Falling Springs Road Sauget, IL 62201

September 29, 1982

Mr. Warren Smull Monsanto Company Sauget, IL 62201

Dear Warren:

Effective January 1, 1983 the landfill contract will be on a monthly basis only, as the area for which I have a permit is nearly full.

The monthly charge will remain the same.

As of October 1, 1982 Sauget & Co. will be dissolved and will operate under the name of Paul Sauget.

Yours truly,

PAUL SAUGET

PS/blw K

I

Nonspecific

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MCD 0616806

W. L. Smull / W. G. Krummrich

December 28, 1979

Sanitary Landfill

B. R. Williams

J. W. Molloy

L. L. Dearing

E. R. Billen

STERENCE

70

John Christian

At the request of Monsanto and Edwin Cooper, Paul Sauget has purchased additional land adjacent to his landfill to extend the life of the facility. This protects our interest by providing us with a longer term landfill site that is a short haul from the plant and minimum cost. To compensate Sauget for this added investment, Jack Molloy has agreed to a special landfill charge of \$986.03 per month for a period of 36 months commencing in January 1980. Please issue a purchase order to Sauget covering this special landfill charge. Sauget will include this as a line item on his normal monthly landfill billing.

W. L. Smull

/gh

WLS:

Purchase price from IC was \$57,000. Monthly payments are \$1,972.05/Mo. for 36 mos. Closing on purchase was 12/21/79

SAUGET & CO. 2700 Monsanto Avenue Sauget, Illinois 62206

November 22, 1978

Mr. D. M. Francisco
Purchasing Supervisor
Monsanto Chemical Intermediates Co.
Sauget, Illinois 62201

Dear Mr. Francisco:

I am returning herewith the purchase order for the solid waste facilities in Sauget. Due to increased costs in wages, insurance, etc. I am requesting the contract fee be increased to \$7,282.00 per month for the year 1979.

Please feel free to call me if you have any question about this.

Yours truly,

PAUL SAUGET

PS/bjl

Won Specific # 8

CONTRACT NO. 02-03-0563

RENEWED 1/1/79

AGREEMENT FOR SANITARY LANDFILL PRIVILEGES

This Agreement made and entered into as of January 1, 1979, by and between SAUGET AND COMPANY, a Delaware Corporation located in Sauget Village, St. Clair County, State of Illinois, hereinafter called "Sauget" and MONSANTO COMPANY, a Delaware Corporation with General Offices at St. Louis, Missouri, hereinafter called "Monsanto."

WITNESSETH THAT:

WHEREAS, Monsanto operates chemical industries situated in Sauget Village, Centerville Township, St. Clair County, Illinois, and at 1700 South Second Street, St. Louis, Missouri, and desires to dispose of refuse materials from said industries, and

WHEREAS, Sauget is willing to permit the disposal of such refuse by Monsanto on Sauget's Sanitary Landfill upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set out.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is hereby agreed by and between the parties hereto as follows:

1. Sauget agrees as follows:

a) To operate for Monsanto's exclusive use said

Sanitary Landfill, located on property leased from Union

Electric Company north of Monsanto Avenue and east of

the Corps of Engineers Levee between the Illinois

Central-Gulf Railroad Track.

To permit Monsanto to haul to said Sanitary

- c) To operate said Sanitary Landfill in accordance with the Illinois EPA Rules and Regulations and the operating permit issued to Sauget and Company (#1973-2) on January 11, 1973, by the Illinois EPA.
- d) To allow contractors performing work for Monsanto at its W. G. Krummrich Plant and its J. F. Queeny Plant to haul and dump refuse resulting from such work upon presentation of a permit issued by Monsanto identifying the contractor, the project involved and the term of such project. One permit shall be sufficient for each contractor for each project for the term of such project. Such contractor shall comply with all rules and regulations applicable to said dump, whether promulgated by Sauget or by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency or otherwise and, in the event that such contractor violates any of said rules and regulations, Sauget may cancel such permit and, if it does so, shall notify Monsanto in writing of such cancellation.
- e) To furnish the services of a dump truck and driver on a not less than forty (40) hour per week basis for the purpose of (1) hauling cover material for the Sanitary Landfill and (2) hauling cinders from the Monsanto Plants for use as cover material and (3)

providing other services as necessary for the proper operation of the Sanitary Landfill.

- f) To furnish the services of a bulldozer and bull-dozer operator on a not less than forty (40) hour per week basis for the purpose of compaction and covering of refuse deposited on the Sanitary Landfill site.
- g) To permit the unloading of the refuse which Monsanto or its contractors hauls to the Sanitary Landfill on a six day per week basis (Monday through Saturday) including Holidays only between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. At all other times the Sanitary Landfill will be closed and padlocked.
- h) To maintain the Sanitary Landfill at all times in such condition as to allow the refuse to be freely unloaded without delay.
- i) To maintain at all times access for trucks to dump from the nearest improved road.
- j) To wash refuse container boxes at the Sanitary
 Landfill when requested by Monsanto so long as water
 is available without cost, for use by Sauget.
- k) To hold Monsanto harmless from and indemnify
 Monsanto against any and all liability, loss or
 expense that might arise by reason of damage to
 property or crops or injury to person or persons
 resulting directly or indirectly from the operation

of said Sanitary Landfill from materials deposited therein or from Monsanto's use thereof.

- 1) To treat as Monsanto's confidential property and not use or disclose to others during or subsequent to the term of this Agreement, except as is necessary to perform the work hereunder, any information (including any technical information, experience or data) regarding Monsanto's plans, programs, plant processes, products, costs, equiment, operations or customers which may come within the knowledge of Sauget or his employees in the performance of the work or which may developed by Sauget in the course of Sauget's performance of the work without in each instance securing the prior written consent of Monsanto. Nothing herein, however, shall prevent Sauget from disclosing to others or using in any manner information which Sauget can show:
 - has been published and has become part of the public domain other than by acts of omissions of Sauget or his employees;
 - 2) has been furnished or made known to Sauget by third parties as a matter of right and without restriction on disclosure; or
 - 3) was in his possession at the time he entered into this Agreement and which was not acquired by Sauget directly or indirectly from Monsanto, its employees or its agents.

Sauget shall restrict the knowledge of all information regarding the work to as few as possible of his employees (and only to those directly connected with the performing of the work) and shall also, upon request by Monsanto, cause such persons involved in the work on Sauget's behalf as Monsanto designates to sign individual secrecy agreements in a form satisfactory to Monsanto.

m) Scavenging Forbidden. Under no circumstances shall any materials or containers which have been delivered to the Landfill by Monsanto for disposal be scavenged or retrieved for reuse or resale. Sauget convenants that it will use its best efforts to assure that this prohibition is reasonably implemented.

2. Monsanto agrees as follows:

- a) To pay to Sauget at the end of each month during the year 1979 the sum of Seven Thousand Two Hundred Eighty Two Dollars (\$7,282.00). Sauget to invoice for this amount monthly.
- b) To furnish cinders as they are available from the W. G. Krummrich Plant and the J. F. Queeny Plant.

 Such cinders are to be used as Monsanto deems necessary in the maintenance of the Sanitary Landfill.
- c) All dumping at said Sanitary Landfill by Monsanto and by its contractors shall be in conformity with any and all rules and regulations applicable to said

Sanitary Landfill whether promulgated by Sauget or by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency or otherwise.

- This Agreement shall commence with the date set forth at its beginning and shall continue for a period of twelve (12) months unless sooner terminated by either party giving to the other party at least ninety days' written notice of the party's intention to cancel same. This notice period is in the event the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency shall prevent either party from continued performance hereunder.
- 4. Should this Agreement be terminated prior to

 December 31, 1979, then payment shall be prorated on
 the basis of Seven Thousand Two Hundred Eighty Two

 Dollars (\$7,282.00) per month for the year 1979.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Agreement has been executed on behalf of each party as of the day and year set forth at its beginning.

MONSANTO COMPANY

By Manusce

Title Fusch gent

Witness Betty M. Dipley

SAUGET AND COMPANY

Title President

Vitness Betty of Long

> /	-	-	1006

000270

		140	

MASTER SERVICE AGREEMENT

1. This Agreement is made as of	March 1, 198	, by and	between Monsanto Company, 800 North
Lindbergh Boulevard, St. Louis,	Missouri 63166 ("Mo	onsanto"), and <u>M. T</u>	.S., Inc.,
2700 Falling Springs	Road, Sauget, 1	Illinois 6220	6
	("C	Contractor").	

- 2. The term "Services" shall mean furnishing all operations, labor, equipment, materials and supplies and doing all things necessary to properly perform at Monsanto's <u>W. G. Krummrich Plant</u>, <u>Sauget</u>, <u>Illinois</u> ("jobsite") the category of services set forth in Exhibit "A" as Monsanto may specify by written Work Order issued on or before <u>March 1</u>, 1988.
- If a Monsanto purchase order form is used for the issuance of a Work Order, all terms and conditions on the reverse side of such form shall be null and void.
- 4. The Services shall be commenced and completed as soon as practicable under a schedule approved by Monsanto.
- 5. For proper performance of the Services, Monsanto shall pay Contractor in accordance with the terms of the Work Order. Contractor shall pay all applicable taxes.
- 6. Contractor agrees to comply with all applicable laws, codes, rules and regulations pertaining to the Services, including Monsanto's Site Conditions and Regulations.
- 7. Contractor warrants that the Services will be of high quality with workmanship and materials proper and sufficient for the purpose contemplated.
- 8. If the Services are required by law or public authority to be inspected, Contractor shall (1) give Monsanto timely notice of the date fixed for such inspection, and (2) secure all required certificates of inspection.
- 9. Contractor shall not assign, subcontract or delegate this Agreement, in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of Monsanto. Contractor shall not be relieved of any of his obligations under this Agreement notwithstanding any such written consent by Monsanto.
- 10. Monsanto may at any time by written order issue additional instructions or provide for additions to or reductions from the Services ("changes") and Contractor agrees to promptly comply. All such changes shall be subject to the provisions of this Agreement to the same extent and with the same effect as if originally set forth herein. If appropriate, an equitable adjustment will be made to the price and/or schedule.
- 11. Except as hereinafter set forth, Contractor agrees to (1) indemnify and save Monsanto and its employes harmless against any and all demands, claims, suits, losses, damages, costs and expenses which they may hereafter suffer or incur (arising out of or in connection with the Services) as a result of bodily injury to any person or damage to any property occurring to, or caused in whole or in part by, Contractor (or his employes) or any person, firm or corporation directly or indirectly employed or engaged by Contractor, and (2) upon Monsanto's request promptly defend the same at his expense. Monsanto agrees that Contractor will not be liable for (1) loss of use resulting from damage to Monsanto's property under Contractor's care, custody or control, or (2) demands, claims, suits, losses, damages, costs and expenses arising out of bodily injury to any person or damage to any property caused by or resulting from the sole negligence of Monsanto.

MCD 0616817

- 12. Contractor agrees to maintain at his expense at least the following insurance: Workmen's Compensation (Statutory); Employer's Liability (\$300,000 each occurrence); Public Liability-Bodily Injury (\$200,000 each person, \$500,000 each occurrence); Public Liability-Property Damage (\$100,000 each occurrence); Automobile Liability-Bodily Injury (\$200,000 each person, \$500,000 each occurrence) and Automobile Liability-Property Damage (\$50,000 each occurrence). The public liability insurance shall also include coverage for all of Contractor's contractual liability under paragraph 11 hereof with limits not less than those set forth above. Contractor shall not undertake any Services on Monsanto's premises unless and until he has obtained the insurance set forth above and certificates of insurance confirming such coverages have been approved by Monsanto.
- 13. Monsanto may at any time by written notice terminate this Agreement (or any Work Orders issued pursuant thereto) or suspend, delay or interrupt all or any part of the Services thereunder. If Monsanto terminates for any reason other than breach by Contractor, Monsanto will pay Contractor for all costs previously incurred by Contractor in good faith in connection with the Services, plus a reasonable allowance for overhead and profit, but not to exceed the prices set forth in this Agreement or Work Orders issued pursuant thereto. If the Services are suspended, delayed or interrupted by Monsanto for a period of ninety days (unless otherwise agreed), upon giving Monsanto sixty days prior written notice Contractor may elect to treat such action as if Monsanto had terminated pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph. If Contractor is authorized to resume the Services, an equitable adjustment will be made to the price and/or schedule, as appropriate.
- 14. Contractor agrees to indemnify and save Monsanto harmless against any and all liens and encumbrances (arising out of or in connection with performance of the Services) and to keep Monsanto's premises free from all such liens and encumbrances.
- 15. Contractor is and shall remain an independent contractor in his performance of the Services and neither Contractor nor anyone directly or indirectly employed or engaged by Contractor shall make any representations to the contrary.
- 16. Contractor agrees that payment, termination, suspensions, delays, interruptions or acceptance of completed Services shall not terminate his obligations under paragraphs 7, 8, 9, 11, 14 or 16 hereof.
- 17. This Agreement (including attached Exhibit(s) "A" thru___ _) is the final, complete and exclusive statement of the agreement between Monsanto and Contractor. No terms, conditions, understandings, usage of the trade, courses of dealing or agreements purporting to modify, vary, explain or supplement this Agreement shall be binding unless hereafter made in writing and signed by Monsanto and Contractor. The validity, interpretation and performance of this Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the jobsite location.

18. Special Provisions (if any):

MCO 0616819

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Monsanto and Contractor have executed this Agreement effective as of the date set forth at the beginning.

MONSANTO COMPANY

Supervisor

EXHIBIT "A" MASTER SERVICE AGREEMENT NO. STLK-1006

1.0 Category of Services - General Description

Hauling Coal from Pillsbury	\$ 1.60 per ton March 1, 1986 - February 28, 1987
	\$ 1.75 per ton March 1, 1987 - February 28, 1988
Overtime, Sunday and Holiday premium	\$.20 per ton
Hauling Coal from E. G. Bussen Overtime, Sunday and Holiday premium	\$ 3.00 per ton .50 per ton
Hauling Coal from in-plant storage to Power House	
Truck and driver	\$30.00 per howr
Overtime, Sunday and Holiday premium	8.00 per hour
Load and operator for in-plant loading	
and stacking of coal	\$50.00 per howr
Overtime, Sunday and Holiday premium	8.00 per hour

Manpower and equipment will be available on an around the clock basis.

Monsanto

Monsanto Chemical Company 500 Monsanto Ave. Sauget, Illinois 62206-1198 Phone: (618) 271-5835

March 18, 1986

M.T.S., Inc. 2700 Falling Springs Road Sauget, Illinois 62206

Attention: Mr. Paul Sauget

Dear Mr. Sauget:

Enclosed please find two (2) copies of our Master Service Agreement for your company.

Please sign both copies and return one to my attention at the above address.

Thanking you in advance, I remain,

Sincerely,

John J. Christian Purchasing Supervisor

/dev

Enclosure

Continuation

Saurey

Monaporine & agreement

8

MCO 0616821

#14 G

NO

MASTER SERVICE AGREEMENT

000274

1. This Agreement is made as of <u>March 1, 1986</u>	by and between Monsanto Company, 800 North
Lindbergh Boulevard, St. Louis, Missouri 63166 ("Monsanto"), and	M.T.S., Inc.,
2700 Falling Springs Road, Sauget, Illinois	62206
("Contractor").	
2. The term "Services" shall mean furnishing all operations, labor, things necessary to properly perform at Monsanto's <u>W. G. Krus</u> ("jobsite") the category of services set forth in Exhibit "A" as Monon or before <u>March 1, 1988.</u>	mmrich Plant. Sauget. Illinois
3. The term "Work Order" shall mean the written order issued by to be performed at the jobsite under the terms and conditions of statement substantially as follows: "THE SERVICES AUTHOR PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AND SHALL BE GOVERNICE AGREEMENT NO	this Agreement. Each Work Order shall contain a RIZED BY THIS WORK ORDER SHALL BE/ERNED BY THE PROVISIONS OF MASTER
If a Monsanto purchase order form is used for the issuance of a World side of such form shall be null and void.	
4. The Services shall be commenced and completed as soon as pra	cticable under a schedule approved by Monsanto.
For proper performance of the Services, Monsanto shall pay Con Order. Contractor shall pay all applicable taxes.	stractor in accordance with the terms of the Work
6. Contractor agrees to comply with all applicable laws, codes, including Monsanto's Site Conditions and Regulations.	rules and regulations pertaining to the Services,

8. If the Services are required by law or public authority to be inspected, Contractor shall (1) give Monsanto timely

notice of the date fixed for such inspection, and (2) secure all required certificates of inspection.

7. Contractor warrants that the Services will be of high quality with workmanship and materials proper and

- 9. Contractor shall not assign, subcontract or delegate this Agreement, in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of Monsanto. Contractor shall not be relieved of any of his obligations under this Agreement notwithstanding any such written consent by Monsanto.
- 10. Monsanto may at any time by written order issue additional instructions or provide for additions to or reductions from the Services ("changes") and Contractor agrees to promptly comply. All such changes shall be subject to the provisions of this Agreement to the same extent and with the same effect as if originally set forth herein. If appropriate, an equitable adjustment will be made to the price and/or schedule.
- 11. Except as hereinafter set forth, Contractor agrees to (1) indemnify and save Monsanto and its employes harmless against any and all demands, claims, suits, losses, damages, costs and expenses which they may hereafter suffer or incur (arising out of or in connection with the Services) as a result of bodily injury to any person or damage to any property occurring to, or caused in whole or in part by, Contractor (or his employes) or any person, firm or corporation directly or indirectly employed or engaged by Contractor, and (2) upon Monsanto's request promptly defend the same at his expense. Monsanto agrees that Contractor will not be liable for (1) loss of use resulting from damage to Monsanto's property under Contractor's care, custody or control, or (2) demands, claims, suits, losses, damages, costs and expenses arising out of bodily injury to any person or damage to any property caused by or resulting from the sole negligence of Monsanto.

MCO 0616822

sufficient for the purpose contemplated.

- 12. Contractor agrees to maintain at his expense at least the following insurance: Workmen's Compensation (Statutory); Employer's Liability (\$300,000 each occurrence); Public Liability—Bodily Injury (\$200,000 each person, \$500,000 each occurrence); Public Liability—Property Damage (\$100,000 each occurrence); Automobile Liability—Bodily Injury (\$200,000 each person, \$500,000 each occurrence) and Automobile Liability—Property Damage (\$50,000 each occurrence). The public liability insurance shall also include coverage for all of Contractor's contractual liability under paragraph 11 hereof with limits not less than those set forth above. Contractor shall not undertake any Services on Monsanto's premises unless and until he has obtained the insurance set forth above and certificates of insurance confirming such coverages have been approved by Monsanto.
- 13. Monsanto may at any time by written notice terminate this Agreement (or any Work Orders issued pursuant thereto) or suspend, delay or interrupt all or any part of the Services thereunder. If Monsanto terminates for any reason other than breach by Contractor, Monsanto will pay Contractor for all costs previously incurred by Contractor in good faith in connection with the Services, plus a reasonable allowance for overhead and profit, but not to exceed the prices set forth in this Agreement or Work Orders issued pursuant thereto. If the Services are suspended, delayed or interrupted by Monsanto for a period of ninety days (unless otherwise agreed), upon giving Monsanto sixty days prior written notice Contractor may elect to treat such action as if Monsanto had terminated pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph. If Contractor is authorized to resume the Services, an equitable adjustment will be made to the price and/or schedule, as appropriate.
- 14. Contractor agrees to indemnify and save Monsanto harmless against any and all liens and encumbrances (arising out of or in connection with performance of the Services) and to keep Monsanto's premises free from all such liens and encumbrances.
- 15. Contractor is and shall remain an independent contractor in his performance of the Services and neither Contractor nor anyone directly or indirectly employed or engaged by Contractor shall make any representations to the contrary.
- 16. Contractor agrees that payment, termination, suspensions, delays, interruptions or acceptance of completed Services shall not terminate his obligations under paragraphs 7, 8, 9, 11, 14 or 16 hereof.
- 17. This Agreement (including attached Exhibit(s) "A" thru_____) is the final, complete and exclusive statement of the agreement between Monsanto and Contractor. No terms, conditions, understandings, usage of the trade, courses of dealing or agreements purporting to modify, vary, explain or supplement this Agreement shall be binding unless hereafter made in writing and signed by Monsanto and Contractor. The validity, interpretation and performance of this Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the jobsite location.
- 18. Special Provisions (if any):

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Monsanto and Contractor	have executed this Agreement effective as of the date set
forth at the beginning.	
MONSANTO COMPANY	
By Christia	Ву
Title Purchasing Supervisor	Title
Witness Jelly Selly	Witness
	

EXHIBIT "A" MASTER SERVICE AGREEMENT NO.

1.0 Category of Services - General Description

Hauling Coal from Pillsbury	\$ 1.60 per ton March 1, 1986 - February 28, 1987
	\$ 1.75 per ton March 1, 1987 - February 28, 1988
Overtime, Sunday and Holiday premium	\$.20 per ton
Hauling Coal from E. G. Bussen Overtime, Sunday and Holiday premium	\$ 3.00 per ton .50 per ton
Hauling Coal from in-plant storage to Power House	
Truck and driver	\$30.00 per hour
Overtime, Sunday and Holiday premium	8.00 per hour
Load and operator for in-plant loading	
and stacking of coal	\$50.00 per hour
Overtime, Sunday and Holiday premium	8.00 per hour

Manpower and equipment will be available on an around the clock basis.

MASTER SERVICE AGREEMENT

1. This Agreement is made as of August 1, 1984 , by and between Monsanto Company, 800 North
Lindbergh Boulevard, St. Louis, Missouri 63166 ("Monsanto"), and M.T.S., Inc.,
2700 Falling Springs Road, Sauget, Illinois 62206
("Contractor").
2. The term "Services" shall mean furnishing all operations, labor, equipment, materials and supplies and doing all things necessary to properly perform at Monsanto's <u>W. G. Krummrich Plant, Sauget, Illinois</u> ("jobsite") the category of services set forth in Exhibit "A" as Monsanto may specify by written Work Order issued on or before <u>July 31, 1987</u> .
3. The term "Work Order" shall mean the written order issued by Monsanto to Contractor designating the Services to be performed at the jobsite under the terms and conditions of this Agreement. Each Work Order shall contain a statement substantially as follows: "THE SERVICES AUTHORIZED BY THIS WORK ORDER SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AND SHALL BE GOVERNED BY THE PROVISIONS OF MASTER SERVICE AGREEMENT NO. <u>STLK-1006</u> DATED <u>August 1, 1984</u> ."
If a Monsanto purchase order form is used for the issuance of a Work Order, all terms and conditions on the reverse side of such form shall be null and void.
4. The Services shall be commenced and completed as soon as practicable under a schedule approved by Monsanto.

- 5. For proper performance of the Services, Monsanto shall pay Contractor in accordance with the terms of the Work Order. Contractor shall pay all applicable taxes.
- Contractor agrees to comply with all applicable laws, codes, rules and regulations pertaining to the Services, including Monsanto's Site Conditions and Regulations.
- 7. Contractor warrants that the Services will be of high quality with workmanship and materials proper and sufficient for the purpose contemplated.
- 8. If the Services are required by law or public authority to be inspected, Contractor shall (1) give Monsanto timely notice of the date fixed for such inspection, and (2) secure all required certificates of inspection.
- 9. Contractor shall not assign, subcontract or delegate this Agreement, in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of Monsanto. Contractor shall not be relieved of any of his obligations under this Agreement notwithstanding any such written consent by Monsanto.
- 10. Monsanto may at any time by written order issue additional instructions or provide for additions to or reductions from the Services ("changes") and Contractor agrees to promptly comply. All such changes shall be subject to the provisions of this Agreement to the same extent and with the same effect as if originally set forth herein. If appropriate, an equitable adjustment will be made to the price and/or schedule.
- 11. Except as hereinafter set forth, Contractor agrees to (1) indemnify and save Monsanto and its employes harmless against any and all demands, claims, suits, losses, damages, costs and expenses which they may hereafter suffer or incur (arising out of or in connection with the Services) as a result of bodily injury to any person or damage to any property occurring to, or caused in whole or in part by, Contractor (or his employes) or any person, firm or corporation directly or indirectly employed or engaged by Contractor, and (2) upon Monsanto's request promptly defend the same at his expense. Monsanto agrees that Contractor will not be liable for (1) loss of use resulting from damage to Monsanto's property under Contractor's care, custody or control, or (2) demands, claims, suits, losses, damages, costs and expenses arising out of bodily injury to any person or damage to any property caused by or resulting from the sole negligence of Monsanto.

- 12. Contractor agrees to maintain at his expense at least the following: Workmen's Compensation (Statutory); Employer's Liability (\$500,00 each occurrence); Public Liability-Bodily Injury (\$1,000,000 each occurrence); Public Liability-Property Damage (\$500,000 each occurrence); Automobile Liability-Bodily Injury (\$200,000 each person, \$500,000 each occurrence) and Automobile Liability-Property Damage (\$100,000 each occurrence). The public liability insurance shall also include coverage for all of Contractor's contractual liability under paragraph 11 hereof with limits not less than those set forth above. Contractor shall not undertake any Services on Monsanto's premises unless and until he has obtained the insurance set forth above and certificates of insurance confirming such coverages have been approved by Monsanto.
- Monsanto may at any time by written notice terminate this Agreement (or any Work Orders issued pursuant thereto) or suspend, delay or interrupt all or any part of the Services thereunder. If Monsanto terminates for any reason other than breach by Contractor, Monsanto will pay Contractor for all costs previously incurred by Contractor in good faith in connection with the Services, plus a reasonable allowance for overhead and profit, but not to exceed the prices set forth in this Agreement or Work Orders issued pursuant thereto. If the Services are suspended, delayed or interrupted by Monsanto for a period of ninety days (unless otherwise agreed), upon giving Monsanto sixty days prior written notice Contractor may elect to treat such action as if Monsanto had terminated pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph. If Contractor is authorized to resume the Services, an equitable adjustment will be made to the price and/or schedule, as appropriate.
- 14. Contractor agrees to indemnify and save Monsanto harmless against any and all liens and encumbrances (arising out of or in connection with performance of the Services) and to keep Monsanto's premises free from all such liens and encumbrances.
- Contractor is and shall remain an independent contractor in his performance of the Services and neither Contractor nor anyone directly or indirectly employed or engaged by Contractor shall make any representations to the contrary.
- agrees that payment, termination, suspensions, Contractor interruptions or acceptance of completed Services shall not terminate his obligations under paragraphs 7,8,9,11,14 or 16 hereof.
- This Agreement (including attached Exhibit "A" is the final, complete and exclusive statement of the agreement between Monsanto and Contractor. No terms, conditions, understandings, usage of the trade, courses of dealing or agreements purporting to modify, vary, explain or supplement this Agreement shall be binding unless hereafter made in writing and signed by Monsanto and Contractor. validity, interpretation and performance of this Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the jobsite location

MCO 0616827

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Monsanto and Contractor have executed this Agreement effective as of the date set forth at the beginning.

MONSANTO GOMPANY

	EXHIB	IT "A"	
MASTER	SERVICE	AGREEMENT	NO

1.0 Category of Services - General Description

Overtime, Sunday & Holiday premium	\$ 2.60 per ton .50 per ton
Hauling coal from in plant storage to Power House Truck and driver Overtime, Sunday & Holiday premium	\$30.00 per hour 8.00 per hour
Loader and operator for in plant loading and stacking of coal Overtime. Sunday & Holiday premium	\$50.00 per hour 8.00 per hour

Manpower and equipment will be avaialable on an around the clock basis.

AGREEMENT FOR DUMPING PRIVILEGES

This Agreement made and entered into this <a href="https://linear.com/linear.

WITNESSETH THAT:

WHEREAS, Monsanto owns and operates a chemical industry situated in the Village of Monsanto, Centerville Township, St. Clair County, Illinois, and desires to dispose of refuse materials from said industry, and

WHEREAS, Sauget owns certain property in Monsanto Village, Centerville Township, St. Clair County, Illinois, which is operated by Sauget as a private dump, and

WHEREAS, Sauget is willing to permit the disposal of such refuse by Monsanto on Sauget's property upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set out,

NOW THEREFORE, it is hereby agreed by and between the parties hereto as follows:

Sauget agrees as follows:

- (a) To permit Monsanto to haul and dump at Monsanto's expense and risk any or all refuse resulting from the normal operations at Monsanto's chemical plant. Any refuse containing acid shall be neutralized with lime.
- (b) To maintain the dump at all times in such condition as to allow Monsanto to freely dump all refuse. Cinders will be furnished by Monsanto to assist in this maintenance as Monsanto deems necessary.
- (c) To maintain at all times access for trucks to the dump from the nearest improved road.

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(d) To hold Monsanto harmless from and indemnify Monsanto against any and all liability, loss or expense that might arise by reason of damage to property or crops or injury to person or persons resulting directly or indirectly from the operation of said dump, from materials deposited therein or from Mcnsanto's use thereof.

Monsanto agrees as follows:

- (a) To pay to Sauget at the end of each year that this agreement is in effect, the sum of Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00).
- (b) To indemnify Sauget against any and all damage to Monsanto's equipment or injury to Monsanto's employes or agents while on the property of Sauget.

This agreement shall continue in effect for a period of one year from January 1, 1958, to January 1, 1959, and thereafter from year to year subject to the right of either party to terminate same at any time after January 1, 1959, by giving to the other party at least ninety (90) days' written notice of that party's intention to cancel same.

Should this agreement be terminated at any time other than at the end of a calendar year then payment shall be prorated on the basis of Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00) per year.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this instrument to be executed in triplicate the day and year first above written.

LEO SAUGET

-2-

ATTACHMENT 6

INFORMATION ON POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES (PRP)

- 1. PRP List Area I
- 2. Extracts from "Expanded Site Investigation, Dead Creek Project Sites At Cahokia/Sauget, Illinois", Ecology and Environment (May 1988):
 - A. Site History (pp 2-41 to 2-68)
 - B. Findings (pp 7-1 to 7-6)
 - C. Site Specific Descriptions (Appendix A, pp G-1 to IA-6, L-1 to M-5, B-1 to C-5)



2. EXTRACTS



A. SITE HISTORY

intake in the river. This intake is located at river mile 190, approximately 12 miles north of the DCP area. Residents in St. Louis County, Missouri, including all of the surrounding suburban areas, are serviced by the St. Louis County Public Water District, which utilizes intakes in the Missouri and Meramec rivers as water sources. According to the available sources, the nearest downstream surface intake on the Illinois side of the Mississippi River is located at river mile 110, approximately 65 miles south of the project area. This intake supplies drinking water to residents in the Town of Chester and surrounding areas in Randolf County, Illinois. The nearest potentially impacted public water supply on the Missouri side of the river is located at river mile 149, approximately 28 miles south of the DCP area. The Village of Crystal City, Hissouri (pop. 4,000), located 28 miles south of the DCP area, utilizes a Ranney well adjacent to the Mississippi River as a source for drinking water. Although this is not actually a surface water intake, it is assumed that the well draws river water due to its construction and location adjacent to the river.

An assessment of irrigational use of groundwater and surface water in the DCP area was also conducted as part of the water supply search. Although agricultural land is found throughout the immediate project area, this land is apparently not irrigated. The nearest irrigated land, other than residential lawns and gardens, is located in the Schmids Lake-East Carondolet area. According to the University of Illinois Agricultural Extension Service, three wells in this area are used to irrigate approximately 400 acres of farmland. Approximately 1.9 mgd are withdrawn from water wells for irrigational use in St. Clair County (Kirk et al. 1982). Other than the three wells located in Schmids Lake-East Carondolet area, no specific information concerning the location of wells used for irrigation is available.

2.6 SITE HISTORY

The DCP area has an extensive and complex history of waste disposal activities. A brief history of individual project sites was previously outlined in a report titled "Description of Current Situation at the Dead Creek Project Sites," completed by E & E in July 1986 (provided as Appendix A). Because site histories were described in the July 1986

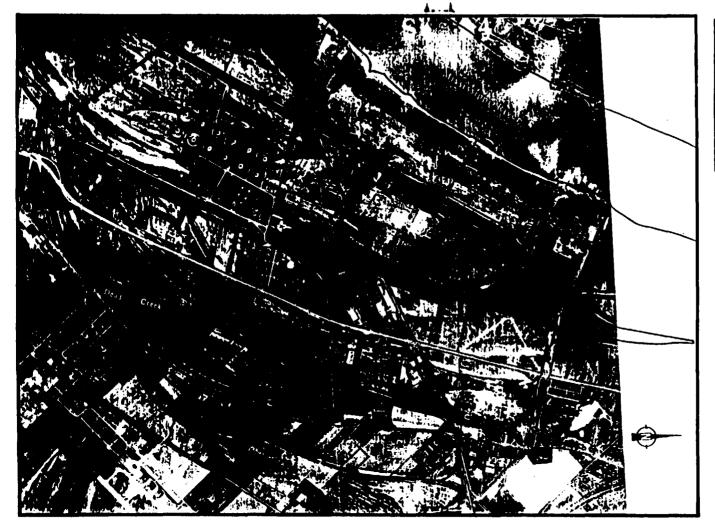
report, this section will be limited to a discussion of points not covered in the that report. Items specifically presented in this section will include: an examination of historical aerial photographs, a brief chronology of local investigations conducted by governmental agencies and area firms, and a discussion of site ownership at the time of disposal activities.

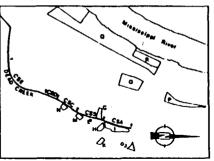
2.6.1 Analysis of Aerial Photographs

Historical aerial photographs were used initially by IEPA to identify potential sources of contamination observed in the DCP study area. These photographs also provided a chronology of disposal activities at the DCP sites. The photographs revealed several excavated areas which were thought to have been subsequently used for waste disposal activities. IEPA then conducted a preliminary hydrogeological investigation in the area and presented the findings, along with an assessment of the photographs (St. John 1981). In order to assess site conditions and to more accurately locate site boundaries, E & E obtained aerial photographs for the years 1937, 1950, 1955, 1962, 1973, 1978, and 1985. Results of this analysis were also used to determine placement of soil gas monitoring points, soil borings, and monitoring wells.

The aerial photograph from 1937 (see Figure 2-20) shows the project area with present site boundaries and distinguishing features superimposed on it. The Sauget area had been significantly industrialized at the time, indicating that some form of industrial waste disposal activity probably occurred in the area prior to 1937. The only current DCP sites evident in the photograph are Sites H and I, which were apparently undergoing initial excavation at the time. Queeny Avenue had not yet been constructed, and a single excavation extended north of Site H, across the present location of Queeny Avenue, and onto the southern portion of Site I (the present boundaries for Sites H and E were based on property ownerships and the separation of the areas by Queeny Avenue). Figure 2-20 also shows Dead Creek as an uninterrupted stream, with little activity along the banks of the creek.

The aerial photograph from 1950 (see Figure 2-21) shows significant change in the DCP area. Several additional excavations can be seen in the general area around Dead Creek, and industrial activity in the area

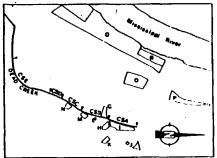




SITE LOCATION INDEX MAP

FIGURE 2-20 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH OF DCP AREA - 1937





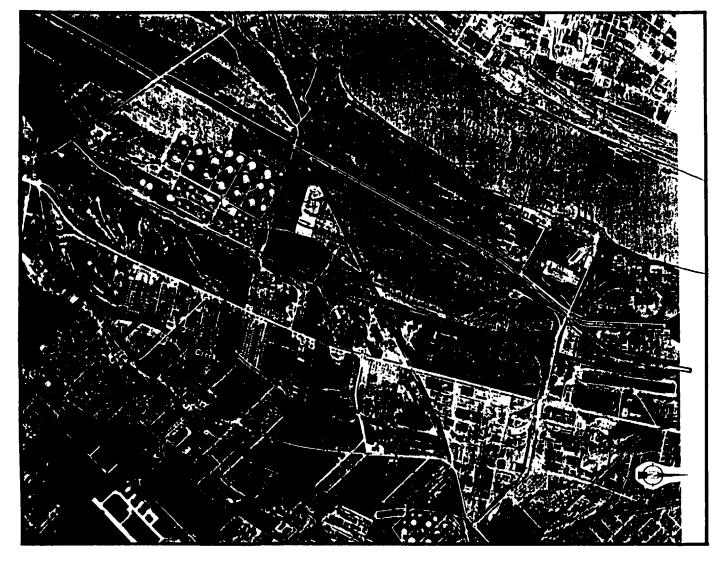
BITE LOCATION INDEX MAP

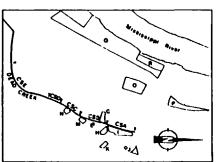
FIGURE 2-21 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY OF DCP AREA, 1950

increased significantly. New excavations visible in the figure were located at the areas now designated as Sites G, I, K, M, and N. All of these pits were excavated into the water table, which was approximately 25 feet below ground surface at that time (Bruin 1953). The majority of Site H had been filled by 1950, with the exception of a small area in the northwest corner of the site. Queeny Avenue was completed by 1950. This construction divided the pit initially seen in the 1937 photograph. Marked discoloration can be seen in CS-A and the northern portion of CS-B, indicating disposal into the creek or runoff from the pits entering the creek. Residential development had also increased in the DCP area, particularly south of Site M along Dead Creek.

The aerial photograph from 1955 (see Figure 2-22) shows a new excavation in the eastern portion of Site J. The initial pit at Sites H and I had been completely filled, and the area appears to be low-lying in relationship to the surrounding topography, indicating that material in the pit had settled. Disposal activities continued in the northern part of Sites I and G. The excavations at Sites K, M, and N remained essentially unchanged, although the water table was no longer evident in any of the three sites. This is probably due to the large increase in groundwater pumpage between 1950 and 1955, which lowered the water table in the area between 5 and 10 feet. Residential development continued to increase, most notably on Walnut Street which is immediately east of Site M. Initial activity was also seen at Sites Q and R, adjacent to the Mississippi River.

The aerial photograph from 1962 (see Figure 2-23) shows a marked increase in what appears to be disposal activity at Sites Q and R. A tank farm had been constructed along the river adjacent to Site R. Several small excavated areas are seen in the northern portion of both sites, and waste material is evident along the east side of Site Q. Disposal activity continued at Site G, and the photograph shows the site expanded to the west toward Illinois Route 3. The north excavation at Site I and the pits at Site K and Site N had been filled. Site M did not change, although water is again evident in the pit. The initial excavation at Site J had increased in size, and a second pit is now seen to the north of the plant buildings at the site. Surface disposal is not evident at Site J in the 1962 photograph. The only remaining





SITE LOCATION INDEX MAP

FIGURE 2-23 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH OF DCP AREA - 1962

2-47

project sites not active by 1962 were Sites L, O, and P. Discoloration is again seen in CS-A and CS-B, and dark stains are also evident along the west bank of CS-B in an area adjacent to Site G. These stains are distinguishable from the lighter discoloration mentioned previously, and are possibly the result of discharge from an effluent pipe reported to have been utilized by the Midwest Rubber Company.

The aerial photograph from 1973 (see Figure 2-24) shows the first evidence of disposal activity at the three remaining project sites: Site L, Site O, and Site P. The former surface impoundment at Site L is clearly identifiable immediately to the north of a cultivated field. The water in CS-B is again discolored, particularly in the area adjacent to Site L. The sludge lagoons at Site O appear to have been active for several years, and a dark liquid or sludge-like material is visible in the two west lagoons. A large amount of excavation is seen at Site P, with dark staining evident in the south-central and eastern portions of the site. The present boundaries of Site R are defined, and significant, liquid waste disposal is evident in the southern one-half of the site. Several individual cells, or bermed areas, are seen in this area. Disposal activities appear to have been completed in the northern portion of Site Q (adjacent to Site R), although landfilling continues to the south. With the exception of Site L, activity at the sites in the immediate Dead Creek area appears to have been completed. A building has been constructed along the west side of Site G in an area where previous photographs indicated waste disposal activity. Site I has been graded and is being used as a storage area. The large pit at Site J has been partially filled, but ponded water is still visible. Initial activity is also apparent in the surface disposal area to the northeast of the plant buildings at Site J. Although the excavation at Site K had apparently been filled previously (see Figure 2-23), activity is again seen in this area. A large pit had again been excavated, and a dark liquid (possibly water) is seen throughout the excavated area. Commercial and residential development in the area had approached present conditions.

The aerial photograph from 1978 (see Figure 2-25) again shows significant activity at Sites O and P. Disposal activities at Site Q and R appear to have been completed. Sites J and L remain unchanged.



SITE LOCATION INDEX MAP

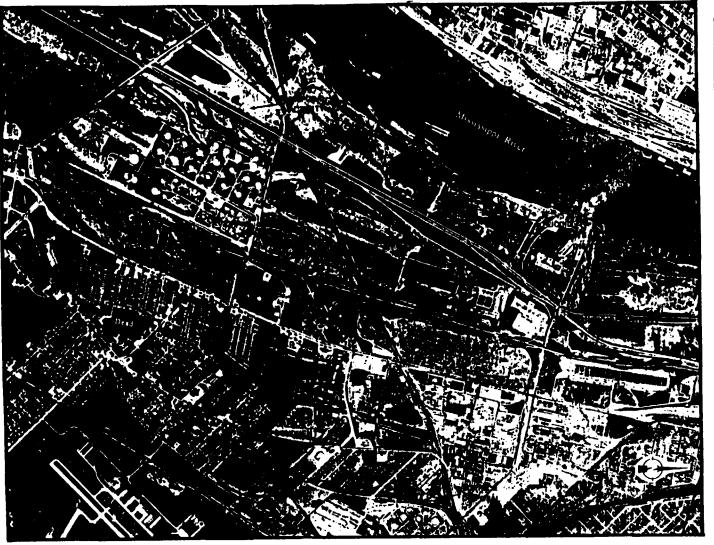
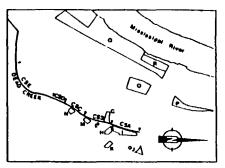


FIGURE 2-24 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH OF DCP AREA - 1973

2-49

4....



SITE LOCATION INDEX MAP

FIGURE 2-25 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH OF DCP AREA - 1978

The excavation at Site K has again been filled. Light-colored staining remained evident in CS-A and CS-B. This observation is consistent with complaints from local residents to IEPA concerning odors and discoloration in the creek during this time. The appearance of the remaining project sites shown on this figure resembles current conditions in the DCP area.

The aerial photograph from 1985 (see Figure 2-26) shows site conditions at the onset of this project. Waste disposal activities had been completed at all DCP sites. Sites showing waste material at the surface include Site G, Site J, and Site P. Site O and Site R had been capped and vegetated, and construction of the new regional wastewater treatment plant (south of Site O) underway. Large piles of coal and cinders are evident on the surface of Site Q. A building and parking area have been completed in the southeast corner of Site P. Water is still evident in the pits at Site J and Site M, and the impoundment at Site L had been filled.

It should be noted that the analysis of historical aerial photographs was limited to only those sites included in this study. Several other potential sources of contamination, such as the Route 3 Drum Site, are also evident in the photographs.

2.6.2 Chronology of Site Activities

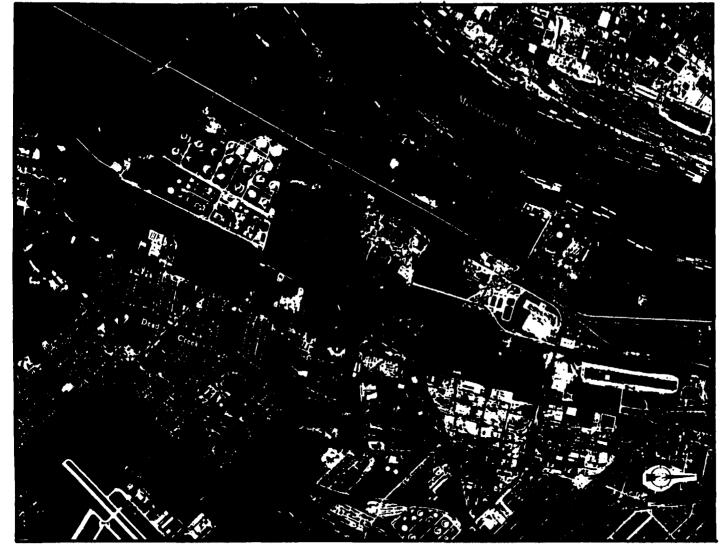
The DCP area has a long history of investigation activity by government agencies and private consultants to area industries. A brief chronology of these activities, with references to specific project sites, is as follows:

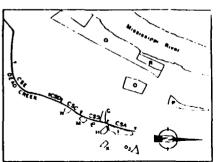
March 1942

Correspondence from an Illinois Sanitary Water Board engineer represents the earliest available file information concerning waste discharge and contamination in Dead Creek and the Mississippi River.

March 1967

Sauget & Co. filed a registration application for disposal site (Site Q) to the Illinois Department of Public Health (IDPH).





SITE LOCATION INDEX MAP

FIGURE 2-26 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH OF DCP AREA - 1985

August 1968	IDPH sampled monitoring wells at Site R. Phenols detected in all wells sampled.
August 1968	In response to an IDPH request, Monsanto sub- mitted a waste inventory of material disposed of at Site R. Inventory included 35,470 cubic yards of material, listed by chemical category.
March 1971	The Cahokia Health Department received complaints from area residents concerning chemical discharges to Dead Creek.
April 1971	IDPH inspection of Dead Creek (CS-B) indicated no apparent discharge from CS-A following the blockage of the Queeny Avenue culvert.
April 1971	IEPA inspection of Site R revealed disposal of bulk chemical waste and drums.
April 1971	IEPA inspector observed Waggoner Company (Site L) tank truck discharging material directly to Dead Creek.
May 1971	Illinois Pollution Control Board (PCB) order 71-29 issued to Sauget & Co. to respond to request for information concerning Site R, and to cease using cinders for final cover at Site Q.
June 1971	Monsanto responded to PCB order 71-29, listing 18,400 cubic yards of chemical wastes disposed of at Site R for the year 1971.
July 1971	IEPA cited Waggoner Company for discharges to

Dead Creek.

August 1971 Vaggoner responded to IEPA, stating discharges to

Dead Creek had ceased, and that the company was

using a pit for discharges (Site L) at that time.

September 1971- IEPA conducted monthly inspections at Site Q,
August 1972 citing inadequacy of daily and final cover, and
disposal of liquid wastes.

August 1972 IEPA conducted leach tests of cinders used as cover at Site Q. Material determined to be inadequate due to high metal content and permeability.

December 1972 IEPA sampled monitoring wells at Site R. Phenols detected in all wells sampled.

January 1973 IEPA issued a permit to Sauget & Co. to operate landfill (Site P). The landfill was authorized to accept only non-chemical waste from Monsanto.

January 1973 IEPA sampled waste ponds at Site R. Limited analysis showed high concentrations of phenols.

February 1973 IEPA sampled monitoring wells at Site R. High chemical oxygen demand (COD) and phenols were detected in all samples.

March 1973 Mississippi River floodwaters inundated Sites Q and R. IEPA observed waste material in the water. Conditions persisted until May.

November 1973 Illinois Secretary of State revoked the authority of Sauget & Co. to transact business in the State of Illinois.

May 1974 IEPA sampling of monitoring wells at Site R indicated phenols in all samples.

January 1975 IEPA inspection of Site Q indicated that disposal activities had been completed at the site.

May 1975

IEPA received a complaint concerning chemical contamination in Dead Creek. Inspection revealed discoloration of water and creek bank along CS-A and CS-B.

October 1975 IEPA inspection at Site P indicated disposal of chemical waste from Monsanto in violation of the site permit.

February 1976 IEPA sampled monitoring wells and high volume
Ranney well at Site R. PCBs detected in Ranney
well.

September 1976 IEPA inspection at Site Q revealed underground fire and smoldering at the site. Condition persisted for approximately 1 month.

August 1977 Monsanto submitted correspondence to IEPA indicating that the company had ceased production of PCBs at its Krummrich plant.

October 1977 D'Appolonia Consulting Engineers retained by
Monsanto to conduct a subsurface investigation of
Site R and propose appropriate closure
alternatives.

December 1977 IEPA inspection at Site P indicated disposal of 25 metal containers of phosphorus pentasulfide.

Monsanto ordered to remove the material.

May 1978 Monsanto submitted closure plan for Site R to IEPA.

August 1978 PCB order 77-84 filed against Sauget & Co. to apply final cover at Site Q.

September 1978 Monsanto began closure operations at Site R which included covering, grading, capping, and securing the site.

July 1979 Complaints received by IEPA concerning fires and smoldering in Dead Creek (CS-B).

October 1979 Monsanto cited by IEPA for disposal of chemical packagings at Site P in violation of permit issued January 1973.

October 1979 IEPA sampled monitoring wells at Site R.

Analysis revealed contaminants including chlorophenols, chlorobenzenes, and aniline derivatives in the samples.

October 1979 IEPA inspection at Site R indicated that closure operations at the site had been completed.

May 1980

IEPA received notice that chemical wastes and drums were uncovered during excavation work for a railroad spur at Site Q. File information indicates that construction workers at the site became nauseous; however, specific information concerning exposure-related illness has not been located.

May 1980 IEPA received additional complaints concerning fires in Dead Creek.

June 1980

IEPA and the University of Illinois conducted a joint investigation of effluents from industrial plants and water treatment plants. The report of this investigation indicated the presence of several mutagenic contaminants in the Sauget Waste Water Treatment Plant effluent.

August 1980

Incident in which local resident's dog died, apparently resulting from exposure to contaminants in the creek bed, reported to IEPA.

August 1980

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) collected fish samples from the Mississippi River near Site R and the Sauget Waste Water Treatment Plant discharge point. Analysis of the samples indicated the presence of several PCB congeners and pesticides in downstream fish.

September 1980

IEPA surface water/sediment sampling revealed high concentrations of a wide variety of organic and inorganic contaminants in Dead Creek (CS-B through CS-E).

September 1980

IEPA placed a seal order on Dead Creek (CS-B and Site M), and the Illinois Department of Trans-portation (DOT) completed construction of a snow fence with warning signs around the area.

October 1980

IEPA conducted additional sediment sampling in the creek bed (CS-B) in conjunction with Monsanto. Results revealed widespread contamination in the area.

October 1980

IEPA initiated a hydrogeologic investigation in the Dead Creek area in order to determine the source(s) of contamination in the creek. October 1980 IEPA collected air samples in the creek bed
(CS-B). Results were not quantified, but
revealed the presence of volatile organics and
hydrocarbons.

October 1980 The Illinois Attorney General's office interviewed area residents who discussed past operation of several disposal pits in the area that reportedly received chemical wastes.

November 1980 IEPA sampled water and sediments in CS-A on
Cerro Copper Products property. Results indicted
high concentrations of PCBs and hydrocarbons.

December 1980 USEPA and TAT contractor inspected CS-B for possible 311 immediate removal action. Not deemed to be warranted.

March 1981 IEPA sampling of monitoring wells at Site R revealed high concentrations of a variety of organic contaminants.

March 1981 Following a long history of effluent problems, the Sauget Waste Water Treatment Plant submitted specifications for a pretreatment program to more efficiently treat its waste streams.

April 1981 IEPA completed report on hydrogeologic investigation in the Dead Creek area. Results indicated widespread groundwater and soil contamination. Report concluded that further investigation was necessary.

May 1981 Illinois Attorney General filed suit against
Sauget & Co., alleging several violations of the
Illinois Environmental Protection Act (Site Q).

May 1981

Monsanto filed CERCLA notification for the Sauget (Monsanto) Illinois Landfill on Falling Springs Road (Sites H and I). Also submitted notification for Site R.

June 1981

The Village of Sauget submitted CERCLA notification for former sludge lagoons (Site 0).

Notification indicated that lagoons had been neutralized and clay-capped.

August 1981

Patterson & Associates report outlined major discharges to the Mississippi River in the Sauget area, and indicated a discharge of 30 organic priority pollutants expected to exceed 0.5 million pounds.

September 1981

USEPA formed a Sauget task force to investigate past and present waste disposal activities in the area. The task force conducted limited investigations and interviews at Sauget area industries. Results from these investigations are described individually in this chronology (see USEPA investigations between 1981 and 1983).

October 1981

U.S. Food and Drug Administration collected fish samples from river upstream and downstream of Site R. Downstream fish contained several organic contaminants.

October 1981

IEPA sampled seeps adjacent to river at Site R and Site Q. Results showed high concentrations of organics.

November 1981

USEPA TAT contractor sampled seeps at Site R. Higher chlorinated dioxins (hexa- through octa-) found in samples.

December 1981

IEPA issued supplemental permit to Sauget and Company to alter landfill operation at Site P due to the presence of a potable water line discovered in the center of the site. The water line remains in its original location. Considering the widespread groundwater contamination in the Sauget area, the water line may eventually be impacted by the presence of contaminants.

December 1981

Monsanto retained Law Engineering Company to drill additional test borings at Site R.

January 1982

USEPA FIT contractor conducted property search to determine the ownership of various waste disposal sites in the Sauget area.

March 1982

USEPA collected private well and garden soil samples at residences in the Dead Creek area. Results showed little contamination. Also sampled sediments in CS-A and well on Cerro Copper Products property. Organics detected in groundwater sample. Sediments showed concentrations of lead and cadmium above EP-toxicity limits.

March 1982

USEPA FIT contractor conducted air monitoring in CS-B. Organic vapor readings up to 900 ppm detected.

March 1982

USEPA sampled treatment plant effluent at the Mississippi River. Results indicated high levels of organic pollutants discharged to the river. June 1982

Illinois Attorney General's office filed complaint against Monsanto, alleging several violations of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act.

July 1982 USEPA FIT contractor submitted HRS score for Site R. Site scored 7.23 and did not qualify for the NPL.

July 1982 Illinois Attorney General's office conducted a property search in support of proposed action at disposal sites.

October 1982 USEPA completed construction of chain-link fence around CS-B and Site M, replacing snow fence originally constructed by the IEPA.

December 1982 IEPA collected soil samples around Bliss Waste
Oil tanks at Clayton Chemical in the vicinity of
Site O. High levels of PCBs and pentachlorophenol detected. Dioxin contamination suspected.

January 1983 Construction began on the new American Bottoms regional wastewater treatment plant.

January 1983 Illinois Attorney General's office filed suit against Bliss and Clayton Chemical. Alleged water pollution hazard.

February 1983 IEPA inspected reported underground tank at Bliss and Clayton, near Site 0. Analysis of samples from tank showed high levels of organics.

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February 1983 IEPA and Envirodyne Engineers soil sampling revealed PCB and 2,3,7,8-TCDD (dioxin) contamination in an area northwest of Site 0 at the Sauget Waste Water Treatment Plant.

March 1983

FDA completed an investigation of contamination in Mississippi River fish in the St. Louis area.

The report indicated the presence of organic contaminants in fish up to 150 miles south of the Sauget area, and concluded that the contaminants detected (chlorinated nitrobenzenes) were directly attributable to discharges in the Sauget area.

April 1983 Clean-up plan for dioxin-contaminated soils submitted and approved by IEPA/USEPA.

June 1983

IEPA ordered the excavation of underground tank owned by Bliss, situated on Clayton Chemical property. Tank found to be ruptured. Soil and waste samples collected by IEPA.

June 1983

USEPA FIT contractor initiated subsurface investigation at Site Q. Sixty-three of 112 organic compounds analyzed for detected in subsurface soil samples. 2,3,7,8-TCDD detected in two samples.

August 1983 Based on the results of previous sampling, IEPA ordered excavation of additional soil from excavation of Bliss underground tank.

October 1983 G & M retained by Monsanto to conduct a detailed hydrogeologic investigation of Monsanto property in Sauget, including Site R.

October 1983 IEPA received numerous complaints from area residents concerning contamination in Dead Creek.

Wastes in lagoon area at Site 0 were uncovered by workers excavating a trench for a water line to the new treatment plant. Trench was covered, and water line was installed above ground. No reports of exposure-related illness resulting from this incident have been located.

July 1984 G & M initiated a hydrogeologic investigation at Site O to characterize the influence of the former sludge lagoons on area groundwater.

July 1984 Monsanto applied for a permit to construct a revetment along the bank of the Mississippi River at Site R. Revetment installed some time in 1985.

August 1984 Contaminated soils were encountered by workers at Site O during excavation for construction of transfer sewer. Soil sampling by private consultant revealed high concentrations of phenols and PAHs. No reports of exposure-related illness resulting from this incident have been located.

October 1984 IEPA conducted inspections at Site G and CS-B in order to determine scope of proposed cleanup at the sites. Samples from oily pits at Site G revealed a variety of organics.

December 1984 IEPA submitted HRS for Dead Creek and surrounding sites. Score of 29.23 was not accepted by USEPA due to lack of documentation.

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December 1984 IEPA selected a contractor for a limited scope cleanup at Site G and CS-B. IEPA later reconsidered cleanup, and decided to delay activity until a detailed investigation of the area was completed.

December 1984 IEPA received an anonymous phone call indicating that it would be dangerous to excavate Site G due to the presence of underground toxic wastes.

January 1985 IEPA began procurement activities to select a consultant to perform an SI in the Sauget area.

March 1985 Illinois Attorney General's office reentered suit against Sauget & Co. Ordered final cover to be applied at Site Q and requested civil penalty.

June 1985 Petition from area residents sent to Illinois Governor James Thompson's office requesting cleanup of Dead Creek. "Clean Illinois" money appropriated for SI.

July 1985

IEPA selected consultant (E & E) to conduct SI at the 12 disposal sites and Dead Creek.

October 1985 E & E conducted preliminary geophysical investigations and topographic mapping at the DCP sites.

August 1986 E & E submitted proposed scope of work revisions directed toward HRS scoring to the IEPA. FS portion of the investigation postponed.

September 1986 Initial G & M report on hydrogeologic investigation for Monsanto properties submitted to IEPA.

Report estimated load of 77 pounds per day of organic contaminants to river from Site R.

October 1986 E & E initiated field investigations at the DCP sites. Soil gas monitoring indicated widespread contamination at Area 1 sites.

November 1986 E & E soil sampling revealed extremely high concentrations of organics, particularly PCBs, in surficial soils at Site G.

December 1986 G & M completed report on investigation at Site
O. Report outlined the extent of groundwater
contamination attributable to the former sludge
lagoons.

May 1987

USEPA emergency response investigation led to the construction of a fence around Site G, restricting access to the site. The fence was constructed by Monsanto under the supervision of USEPA.

October 1987 E & E completed field investigations at the DCP sites.

March 1988 E & E submitted first draft of SI report for IEPA review.

It must be noted that this chronology is not a complete list of activities at the DCP sites. An attempt was made to highlight significant investigation activities or occurrences at the sites, while omitting routine inspections and other less significant activities.

2.6.3 Historical Site Ownership

In order to develop a more accurate picture of the history of waste disposal activities at the DCP sites, a historical property search was conducted to determine the ownership of sites at the time disposal activities were occurring. Sites for which file material contained sufficient information on owners/operators were not researched. The

historical property search was focused around the Dead Creek area sites, including Sites G, H, I, and K. Disposal operations at these sites predated the enactment of regulatory controls, and as a result, no records are available concerning the owner/operator of the sites. Due to the large number of transactions for several properties, many records were incomplete or missing for certain dates of interest. However, property ownership in the period relevant to disposal activity was obtained for each of the sites in question. A summary of property ownership of the DCP sites relative to disposal operations is presented in Table 2-1.

2.7 WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

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The majority of the DCP sites were used for the disposal of both general refuse and industrial wastes. Since many of the sites have been inactive for 15 years or more, a comprehensive list of wastes accepted at the sites is not available. Monsanto submitted inventories of waste material disposed of at Site R to IEPA on two occasions. These inventories are the only detailed listings of waste types for the DCP sites. Because Monsanto has a file policy to destroy records older than 5 years, complete information concerning waste types and volumes is not available. Waste treatment sludge was disposed of in the lagoons at Site 0. Due to the nature of the influent to the Sauget Waste Water Treatment Plant (over 90% from area industries, with Monsanto being the largest single contributor), and the long history of contaminated effluent from the plant, it is likely that the sludge at Site O contained many of the same waste types listed on the inventories for Site R. Site P was a solid waste disposal facility permitted by the IEPA to accept only nonchemical waste from Monsanto. However, several IEPA inspection reports indicate that chemical wastes were disposed of at Site P. On one occasion, Monsanto was required to remove approximately 25 metal containers labeled phosphorus pentasulfide from the site. Site P also received a supplemental permit to accept metalbearing filter cake waste from Edwin Cooper, Inc. (now Ethyl Corp.). Site Q also reportedly accepted chemical wastes, although no specific information is available concerning waste characteristics.

Table 2-1

PROPERTY OWNERS/OPERATORS DURING PERIOD OF DISPOSAL OPERATIONS

site Dealg.	Approx. Years of Operation*	rs Owner(s) at Time	Present Owner(s)	Source
•	1950-1973	Lee and Louise Sauget-part (until 1966) Myrtle Mankins Present Cerro property-unknown	Cerro Copper Products Co. Wiese Engineering Co. Emily Nankins, Myrtle Hankins	Property search
=	1937-1957	Leo and Louise Sauget (1948)	J. D. Tolbird (Roger's Cartage Co.)	Property search
н	1937-1957	Lee and Louise Sauget (1948)	Cerro Copper Products Co.	Property search
,	1955	Sterling Steel Co.	St. Louis Steel Co. (Sterling Steel Poundry)	Property search, personal communication
M.	1950-1973	Leo and Louise Sauget (1957)	Benk of Belleville (Trust property for Tvonne Sauget)	Property search
a	1971-1979	Waggoner Trucking Co. (Marold Waggoner)	Tony and Velme Lechner (Metro Construction Equipment Co.)	IEPA file, personal communication
×	1950-	M. H. Hall Construction Co.	Thomas Oven	Property search

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Table 2-1 (Cont.)

Site Desig.	Approx.Years of Operation	Owner(s) at Time of Operation	Present Owner(s)	Source**
M	1950-1962	N.H. Hall Construction Co.	H. H. Hall Construction Co.	Property search, personal communication
0	1967-1978	Village of Sauget	Village of Sauget	IEPA file, property search
•	1972-1984	Illinois Central Gulf R.R. (until 1979) Paul Sauget Union Electric Co.	Bank of Belleville for (Trust property for Paul Sauget) Union Electric Co.	IEPA file
Q	1962-1975	Cahokia Trust-Paul Sauget	Riverport Terminal & Fleeting Co. (leased to Fillsbury Co.)	IEPA file
R	1957-1974	Honsanto Chemical Co.	Monsanto Chemical Co.	IEPA filo

- * Where available, years of operation are based on file material.

 If file information was not available, years were based on review of historical aerial photos.
- Property search was conducted at the St.Clair County Tax Assessor's office in Belleville.

 Other sources include: IEPA file material with specific reference to property ownership (correspondence, permit applications, enforcement documents), or personal communication with present site owners or operators.

Source: Ecology and Environment, Inc. 1988.

B. FINDINGS

7. FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

7.1 INTRODUCTION

This section presents the findings of the background data search and field investigations for the DCP and the subsequent conclusions concerning the nature and extent of contamination at the DCP sites and creek sectors. These findings and conclusions are intended to be used to support future Hazard Ranking System (HRS) scoring efforts and to support future remedial activities at the sites.

7.2 FINDINGS

7.2.1 Background Information and Site Features

The findings of the background data search provide a historical perspective of the DCP sites and summarize site features. The findings are intended to support subsequent HRS scoring by showing that disposal activities at the various sites are related by common ownership, operators, and generators, thereby substantiating site aggregation. The DCP sites are aggregated into three groupings: Area 1 (Sites G, H, I, and L, and CS-A and CS-B), Area 2 (Sites O, Q, and R), and Peripheral Sites (Sites J, K, M, N, and P and CS-C and CS-D).

In general, waste disposal activities at the DCP sites followed a historical progression from the Area 1 sites to the Area 2 sites (see Section 2). For the most part, disposal activities, if any, at the peripheral sites appear to be unrelated to those at Area 1 and Area 2 sites. Findings of the background data search are presented under separate headings for the three site aggregates.

- Previous investigations and sampling have indicated common contaminants, including phenols, chlorophenols, chlorobenzenes, PAHs, and PCBs at all DCP Area 1 (Sites G, H, I, and L; CS-A and CS-B) and Area 2 (Sites O, Q, and R) sites and creek sectors. All of these compounds were listed on the waste inventories submitted by Monsanto for Site R, or are manufacturing byproducts of compounds listed on the inventories.
- Previous investigations have indicated general groundwater contamination across the majority of the DCP area. Several of the DCP sites, including Sites G, H, I, L, O, Q, and R, have previously been implicated as source areas for groundwater contamination in the area.
- Chemical waste material is present on the surface only at Site G. Slag, casting sand, and other industrial refuse/fill is present on the surface at Sites J, N, and P. The remaining project sites were subsurface disposal areas or impoundments that have since been covered with various fill material.

Area 1

- Historical aerial photographs show a single excavation across
 current DCP sites H and I. The excavation was subsequently bisected by the construction of Queeny Avenue. A second pit was
 excavated at Site I after the initial pit was filled.
- Disposal activities at Sites G, H, and I occurred concurrently between the years 1940 and 1955. Each property was owned in whole or in part by Leo and Louise Sauget during the years of operation.
- Monsanto submitted CERCLA "Notification of Hazardous Waste Site" forms to USEPA in 1980 for the Sauget (Monsanto) Illinois Landfill on Falling Springs Road in Sauget. The forms listed disposal of organics, inorganics, solvents, and unknown wastes, and indicated below-ground disposal of drums. The years of oper-

ation for the facility listed on the forms were unknown to 1957. The pre-1957 time frame corresponds with the time frame for activities at Sites H and I indicated by historical aerial photographs.

- Historical aerial photographs indicate evidence of waste material being discharged to CS-A before 1950. Staining is evident in photographs of CS-A since that time. Presently, only surface and roof drainage from the Cerro Copper Products Company plant is discharged into CS-A. Water in CS-A is currently directed to an interceptor at the north end of the Cerro property, and is eventually discharged to the Sauget Waste Water Treatment Plant. Water in CS-A is currently extremely discolored and oily, and dark staining is evident along the entire length of the creek bank. Flow from CS-A to the south is restricted by a blocked culvert under Queeny Avenue.
- Historical aerial photographs also show evidence of direct discharge of waste material to CS-B. Staining is currently evident in the northern one-half of CS-B. A rubbery material covers the creek bed in an area approximately 150 feet south of Queeny Avenue, substantiating reports that effluent from the Midwest Rubber Company was previously discharged to CS-B. Water is present in the northern one-half of CS-B only after periods of moderate to heavy precipitation. Water is present at all times in the southern one-half of CS-B. The entire length of CS-B is choked with vegetation. The vegetation restricts flow in the creek. CS-B and Site M are currently enclosed by a chain-link fence, which was constructed as a response to the high levels of contamination observed in CS-B during the 1980 IEPA investigation. Flow from CS-B to the remainder of Dead Creek is restricted by a blocked culvert under Judith Lane.

Area 2

• Disposal operations occurred concurrently at current DCP Sites Q and R. Historical aerial photographs indicate the presence of

liquid waste material at both sites. According to IEPA file information, both sites were operated by Sauget and Company.

- Monsanto Chemical Company owns the property which constitutes
 DCP Site R, and disposed of liquid chemical wastes at the site
 between the years 1957 and 1974. Monsanto submitted inventories
 of wastes disposed of at the site for the years 1968 and 1971 to
 IEPA, which listed specific chemical compounds and derivatives.
- The Sauget Waste Water Treatment Plant has processed effluent from Sauget industries since approximately 1965. Monsanto has been the largest single contributor to the plant since that time. Between the years 1965 and 1978, the treatment plant disposed of all or part of its clarifier sludge into a series of lagoons (current DCP Site 0). The treatment plant has had a long history of contaminated effluent. Phenol, chlorobenzenes, aniline derivatives, PCBs, and mercury have consistently been detected in plant effluent.
- Previous investigations and sampling have indicated unrestricted flow of contaminated leachate and groundwater to the Mississippi River in the area of Sites Q and R. This discharge, in combination with the discharge of contaminated effluent from the Sauget Wastewater Treatment Plant, has led to a general degradation of water quality in the river, and has contaminated fish in the river. Food and Drug Administration fish sampling indicated the presence of contaminants from the DCP area in fish collected as far as 100 miles downstream (see Appendix A).

Peripheral Sites

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 Historical aerial photographs show excavated areas at current DCP Sites J, K, M, and N. With the exception of Site M, which was investigated during IEPA's 1980 study, no file information was available for these sites.

- The larger of the two excavations at Site J has been partially filled with casting sand, slag, and demolition debris. This pit is excavated below the water table, and fill material is in contact with the groundwater. A triangular area to the northeast of the foundry buildings at Site J is also covered with casting sand, slag, and construction debris.
- The former pit at Site K was excavated on two separate occasions. The excavation was initially seen in the 1950 aerial photograph. This initial excavation was filled prior to 1962, as evidenced by the photographs. The same area was again excavated sometime prior to 1973, and a dark liquid or dark staining is evident in the photograph from that date. The excavation had again been filled by 1978. Site K is located adjacent to a small residential area.
- The excavation at Site M was initially seen in the aerial photograph from 1950. Water was evident in the pit in all except the 1955 photograph, suggesting hydraulic connection between the pit and groundwater at that time. However, water was again seen in the pit in 1962, when groundwater pumpage in the area reached a peak of approximately 36 million gallons per day. Site M is presently enclosed by a chain-link fence. Household debris is scattered across the bank of the pit in the northeast corner. Flow between the pit and the southern portion of CS-B occurs through a break in the creek bank near the southwest corner of Site M. No evidence of disposal activity in the pit was seen in historical aerial photographs, and the pit has remained essentially unchanged since it was initially excavated.
- The pit in the southwest corner of Site N was initially excavated sometime prior to 1950. The pit has been partially filled with construction debris, but the area remains below grade as compared with the surrounding topography. The property on which the pit is located is currently used by the H.H. Hall

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C. SITE SPECIFIC DESCRIPTIONS



SITE G. ABANDONED LANDFILL

Site Description

Site G is a former subsurface/surface disposal area which occupies approximately 4.5 acres in Sauget, Illinois. The site is bordered on the north by Queeny Avenue; on the east by Dead Creek; on the south by a cultivated field; and on the west by Wiese Engineering Company property.

The surface of Site G is littered with demolition debris and metal wastes. Several small pits have been observed in the northeast and east-central portions of the site. Oily and tar-like wastes, along with scattered corroded drums, are found in these areas. Additionally, 20-30 deteriorated drums are scattered along a ridge running east-west, near the southern perimeter of the site. The western portion of Site G is marked by a mounded area with several corroded drums protruding at the surface. A large depression is found immediately south of the mounded area. This depression receives surface runoff from a sizable area within the site. Also, exposed debris is present over most of the site. In areas where wastes are not exposed, flyash and cinder material has been used as cover.

Site History and Previous Investigations

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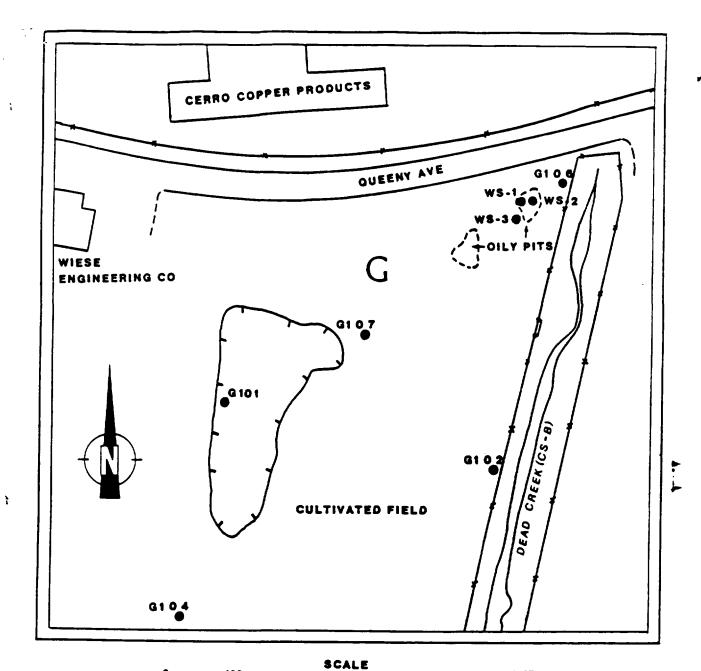
Examination of historical aerial photographs indicates excavation at Site G began sometime prior to 1950 and disposal operations were initiated shortly thereafter. No information is available concerning owners or operators for Site G at the time disposal was occurring. The photographs suggest disposal activities at the site continued until the early 1970s. Presently, Site G is inactive, although recent observations suggest that random dumping of various non-chemical wastes continues.

Site G was previously studied by the Illinois EPA in 1980 and 1981 as

part of an area-wide study to determine the source of contamination found in Dead Creek.

The results of this study were reported in the Preliminary Hydrogeological Investigation in the Northern Portion of Dead Creek and Vicinity in 1980-1981 (St. John Report). Locations of samples collected to date in the vicinity of Site G are shown on Figure G-1. The IEPA study completed in 1981 included collecting samples from subsurface soils and groundwater at Site G. and collecting surface water and sediment samples from Dead Creek immediately east of the site. Monitoring well G106 was installed in the northeast corner of the site, and well G107 is located approximately 50 feet south of Site G in a surface depression. In addition, wells G101 and G104 were installed southwest of the site as part of the general area Analytical data for these wells are presented in investigation. Tables B-6, B-7, and B-8, located in the Creek Sector B portion of this report. Several organic contaminants were detected at elevated levels in well G107. These include chlorophenol, chlorobenzene, dichlorophenol, dichlorobenzene, and PCBs. PCBs were also detected in samples collected from well G106. Both of these wells showed concentrations of heavy metals; specifically arsenic, barium, copper, lead, and manganese, which exceeded IEPA water quality standards. Phosphorus also exceeded the standards in both wells. Wells G101 and G104 showed little evidence of contamination although trace levels of PCBs were found in G101. Preliminary surveillance in November, 1985 at Site G showed wells G101, G104, and G107 to be intact. Well G106 was not located, and is suspected to have been destroyed.

In order to determine the vertical distribution of contaminants in the area, the IEPA collected subsurface soil samples at the locations of wells G106 and G107. Analytical data from these samples is shown in Table G-1. High levels of metals and phosphorus were detected in all samples. Trace levels of PCBs were found to a depth of 13 feet at G106. A quantified level (0.62 ppm) of PCBs was found at a depth of two feet in the location of G107, but PCBs were not detected in deeper samples. In October, 1984, IEPA collected three soil samples



LEGEND
G106 IEPA MONITORING WELL
WS-1 IEPA WASTE SAMPLING LOCATION

FIGURE G-1 DEAD CREEK SITE AREA G WITH SAMPLE LOCATIONS

HOTE: All results in pan

Blanks indicate parameter not analyzed

below detaction limits

detacted but not quantified (trace)

PROVETER
Copper
Iron
Lead
Nickel
Phosphorus
21nc
POBs 7.5'-9.0' 12,600 15 18 181 12.300 12.300 12.300 11. 21. 23. 53. SHALE TOCYLION WO DELLH 20'-21.5' 30'-31.5'
20 4,700
3 6
19
20 183
20 -21
20 183 21,200 21,200 1300 300 300 300 300 5-4.5° 21,900 21,900 30 313 10.5'-12' 15.5'-17' 18'-19.5' 20.5'-22' 25.5'-21'

FROM SITE 6 (COLLECTED BY JEPA IN 1980)

at Site G from a pit in the northeast corner. Analyses of these samples are presented in Table G-2. Elevated levels of heavy metals were found in all samples, as were various organic contaminants. PCBs were detected in sample WS-3, but not in the other two samples. Sample WS-1 showed the highest degree of organic contamination. Organics detected in this sample include dimethyl phenanthrene, phenyl indene, pyrene, trimethyl phenanthrene, and aliphatic hydrocarbons.

Data from additional samples taken adjacent to Site G in Dead Creek are addressed in the narrative for Creek Sector B. Site G may be a source of contamination in Dead Creek; however, since the hydrology in the area is not well-defined, this cannot presently be determined.

A geophysical investigation, including flux-gate magnetometry and electromagnetics (EM), was completed at Site G in December, 1985 as part of the Dead Creek RI/FS project. A survey grid with dimensions of 440 by 600 feet was laid out using a compass and tape measure. Because of the large amount of scrap metal scattered about the surface of Site G, instruments were calibrated in off-site areas. The magnetometer survey was subcontracted to Technos, Inc. of Miami, Florida.

The magnetometer survey at Site G showed that a major magnetic anomaly covers most of the northern portion of the site. Several smaller anomalies were found to the north of the large depression in the southwest corner of Site G. Survey lines run south of the fill area in a cultivated field showed no magnetic anomalies above background conditions. The mounds in the northwest corner of the site showed smaller anomalies at the surface and larger anomalies for deeper readings, indicating significant quantities of buried metals.

An EM survey was done using the same grid as for the magnetometer investigation. Shallow soundings indicated three areas showing relatively high intensity anomalies. These include a 50 feet by 20

TABLE G-2: ANALYSIS OF WASTE SAMPLES FROM OILY PIT AT SITE G (COLLECTED BY IEPA 10-1-84)

SAMPLE NUMBER

	 	SAMPLE NUMBER	^
PARAMETER ANALYZED	WS-1	WS-2	WS-3
Arsenic	0.3	0.6	97
Cadmium	0.1	0.8	16.8
Copper	101.4	50 9	712
Chromium	24.4	27.2	30
Iron	106	151	6025
Lead	26.6	52.1	337
Manganese	•	-	9.9
Mercury	0.36	0.46	1.99
Zinc	101.4	339	104,100
Aliphatic Hydrocarbons	19,200	5.23	•
Chlorobenzene	•	0.58	•
Dimethyl phenanthrene	3100	•	- '
Phenyl indene	320	•	-
Pyrene	610	•	•
Trimethyl Phenanthrene	1400	•	•
PCBs	•	•	18
Other Organics (not specified)	1200	0.4	4070

NOTE: All results in ppm - indicates below detection limits

feet area in the northeast corner, a 150 feet by 100 feet area in the east-central portion, and the entire mounded area along the west perimeter of the site. Deep soundings (approximately 10 to 15 meters in depth) indicated a significant anomaly covers most of the northern portion of the site. Three negative anomalies were recorded in the center of the fill area, possibly indicating higher, off-scale instrument readings or the presence of significant quantities non-conductive material such as concrete. The EM survey also showed anomalies trending off-site in the northwest corner, indicating the possibility that the actual filled area extends north under Queeny Avenue.

Data Assessment and Recommendations

Activities proposed at Site G for the Dead Creek Project include collecting 10 subsurface and 40 surface soil samples, and water samples from IEPA wells located on or near the site. A soil gas . monitoring survey is also scheduled for Site G, and will be conducted in conjunction with ambient air monitoring at the site. investigation is necessary to adequately characterize the site and to provide an adequate data base for conducting the feasibility study. Existing monitoring wells in the vicinity of the site need to be refurbished prior to sampling. Additional wells need to be installed around the site to determine if Site G is contributing to groundwater pollution in the area. Additional borings and subsurface sampling (alternatively excavation of test pits and sampling) in anomalous areas encountered during the geophysical study would be needed to provide additional information concerning depth of fill, waste characteristics, and past operation. This additional information will allow more specific evaluation of remedial alternatives. hydrology of Site G in relation to Dead Creek also needs to be assessed to determine if the site is a source of pollution observed in the creek. This assessment would include collecting the following data: (1) Ground water elevations from a minimum of three locations on each side of the creek. (2) Surface water and creek bed elevations from three locations in the creek, and (3) Infiltration rates for the

alluvium and the Henry formation at Site G. The above data, in conjunction with the stratigraphic columns from borings in the creek bed (St. John Report), would provide sufficient information to determine the relationship, if any, between ground water and the surface hydrology of the creek.

It was previously noted that IEPA well G106 was not located during a preliminary survey. Further attempts should be made to locate this well and to repair it if it is feasible to do so. The condition of all IEPA wells should be assessed, and reconstruction or redevelopment should be performed in accordance with the assessment.

Site Description

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Site H is a former disposal area covering approximately five acres in Sauget, Illinois. The site is located immediately southwest of the intersection of Queeny Avenue and Falling Springs Road. Presently, Site H is an open field which has been covered, vegetated, and graded. Several depression areas, capable of retaining rain water, are also evident. Surface drainage is generally to the west; although certain localized drainage is toward the aforementioned depressions.

Site History and Previous Investigations

A review of historical aerial photographs indicates that Site H was initially used as a disposal area sometime around 1940. Monsanto Company submitted a "Notification of Hazardous Waste Site Form" to the U.S. EPA in 1981, indicating below-ground drum disposal of organics, inorganics, and solvents. The notification listed the site name as Sauget Monsanto Illinois Landfill, and indicated that waste disposal continued until 1957. Site H is presently owned by James Tolbird of Roger's Cartage Company. Photographs suggest the site initially operated as a sand and gravel borrow pit prior to disposal activities. The southern half of Site I operated contiguously with Site H, and the properties were subsequently separated by the construction of Queeny Avenue.

Previous investigation of Site H is limited to review of historical photographs and the installation of one monitoring well downgradient from the site. This well, G110, was sampled in 1980 and 1981 as part of IEPAs hydrogeological investigation. Analytical data for well G110 is shown in Tables B-6, B-7, and B-8, presented in the Creek Sector B portion of this report. Contaminants detected in G110 include PCBs, chlorophenol, cyclohexanone, arsenic, copper, and nickel.

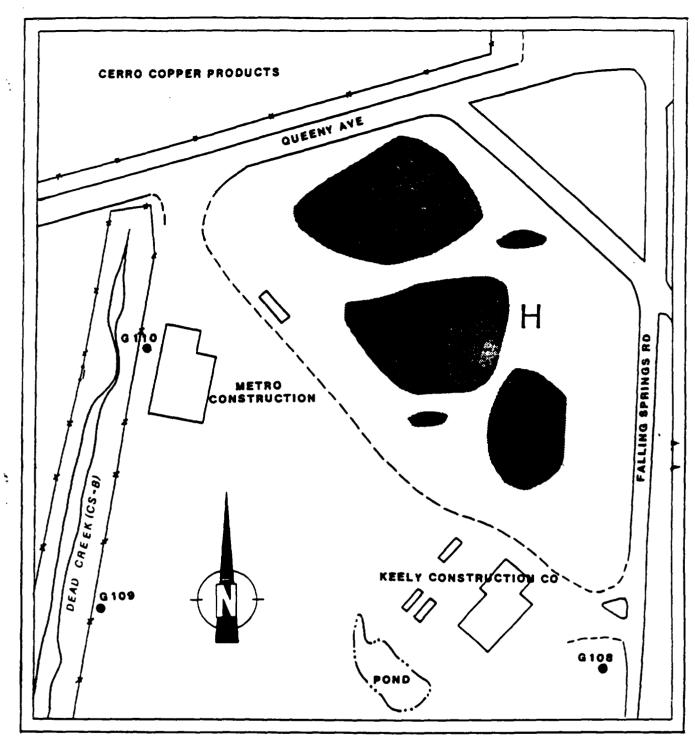
As part of the Dead Creek Project, a geophysical survey, including flux-gate magnetometry and EM, was conducted at Site H in December 1985. A survey grid with dimensions of 520 feet by 550 feet was laid out over the site using a compass and tape measure. Technos, Inc. was contracted to conduct the magnetometer survey.

The results of the magnetometer survey indicate three large areas with major magnetic anomalies and two smaller localized areas with lower intensity anomalies (Figure H-1). All anomalies are of sufficient magnitude to indicate buried drums or a large amount of other buried ferrous metal. The southernmost, large anomalous area correlated well with one of the surface depressions observed recently at the site, while the other two large areas partially correlated with depressions. This information, in conjunction with historical photographs, indicates that all anomalous areas are part of one large fill or disposal pit.

Further evaluation of Site H was done using EM with various coil processings, allowing for different depths of penetration. Results from shallow soundings (0 to 7.5 meter effective depth range) indicate three high intensity anomalies which correlate well with the magnetic anomalies seen in the magnetometer survey. These anomalous areas were also seen in the results from intermediate soundings (5 to 15 meters). In addition, three negative anomalies were noted near the north and central portions of the site. These negative readings indicate areas of lower conductivity, and may be attributable to relatively non-conductive contaminants (organics), or to other materials such as concrete rubble or clay. Deep soundings (12 to 30 meters) showed much lower conductivity readings over the entire site, which may indicate that disposal was generally limited to a depth of less than 15 meters.

Data Assessment and Recommendations

The absence of any detailed historical information concerning waste disposal or analytical data concerning Site H creates a major data



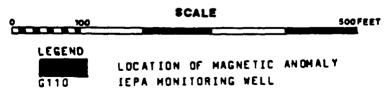


FIGURE H-1 DEAD CREEK SITE AREA H WITH MAGNETIC ANOMALIES

gap. The scope of work for this site during the Dead Creek Project includes collecting five surface and five subsurface soil samples for analysis. A soil gas survey and ambient air monitoring will also be completed at Site H. If specific contaminants are found, this data base would not be sufficient to conduct feasibility study evaluations.

Depending on the results of the initial sampling, additional sampling will be required to further define the extent of any contamination found at the site. This would include installation of monitoring wells and evaluation of ground water conditions. Further geophysical investigations to the north to Cerro Copper Products Company property would allow for more accurate definition of site boundaries and potential drum disposal areas. Additional borings and subsurface sampling or pit excavation would be necessary to accurately determine locations and types of buried wastes.

Site Description

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Site I is an operating copper refining and tube manufacturing facility covering approximately 55 acres in Sauget, Illinois. The areas of interest for the Dead Creek Project at this facility include a former sand and gravel pit which was subsequently filled with unknown wastes, and a holding pond (Creek Sector A) which formerly served as head waters for Dead Creek. The Cerro Copper Products property is bordered on the north by the Alton and Southern Railroad; on the west by Illinois Route 3; on the south by Queeny Avenue; and on the east by Falling Springs Road. The areas to be investigated encompass roughly the eastern one-third of the property. Presently, the former gravel pit/fill area is covered and graded, and is used for equipment storage.

Site History and Previous Investigations

Cerro DePasco Corporation of New York purchased the existing plant and property west of Dead Creek in 1957 from the Lewin-Mathes Corporation. Cerro Copper subsequently added property east of the creek to their holdings in 1967. Examination of historical aerial photographs indicate subsurface disposal at Site I was discontinued sometime between the years 1955-1962. These photographs also show that Site I and Site H, which is located across Queeny Avenue to the south, constitute one large subsurface disposal area. Monsanto company submitted a "Notification of Hazardous Waste Site" form for this landfill (Sauget Monsanto Illinois Landfill), indicating disposal of organics, inorganics, and solvents in drums. The years of operation listed on the notification are "unknown to 1957." Wistorical photographs suggest activity at the site began prior to 1937.

Creek Sector A reportedly received discharges from Monsanto and other companies prior to 1970. In the early 1970's, the culvert

under Queeny Avenue was sealed off to restrict flow from these ponds to the remainder of Dead Creek. The ponds were subsequently regraded to the north for the purpose of directing drainage into a concrete vault with a bar screen located at the north end of the Cerro Copper Products property. When the water level in the ponds rises, the water discharges through the vault to an interceptor, which ultimately drains to the Sauget Wastewater Treatment Plant. According to Cerro Copper officials, the only direct discharges to the holding ponds at this time are area run-off and roof drainage. No process wastewater, cooling water, or other wastes are directly discharged. Five runoff drain pipes project from the west bank of the ponds.

The holding ponds, Creek Sector A, on the Cerro Copper Products property were identified as a major source of groundwater pollution in the area as a result of the IEPA Preliminary Hydrogeologic Investigation completed in 1981. Analyses of water and sediment samples from the holding ponds are included in Tables IA-1 and IA-2, and sample locations are shown in Figure IA-1. Contaminants detected at significant concentrations in these samples include PCBs, dichlorobenzene, aliphatic hydrocarbons, arsenic, cadmium, chromium, lead, and mercury.

The IEPA Preliminary Hydrogeologic Investigation also included installation of one monitoring well on the Cerro Copper Products property downgradient from Site I and the holding ponds. Analyses of samples collected from this well (well number G112) are included in Tables B-6, B-7, and B-8, located in the Creek Sector B portion of this report. Contaminants detected at elevated levels in this well include chlorobenzene, dichlorobenzene, chloroaniline, phenol, copper, phosphorus, and zinc. The contaminants in the ground water may be attributable to Site I or the holding ponds (Creek Sector A); however, a more detailed investigation is necessary to accurately determine the source.

A geophysical investigation was scheduled to be conducted at Site I as part of the initial investigations for the Dead Creek Project.

TABLE IA-1: ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES FROM CREEK SECTOR A (COLLECTED BY IEPA)

SAMPLE DATE AND LOCATION

		MPLE DATE A	D LUCATION	
PARAMETERS	11/26 5503	<u>/80</u> 5504	<u>1/2</u> 550Î	6/81 5502
Alkalinity	127	110		
Ammonia	0.2	1.0		
Arsenic	0.058	0.025		
Barium	1.2	0.7		
BOD-5	630	158		
Boron	0.2	0.3		
Cadmium	0.36	0.19		
COD	1	1190		
Chloride	33	36		
Chromium (Total)	0.61	0.21		
Copper	4.5	3.6		
Cyanide	.01	.01		
Fluoride	0.4	0.7		
Hardness	227	260		•
Iron	58	28		
Lead	6.6	2.8		
Magnesium	35.8	28.7		
Manganese	1.0	0.67		
Mercury	0.0016	0.0016		
Nickel	4.2	3.3		
Nitrate-Nitrite	1.4	1.7		
На	6.9	7.0		
Pheno1s	0.02	0.035		
Phosphorus	1.9	3.4		
Potassium	4.3	6.2		
R.O.E.	361	407		
Selenium	0.002			
Silver	0.24	0.14		
Sodium	19.7	22.4		
Sulfate	90	130		
Zinc	30	17		
PCB (ppb)	22	28	2.0	-
Aliphatic hydrocarbons (ppb)	23,000			

NOTES: All results in ppm unless otherwise noted Blanks indicate that parameter was not analyzed - Indicates below detection limits

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TABLE IA-2: ANALYSIS OF SEDIMENT SAMPLES FROM CREEK SECTOR A (COLLECTED BY IEPA)

SAMPLE DATE AND LOCATION

	11-2	6-80	1-	-28-81
PARAMETERS	x128	×129	×128	×129
Ammonia			30	96
Barium	ł		1200	2500
Cadmium			51	22
Calcium			5300	13,100
Chromium			140	490
Copper	l		5500	24,000
Iron]		29,500	51,900
Lead			840	2600
Magnesium	<u> </u>		2300	2100
Manganese			140	250
Mercury	}		101	6.9
Nickel			570	1500 .
Potassium			670	520
Silver			29	98 <u>i</u>
Zinc			2300	5800
Aliphatic Hydrocarbons	13	26		
Dichlorobenzene	-	1.7		
PCBs	2.2	13		

NOTES: All results in ppm
Blanks indicate parameter not analyzed for
below detection limits

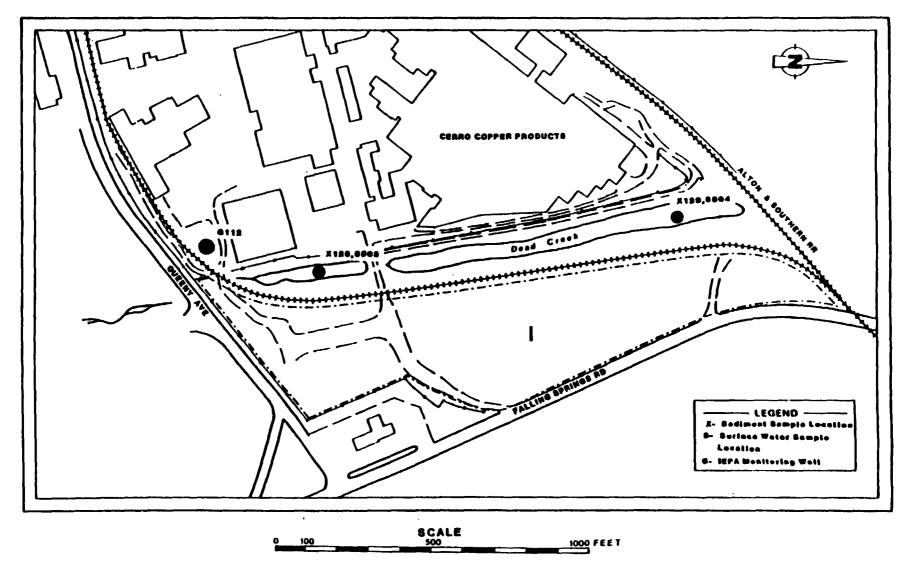


FIGURE 1A-1
DEAD CREEK SITE AREA I AND CREEK SECTOR A WITH SAMPLING LOCATIONS

This investigation was cancelled on the scheduled day due to the denial of access to the site by Cerro Copper officials.

Data Assessment and Recommendations

Field activities to be completed for these sites during the project include collecting 32 surface soil and 15 subsurface soil samples at Site I, and collecting three surface water samples from Creek Sector A. A soil gas survey and ambient air monitoring are also scheduled to be conducted at Site I. In order to have an adequate data base to complete the feasiblity study for these sites, additional information is necessary. Additional field activities should include a more detailed characterization of Creek Sector A, which would be accomplished with sediment sampling and assessment of subsurface soil and ground water conditions.

For Site I, the proposed geophysical investigation should be completed prior to any additional field activities. Subsequent to the geophysical investigation, 5-6 monitoring wells should be stratigically located to ensure efficient collection of data necessary to identify the presence of and to determine the sources of any ground water contamination. Additional subsurface soil sampling would be conducted, as necessary, in conjunction with monitoring well installation. Excavation of test pits, in conjunction with sampling, is an alternative method of data collection for Site I.

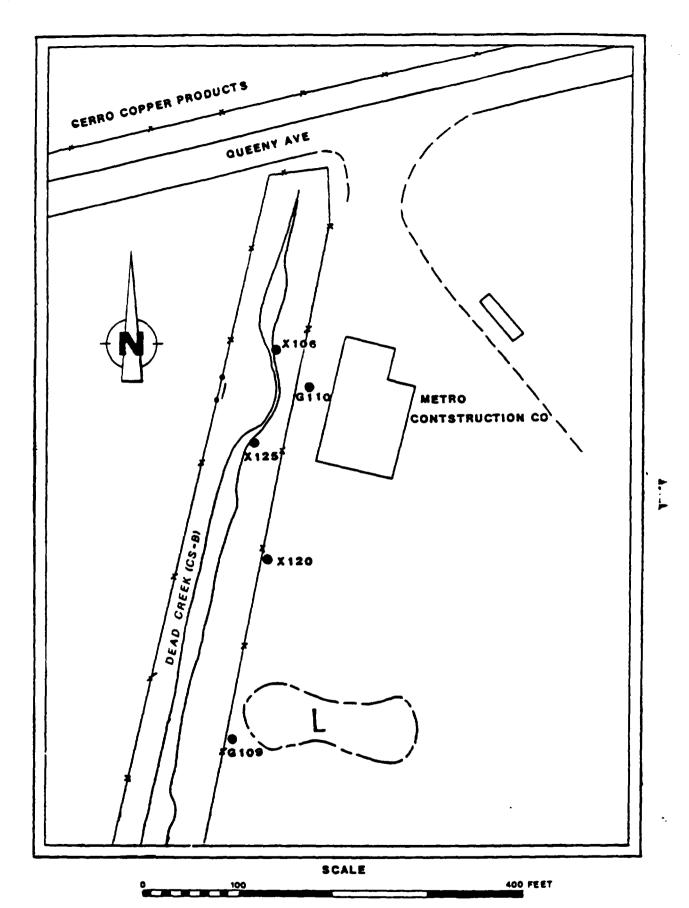
Site Description

Site L is the location of a former surface impoundment used by the Harold Waggoner Company to dispose of wash water from a truck cleaning operation. The impoundment was situated approximately 250 feet south of the present Metro Construction Company building, and approximately 125 feet east of Dead Creek (Figure L-1). The site is now covered with black cinders, and is used by Metro Construction Company for equipment storage. Several rows of heavy equipment are presently stored in the immediate area of the former impoundment. This equipment should be moved prior to any field activities.

Site History and Previous Investigations

Waggoner Company, owned and operated by Harold Waggoner, specialized in hauling industrial wastes for companies in the St. Louis/Metro East area. Harold Waggoner operated the company from 1964 to 1974, when he sold the operation to Ruan Trucking Company. Prior to 1971. Wagonner reportedly discharged wash water from truck cleaning operations directly to Dead Creek. In August 1971, the IEPA ordered Waggoner to cease discharging wastes to the creek. quently, a pit was excavated for the purpose of storing wash waters, and the pit was used by Waggoner until 1974. Based on a review of historical photographs, the dimensions of this pit were determined to be roughly 70 feet by 150 feet. Ruan Trucking reportedly continued this practice of wash water storage until 1978. The property was then leased, and later purchased, by Tony Lechner of Metro Construction Company.

The IEPA calculated a rough estimate of the quantity of wash water disposed of in the impoundment between 1971 and 1978. This estimated volume, 164,000 gallons, is based on the assumption that Ruan Trucking operated at the same volume as Waggoner. The estimate is useful as a starting point for further calculations concerning



LEGEND

G110 IEPA MONITORING WELL X120 IEPA SOIL SAMPLING LOCATION

FIGURE L-1
DEAD CREEK SITE AREA L WITH SAMPLING LOCATIONS

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expected leachate migration rates and plume characteristics in the ground water aquifer. It should be noted that the impoundment was not lined, and the base consisted of medium to coarse grained sands.

Site L was identified in the IEPA St. John Report as a source of both ground water and surface water contamination in the area. The IEPA study included collecting several soil/sediment samples and one groundwater sample from areas downgradient of Site L. Results from analyses of sediment samples are presented in Table B-1, located in the Creek Sector B portion of this report. Results from the analyses of groundwater samples from the monitoring well downgradient of Site L (well G109) are included in Tables B-6, B-7, and B-8 (Creek Sector B).

Monitoring well G109, located approximately 100 feet west of the former impoundment, was found to be the most polluted well during IEPA's preliminary investigation. Also, during the installation of G109, drillers became nauseous from fumes at the well location. Initial sampling conducted by IEPA on October 23, 1980 indicated the presence of chlorophenol, phenol, and cyclohexanone, along with relatively high levels of heavy metals (Table B-6). Analyses from subsequent sampling events did not show organic contaminants, other than phenol. Arsenic, cadmium, copper, nickel, and phosphorus were detected at quantities significantly above IEPA's water quality standards. Other IEPA monitoring wells adjacent to the creek showed concentrations of these contaminants at least an order of magnitude (10 times) less than those found in G109. No other likely sources of contamination are known to exist in the immediate area. In view of these points, it is likely that contaminants found in well G109 are attributable to the former disposal impoundment (Site L).

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Surface soil samples collected in the vicinity of Site L during the IEPA study include X106, X120, and X125 (Figure L-1). Samples X106 and X125 were taken from the creek bed, and X120 was taken from surface soil east of the creek in the general vicinity of the

impoundment. Analyses of these samples are presented in Table B-1, which is located in the Creek Sector B portion of this report. High levels of several organic contaminants were detected in X125. These include alkyl benzenes, dichlorobenzene, dichlorophenol, hydrocarbons, naphthalenes, and trichlorobenzene at concentrations ranging from 78 to 21,000 parts per million (ppm). PCBs, including 10,000 ppm at X125, were detected in all three samples. Sample X106 was not analyzed for inorganic parameters, and concentrations of inorganics in X120 and X125 were only slightly higher than those found in the background soil sample X121 (see Tables B-1 and B-3).

Geophysical surveys were completed at Site L as part of the Dead Creek Project in December, 1985. These surveys included the use of EM and flux-gate magnetometry over a 200 feet by 200 feet grid in the area of the former disposal impoundment. Two rows of heavy equipment and trailers were present in the middle of the site at the time of the survey.

Magnetometer readings indicated a significant magnetic anomaly in the southwest corner of the site. Another large anomaly was observed between the rows of equipment; but an accurate assessment of the size and actual magnitude of the anomaly was not possible due to surface interference. An EM survey was conducted using different coil alignments to obtain readings from various depths. Shallow soundings indicated a single anomaly with the approximate dimensions of 150 feet by 100 feet in the southeast corner of Site L. Readings in this area were significantly higher than those obtained from a random check point in the cultivated field to the south. Deeper instrument penetration showed an anomaly that was similarly located in the southeast corner; however, the size and the magnitude of the readings were smaller than observed in the shallow investigation. Readings from the remainder of Site L showed no significant anomalies, although these readings were generally higher than those seen at the check point in the cultivated field. This is probably due to cinders covering the site, which are not present in the cultivated field.

Data Assessment and Recommendations

Investigations planned for Site L during the RI include subsurface soil sampling and soil gas monitoring. Ambient air monitoring will also be conducted as for all sites in the project.

Further activities necessary to provide adequate data for the feasibility study should include installation and sampling of 3 to 4 monitoring wells, and collecting additional subsurface soil samples. Subsurface soil sampling would be done in conjunction with well installation, and would provide additional data concerning migration of contaminants. The hydrology of the area also needs to be assessed to determine the interaction, if any, between the ground water and the creek.

Preliminary geophysical investigations and subsequent acquisition of historical aerial photographs indicate the likely presence of waste residues extending to the farmland to the south of Site L. Accordingly, additional surveys should be conducted south of the area initially surveyed. Additional geophysical investigations would allow better definition of the impoundment boundaries and also aid in delineating off-site migration of contaminants.

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Site Description

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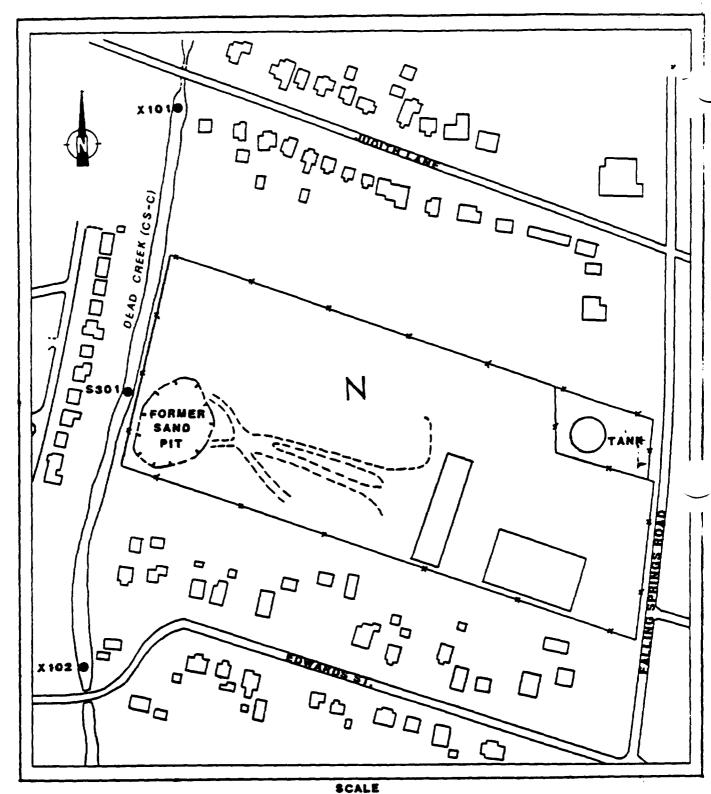
Site N is an operations and equipment storage facility for the H. H. Hall Construction Company of East St. Louis. The site is located in a residential/commercial neighborhood in the town of Cahokia, Illinois. Site N is bordered on the north by residential property along Judith Lane; on the west by Dead Creek; on the south by residential property along Edwards Street, and on the east by Falling Springs Road. The entire facility covers approximately 23 acres. Access to the site is restricted by a chain link fence.

Site History and Previous Investigation

Historical photographs indicate that a borrow pit existed at the facility which may have been used for waste disposal. The borrow pit, located in the southwest corner adjacent to Dead Creek, is roughly 4-5 acres in size (Figure N-1). No file information has been located concerning waste disposal at Site N. The pit has been filled and covered.

Historical photographs indicate that excavation at Site N began sometime prior to 1950. The presence of water in the pit was displayed in photographs from 1950, suggesting excavation into the Henry Formation aquifer. Hall Construction Company officials were recently contacted in an attempt to gather further information about the site. Apparently the pit was excavated in the late 1940's as a borrow pit for road construction materials. According to the officials contacted, concrete rubble and other demolition debris are the only wastes disposed of in the pit by Hall Construction. The area is presently covered with rubble and debris and is used only for equipment storage.

Although no analytical data has been developed for Site N, it should not be overlooked as a possible source of contamination in the area.



0 100 200 800 FEET

LEGEND

X101 IEPA SED DENT SAMPLING LOCATION S301 IEPA SURFACE WATER SAMPLING LOCATION

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FIGURE $\,$ N=1 dead creek site area N with sampling locations in creek sector c

The site is located adjacent to Creek Sector C of Dead Creek, which has shown elevated levels of several contaminants, including PCBs. At this time, it cannot be determined if the contamination in Creek Sector C is the result of flow from the heavily-contaminated Creek Sector B, or the result of other unknown sources. It is also not known if access to Site N has always been restricted. Accordingly, the possibility exists that other parties may have used the pit for disposal.

Data Assessment and Recommendations

No sampling or field investigation data is presently available for Site N. Field activities scheduled at Site N during the Dead Creek Project include collecting three surface and two subsurface soil samples. In addition, a soil gas survey and ambient air monitoring will be conducted at the site. These investigations should be adequate to characterize the types of wastes present. The results of this sampling should also indicate if further investigation of the site is warranted.

If contamination is identified at the site, additional subsurface soil sampling and installation and sampling of groundwater monitoring wells should be carried out. This added investigation would be essential to complete feasibility study activities. In addition, depending upon subsurface conditions identified, a geophysical investigation may be of value to delineate pit boundaries and determine the presence of subsurface drum disposal. The hydrology of the creek in relation to the site should also be assessed to determine the potential for discharge from the pit to the creek.

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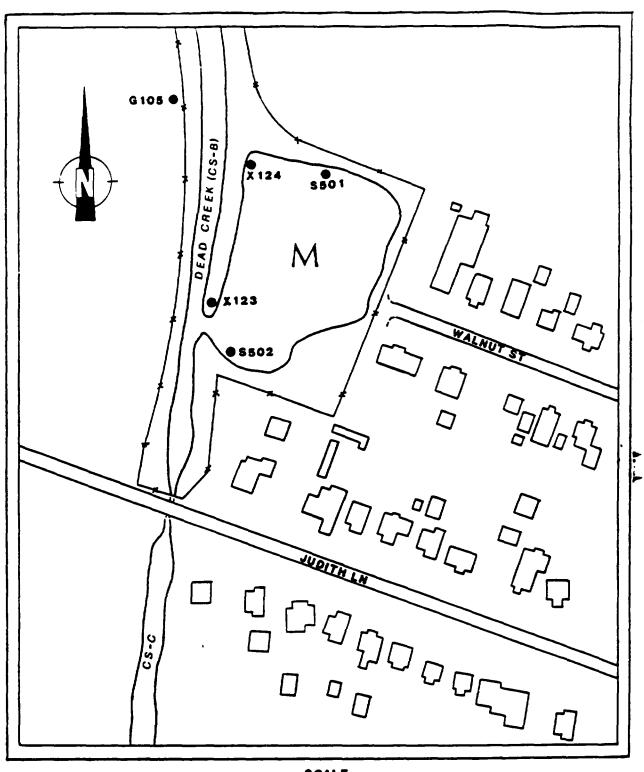
Site Description

Site M is a sand pit excavated by the H.H. Hall Construction Company in the mid to late 1940's. The pit is located immediately east of Dead Creek, and approximately 300 feet north of Judith Lane in Cahokia, Illinois (Figure M-1). The dimensions of the pit are approximately 275 by 350 feet. Presently, Site M is enclosed by a chain link fence, which also surrounds Creek Sector B. residential area is located just east of the pit on Walnut Street, which earlier served as an access road to Site M. excavated prior to any residential development on this street. Observations suggest that the pit is apparently isolated from Dead Creek by an embankment; however, this embankment may not be continuous. Aerial photographs indicate that a small break in the southern part of the embankment may allow flow between the creek and ' Site M. This possibility is supported by past IEPA inspections indicating discoloration in the pit similar to that observed in Dead Creek.

Site History and Previous Investigations

No information is available on file concerning waste disposal activities at Site M. It is possible that disposal did occur, since access to the pit remained unrestricted until a snow fence was erected in 1980. From review of historical aerial photographs, it is evident that minor changes in the dimensions of the pit have occurred. This could be an indication of filling around the perimeter of the pit. IEPA and the Cahokia Health Department have received numerous complaints about Site M and the creek from residents in the area. These complaints address, for the most part, seepage of odoriferous water into basements and problems associated with well water used to water gardens and lawns.

IEPA sampled several private wells in the area during the preliminary



SCALE 600 FEET

LECEND

G105 IEPA MONITORING WELL

X124 IEPA SEDIMENT SAMPLING LOCATION

5502 IEPA SURFACE WATER SAMPLING LOCATION

FIGURE M-1
DEAD CREEK SITE AREA M WITH SAMPLING LOCATIONS

hydrogeological study conducted in 1980. In addition, one sample of basement seepage from a home on Walnut Street near Site M was collected. Analytical results of these samples are presented in Table B-9, located in the Creek Sector B portion of the report. The results show concentrations of copper, manganese, and phosphorus above the state's water quality standards in one or more wells as well as in the basement seepage sample.

In conjunction with the creek sampling done in 1980, IEPA collected sediment and water samples from Site M. Analytical data for these samples are presented in Table M-1. In general, the water samples showed no significant contamination, although water quality standards for copper, phosphorous, and zinc were exceeded. Trace levels of PCBs (0.9 to 4.4 ppb) were found in both samples. The sediment samples, however, did show fairly high levels of several contaminants, including cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, nickel, zinc, and PCBs. In general, the samples closer to the break in the embankment separating Site M from Dead Creek showed higher levels of contaminants than the other samples.

Because water levels in the pit were approximately two feet higher than those found in the closest monitoring wells, the IEPA study concluded that there is no hydrological connection between water in the pit and the ground water aquifer. This assessment may or may not be accurate.

Data Assessments and Recommendations

The IEPA study conducted in 1980 showed significant contamination at Site M and identified specific waste types present. Investigation of Site M for the Dead Creek Project includes collecting two surface water and three sediment samples. A soil gas survey and ambient air monitoring will also be conducted at Site M. This sampling program will not provide sufficient data to adequately evaluate remedial alternatives. Core samples should be collected from the bottom of the pit in order to determine the types of wastes present and the

TABLE M-1: ANALYSIS OF SURFACE WATER AND SEDIMENT SAMPLES FROM SITE M (COLLECTED BY IEPA 9-15-80)

SAMPLE LOCATIONS

	Wat	er		iment					
PARAMETERS	S 501	S 502	X 123	X 124					
Alkalinity	80	85							
Arsenic	0.006	0.01	4 400	252					
Barium	0.2	0.5	4,400	350					
Berylium			3	1					
BOD-5	4	33		05					
Boron	0.2	0.2	<u> </u>	25					
Cadmium	•	•	40	4 500					
Calcium		25	12,500	4,500					
COD	58	85							
Chloride	27	28	150	50					
Chromium		-	150	50 4 500					
Copper	0.035	0.33	18,700	4,500					
Cyanide	0.02	•							
Flouride	0.4	0.4	40.000	12 500					
Iron	0.8	1.8	49,000	13,500					
Lead	•	0.01	1,400	130					
Magnesium	6	6	3,400	3,500					
Manganese	0.06	0.82	200	80					
Mercury	-	0.05	1 600	E00					
Nickel	0.02	0.05	1,600	590					
Phenol	0.01	0.01							
Phosphorus	0.17	0.31	050	1 000					
Potassium	5.9	6.2	950	1,000					
Silver	<u> </u>		30	<u> </u>					
Sodium	24	25	650	100					
Strontium			175	27					
Vanadium			42	19					
Zinc	0.1	0.7	17,700	2,600					
PCBs	0.0009	0.0044	1,100	24					
Dichlorobenzene									

NOTE: All results in ppm.

Blanks indicate parameter not analyzed.

- Indicates below detection limits.

extent of vertical migration of contaminants that has occurred. In addition, several borings should be completed around the perimeter of the pit, including the embankment between the pit and the creek. It would also be necessary to verify that there is no hydrological connection between the water in the pit and the ground water aquifer. This would be best accomplished using continuous recording gauging stations at wells in the vicinity of the creek and at the pit. These activities would provide the information necessary to proceed with a viable remedial program.

Site Description

Creek Sector B (CS-B) includes the portion of Dead Creek lying between Queeny Avenue and Judith Lane in Sauget, Illinois. Three other sites in the Dead Creek Project are located adjacent to CS-B. These include Site G to the northwest, Site L to the northeast, and Site M to the southeast. All of these sites have been identified at one time or another as possible sources of pollution in CS-B. Presently, CS-B and Site M are enclosed by a chain link fence which was installed by the USEPA in 1982. The banks of the creek are heavily vegetated, and debris is scattered throughout the northern one-half of CS-B. Culverts at Queeny Avenue and Judith Lane have been blocked in order to prevent any release of contaminants to the remainder of the creek, although the adequacy of these blocks has been questioned several times. Water levels in the creek vary substantially depending ' on rainfall, and during extended periods of no precipitation, the creek becomes a dry ditch.

Site History and Previous Investigations

The IEPA initially became aware of environmental problems at CS-B in May, 1980 when several complaints were received concerning smouldering and fires observed the creek bed. In August, 1980, a local resident's dog died, apparently of chemical burns resulting from contact with materials in the ditch. Following this incident, the IEPA conducted preliminary sampling to determine the cause of these Chemical analysis of these samples indicated high problems in CS-8. levels of PCBs, phosphorus, and heavy metals, and the IEPA subsequently authorized the installation of fencing in order to prevent public access to the creek. In September 1980, the Illinois Department of Transportation (IDOT) completed installation of 7000 feet of snow fence with warning signs around CS-B and Site M. IEPA subsequently performed a preliminary hydrogeological investigation in the area in an attempt to identify the sources of pollution

in Dead Creek. The results of this investigation are documented in the St. John Report. The snow fence was later replaced with a chain link and barbed wire fence. The installation of this fence was authorized by the USEPA, and was completed in October, 1982.

Prior to the IEPA investigation in 1980, the City of Cahokia Health Department received complaints from area residents concerning discharges from Cerro Copper Product (Cerro) entering CS-B. In 1975, IEPA visited the site in order to determine if these discharges were Investigators observed discoloration in the creek and occurring. along the banks similar to what was later observed in the holding One water sample was collected by IEPA from the ponds at Cerro. creek immediately south of Queeny Avenue. Analysis of this sample indicated the presence of copper (0.3 ppm), iron (3.2 ppm), and mercury (0.1 ppb). The culvert under Queeny Avenue was sealed sometime in the early 1970's by Cerro Copper and the Monsanto Chemical Company for the purpose of restricting flow from the holding ponds at Cerro (Creek Sector A). The holding ponds were also regraded to the north to direct their flow to an interceptor discharging to the Sauget Wastewater Treatment Plant. investigators concluded that flow through the blocked culvert had occurred, although the direction of flow could not be determined because no flow was evident at the time of the inspection.

IEPA hydrogeological study, conducted in 1980. collecting 20 surface sediment samples for analysis from CS-B (Figure Analyses of samples from the northern portion of CS-B are presented in Table B-1. Samples x106, x119, x120, x125, and x126 showed PCBs in concentrations ranging from 1.1 to 10,000 parts per million (ppm). Sample x125, taken adjacent to the former Waggoner Company operation. contained additional organic contaminants. including alkylbenzenes (370 ppm), dichlorobenzene (660 ppm). trichlorobenzene (78 ppm), dichlorophenol (170 ppm), and hydrocarbons (21,000 ppm). These contaminants were not detected in other surface sediment samples in the northern portion of CS-B during this

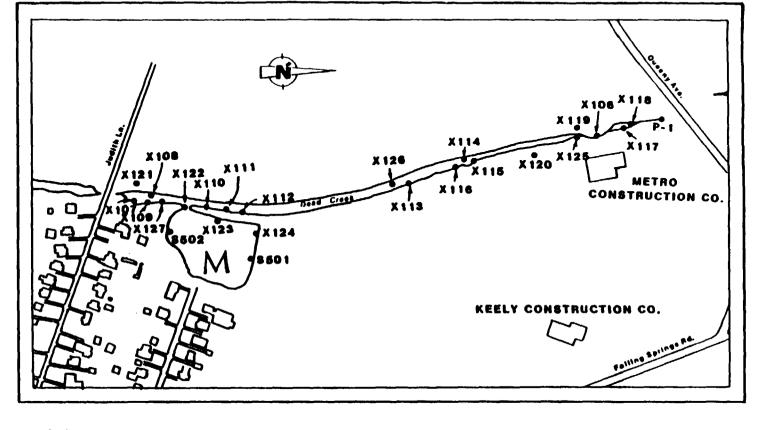




FIGURE 8-1
IEPA SAMPLING LOCATIONS AT CREEK SECTOR 8 AND SITE M

TABLE B-1: ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES IN THE NORTHERN PORTION OF CREEK SECTOR 8 (COLLECTED BY IEPA 9-8-80 THROUGH 10-25-80)

	· 		··		SAMPLE L	OCATIONS					-
PARAMETERS	x106	x113	x114	x115	x116	x117	x118	×119	x120	x125	x126
ATum Inum		10,000	6,400	9,000	9,000	1,300	1,200				
Arsenic	1	300	23	18	9	16	15				
Bartum	1	2,400	1,600	3,400	300	400	1,600	510	1,200	2,500	5,000
Berylium	ı	•	•	-	-	•	-	1	1	-	2
Boron	1	-	-	•	-	-	6	•	•	-	76
Cadmium	1	400	-	150	-	-	•	7	3	6	70
Calcium	1	11,000	14,000	11,000	5,000	1,600	6,000	7,300	72,000	6,900	19,000
Chromium		250	400	120	130	-	-	36	38	50	100
Cobalt	l l	100		40	-	•	-	9	10	9	50
Copper	_1	3,800	4,800	22,000	270	160	1,000	100	150	1,000	44,800
Iron	1	365,000	55,000	40,000	12,000	2,400	4,300	17,500	16,200	7,000	107,000
Lead	1	3,600	2,000	3,200	80	•	100	43	60	260	2,000
Magnesium	i .	4,000	2,800	5,000	2,600	1,200	1,000	4,500	4,300	380	3,700
Manganes a	ļ	120	130	150	60	40	50	260	350	45	280
Mercury	l .	30	1.7		0.2	2	2				
Nickel	i	2,500	1,700	2,400	140	-	•	-	80	130	3,000
Phosphorus	l									2,000	8,900
Potassium	1	1,400	1,300	1,500	2,300	850	1,200	1,600	1,200	770	860
Silver]		•	•	-	50	•	•	•	-	100
Sodium	1	2,800	700	1,100	360	150	180	110	225	80	1,400
Strontium		180	140	200	40	•	•	42	140	50	300
Yan ad fum	1	•	-	150	-	-	-	27	21	13	85
Zinc	1	61,000	20,000	71,000	2,500	-	300	2,000	700	1,500	62,000
PCBs	5,200							1.1	80	10,000	350
Alkylbenzenes	-							-	-	370	•
Dichlorobenzene	-							-	-	660	-
Dichlorophenol	1 -							-	-	170	-
Hydrocarbons	i -							-	-	21,000	-
Naphthalenes	-							-	-	650	-
Trichlorobenzene	(-							•	-	78	-

MOTE: All results in ppm
Blank indicate parameter not analyzed
- Indicates below detection limits

investigation. In general, inorganic analysis of these samples indicated high levels of several metals in comparison with background conditions (Table B-3, sample x121).

Subsurface soil samples were also collected by IEPA from one location in the northern portion of CS-B during the 1980 investigation. Analyses of samples from boring P-1 are included in Table B-2. Results indicated the presence of PCBs to a depth of seven feet, and other organic contaminants to a depth of three feet. PCB concentrations ranged from 9,200 ppm near the surface to 53 ppm at depths greater than 4 feet and up to 7 feet. contaminants were detected at concentrations ranging from 12,000 ppm near the surface to 240 ppm at 2.5 feet. These results indicate non-uniform contaminant deposition in the northern portion of CS-B, which is common in riverine systems. The above data indicate that historical release(s) of contaminants to the northern portion of CS-B However, the horizontal and vertical extent of the resulting contamination has not been fully defined.

Analyses of sediment samples from the southern portion of CS-B are summarized in Table B-3. Sample x121 was taken from soil outside the creek bed to establish background conditions. Samples x107, x122, and x127 contained PCBs at concentrations ranging from 73 to 540 ppm. Sample x122 also showed diclorobenzene (0.35 ppm). This was the only organic contaminant other than PCBs detected in samples from the southern portion of CS-B. Several metals, including arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, and zinc, were detected at levels significantly above background concentrations in all However, the metal concentrations were comparable to concentrations detected in samples of sediment taken in the northern portion of CS-B. All of the samples were collected from the creek bed adjacent to, or downstream from Site M. which is an old sand pit excavated by the H.H. Hall Construction Company in approximately 1950. Hazardous materials were not reported to have been disposed of at Site M.

In October, 1980 IEPA and Monsanto Chemical Company cooperatively

TABLE B-2: ANALYSIS OF SUBSURFACE SOIL SAMPLES AT BORING LOCATION P-1
IN CREEK SECTOR B. (COLLECTED BY
IEPA 9-8-80)

SAMPLE DEPTH

							
PARAMETERS	0'-1'	1'-2'	2'-3'	3'-4'	4'-5'	5'-6	6'-7'
Biphenyl Chloronitrobenzene	6,000 200	9,000 240	1,100				
Dichlorobenzene	12,000	8,900	240				
PCBs	9,200	2,600	928-6	240	53	53	54
Trichlorobenzene	380	3,700	590				
Xylene	540	250_					

NOTE: All results in ppm
Blanks indicate below detection limits

SAMPLE LOCATIONS

PARAMETERS	x107_	x108	x109	x110	x111	x112	x121	x122	x127
Aluminum		8,000	9,100	7,000	8,000	6,600			
Arsenic	6,000	44	25	67	80	50			
Barium]	4,800	3,800	1,600	4,300	1,800	8,000	230	5,500	2,500
Berylium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Boron	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cadmium	70	-	200	40	100	100	1	3 5	50
Calcium	11,000	10,000	24,000	16,000	13,000	30,000	11,000	15,000	8,000
Chromium	360	300		140	50	50_		50	340
Cobalt	30	30	20	_	-	30	9	15	30
Copper	32,000	31,000	7,700	22,000	15,000	41,000	100	21,900	28,000
Iron	70,000	58,000	75,000	67,000	68,000	52,000	16,500	50,000	63,000
Lead	24,000	2,000	1,700	2,000	2,000	5,100	-	1,700	1,700
Magnesium	2,900	3,900	3,600	4,100	4,000	4,000	5,900	3,800	2,700
Manganese	150	150	300	200	160	300	370	190	150
Mercury (-	1.7	3	3.3	3.2	6	-	-	-
Nickel	3,500	3,000	900	1,900	2,000	2,700	120	1,700	
Phosphorus	7,040	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	4,700
Potassium	1,200	1,500	1,700	1,300	1,600	1,200	1,500	960	1,000
Silver	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	40
Sodium	1,700	900	900	700	1,000	1,600	80	630	700
Strontium	180	200	130	160	160	430	32	190	130
Vanadium	60	-	-	70	100	-	25	45	45
Zinc	25,000	22,000	27,000	25,000	47,000	52,000	230	19,900	28,000
PCBs	120		-	-	-	-	-	540	73
Dichlorobenzene	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	0.3	5 -

NOTE:

All results in ppm
Blanks indicate that parameter not analyzed
- Indicates parameter is below detector limit

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collected three sediment samples from CS-B in order to confirm results of earlier sampling done by IEPA. SD-1 was collected from the creek bed 40 yards-south of Queeny Avenue. This location is adjacent to the former Waggoner Company building and also near an old outfall (effluent pipe) from the Midwest Rubber Company. SD-2 and SD-3 were collected approximately 220 yards south of SD-1. Results of these samples, including in the central portion of CS-B. a blank soil sample collected from the Missouri Bottoms in St. Charles, Mo., are presented in Tables B-4 and B-5. PCBs (45-13,000 ppm) were found in all three samples from CS-B, as were several chlorinated benzenes. Chlorinated phenols and phosphate ester were detected in samples SD-1 and SD-3, but were not found in SD-2. analysis of these samples for inorganic parameters detected generally higher levels of inorganic parameters in SD-2 and SD-3 than those for SD-1 and the soil blank. These results clearly indicate differential contamination in CS-B, with SD-1 showing high levels of PCBs and other organic compounds, whereas SD-2 and SD-3 contained higher levels of metals.

IEPA personnel also collected two sediment samples from CS-B in December, 1982, as part of an area-wide dioxin sampling effort managed by the USEPA which also included Site O. The first sample was collected along the east bank of the creek, approximately 80 yards south of Queeny Avenue. Previous sampling conducted by IEPA in this area had shown high concentrations of PCBs. The second sample was collected along the west bank of the creek, approximately 50 yards south of Queeny Avenue. Both samples were analyzed specifically for 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (TCDD) by a USEPA contract laboratory. The first sample showed a quantified level (0.54 ppb) of TCDD, and the second sample was below the detection limit.

IEPAs Preliminary Hydrogeological Investigation of Dead Creek in 1980 was conducted for the purpose of determining possible sources of pollution observed in CS-B. The study included installation and

TABLE B-4: ORGANIC ANALYSIS OF SEDIMENT SAMPLES FROM DEAD CREEK, SECTOR B (SPLIT SAMPLES-IEPA AND MONSANTO COLLECTED 10-2-80)

SAMPLE LOCATIONS

	SAMPLE LOCATIONS							
PARAMETERS	SD-1	SD-2	SD-3	Blank*				
CHLOROBENZENES:								
Monochlorobenzene	(0.9)		(0.3)					
p-Dichlorobenzene	370	(0.3)	(0.4)					
o-Dichlorobenzene	80	(0.6)	`1					
Trichlorobenzenes	85	1.6	(0.7)					
Tetrachlorobenzenes	6.1	2.4	(0.4)					
Pentacesorobenzene								
Hexachlorobenzene		1.2						
Nitrochlorobenzenes	120							
CHLOROPHENOLS:								
o-Chlorophenol	3.7							
p-Chlorophenol	6.6		(0.9)					
2,4-Dichlorophenol	1.2			` 🌪				
Pentachlorophenol	130		1.8	-				
PHOSPHATE ESTERS:				·				
Dibutylphenyl Phosphate	330		(0.8)					
Butyldiphenyl Phosphate			(0.8)					
Triphenyl Phosphate	2600							
2-Ethylhexyldiphenyl Phosphate			2.2					
Isodecyldiphenyl Phosphate								
T-Butylphenyldiphenyl								
Phosphate	28							
Di-t-butylphenyldiphenyl Phosphate								
Nonylphenyl Diphenyl Phosphate Cumylphenyldiphenl Phosphate	3.7							
		240	45					
PCBs (Cl ₂ to Cl ₆ Homologs)	13,000	240	43					

NOTE: All values in ppm

*Soil blank collected from Missouri Bottoms, St. Charles, Mo.
Blanks indicate below detection limits
() Semi-quantitative values

TABLE B-5: INORGANIC ANALYSIS OF SEDIMENT SAMPLES FROM DEAD CREEK, SECTOR B
(SPLIT SAMPLES - IEPA AND MONSANTO COLLECTED 10-2-80)

SA	M	PI	F	1	n	C	T	10	SNE	

		JAMPLE	LUCATIONS	
PARAMETERS	SD-1	SD-2	SD-3	Blank*
Aluminum	1,400	5,100	5,300	5,600
Antimony	13	240	160	29
Arsenic	210	40	55	5
Barium	770	1,200	1,300	130
Beryllium	•	-	-	•
Boron	28	160	100	27
Cadmium	5.1	60	55	3.9
Calcium	8,500	9,200	6,200	4,600
Chromium	25	110	240	19
Cobalt	15	180	120	33
Copper	460	28,000	18,000	19
Iron	4,700	53,000	30,000	9,900
Lead	180	2,000	1,600	50
Magnesium	460	2,200	2,000	2,300
Manganese	29	170	110	510
Molybdenum	6.1	92	68	11
Nickel	110	2,000	1,700	39
Phosphorus	2,500	13,000	9,400	610
Silicon	73	150	89	110
Silver	-	42	29	-
Sodium	400	540	410	320
Strontium	35	230	110	17
Tin	18	260	320	18
Titanium	32	110	80	37
Vanadium	34	140	130	130
Zinc	280	32,000	18,000	56

NOTE: All values in ppm

* Soil blank collected from Missouri Bottoms, St. Charles, MO.

⁻ Indicates below detection limits.

sampling of 12 monitoring wells in addition to the 1980 soil/sediment sampling described above. Residential wells were also sampled to determine ground water quality in the area. Locations of IEPA monitoring wells and residential well samples are shown in Figure B-2. All IEPA wells were screened in the Henry Formation sands, with screened interval elevations ranging between 366 and 402 feet Mean Sea Level. The hydraulic gradient in the vicinity of CS-B is very flat, with ground water flow generally to the west toward the Mississippi River.

Analytical data for three sets of samples from the IEPA monitoring wells, corresponding to three sampling events in 1980 and 1981, are presented in Tables B-6, B-7, and B-8. Well G108 can be considered a background well due to its location upgradient from the known disposal areas around CS-B. Organic contaminants were consistently These wells are in downgradient found in Wells G107 and G112. monitoring positions for sites G and I respectively. Certain organic contaminants were detected in Wells G102, G109 and G110 during the initial sample event, but these wells did not show any of the organics in subsequent samples. Well G102 is located immediately west of the northern portion of CS-B, and near the southeast corner of Site G. Well G109 is located approximately 150 feet west of the former Waggoner surface impoundment (Site L). Well G110 is located downgradient of Site H. PCBs were detected at one time or another in Wells G101, G102, G104, G106, G107, G110, and G112. Of these, only G101 and G102 showed PCBs in all three sets of samples.

Inorganic analyses of samples from the IEPA monitoring wells indicate several parameters at concentrations above background (G108) and water quality standards. Standards for iron, manganese, and phosphorus were exceeded in samples from the background well. Barium, cadmium and lead were detected at concentrations exceeding standards in one or more well(s). In general, wells G109, G110, and G112 showed the most significant inorganic contamination. When compared with data for other wells, G109 contained very high concentrations of arsenic, copper, nickel, and zinc. The pH for G109

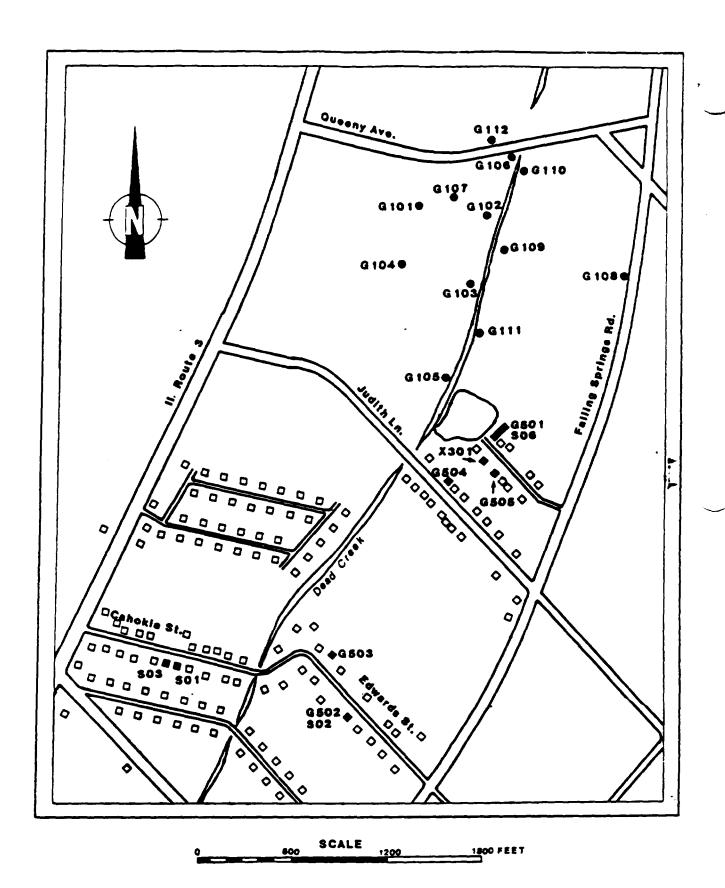


FIGURE 8-2 LOCATIONS OF IEPA MONITORING WELLS AND RESIDENTIAL WELLS SAMPLED IN THE VICINITY OF DEAD CREEK

TABLE 8-6: AMALYSIS OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLES FROM THE IEPA MONITORING WELLS (COLLECTED 10-23-80)

·····					SAMPL	E LOCATIO	MS					·
PARAMETERS	6101	6102	6103	G104	6105	6106	6107	G108	6109	6110	6111	G112
Alkalinity	362	410	336	406	271	387	552	375	287	210	302	699
Ammon1a	0.3	1.0	1.7	0.4	0.9	2.9	0.5	0.3	4.5	1.2	0.1	1.5
Arsenic	0.023	0.023	0.043	0.049	0.067	0.16	0.043	0.008	0.055	0.053	0.008	0.019
Bartum	1.3	0.8	2.9	2.2	2.0	0.6	2.1	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.5
Boron	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	5.6
Cadmium	0.0	0.0	0.03	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.06
Calcium	180	210	210	210	340	185	500	140	380	500	110	242
800	237	160	244	206	473	115	1070	298	275	780	79	162
Chloride	48	103	- 58	52	65	109	132	79	69	6l	32	363
Chromium (Total)	0.04	0.02	0.09	0.04	0.12	0.01	0.07	0.0	0.0	0.38	0.0	0.01
Chromium (+6)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Copper	0.46	0.13	1.1	0.31	0.73	0.44	0.68	0.04	0.13	2.3	0.04	1.2
Cyanide						0.7		0.3	1.2	0.8	0.3	0.0
Fluoride	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.3	1.0	637	0.7 777	496	1664	279	419	0.5 1080
Hardness	501	884	549	630 90	526 18	62	13	490 4.1	39.0	340	419 5	1000
Iron	51.0	30.5	86 0, 26	0.2	0.31	0.0	0.27	0.0	0.0	7.3	0.07	0.44
Lead	0.10	0.15		72	100	49	205	24	100	209	24	82.5
Magnes 1 um	0.09	90 3.8	79	- /2 3.4	4.2	1.9	9.8	0.98	4.5	8.0	$ \frac{1}{1}$	3.9
Hanganese	5.1	0.0	0.0002	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.000		0.0	0.0	0.000
Mercury	0.0 0.1	0.0	0.0002	0.1	0.8	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.5	1.9	0.0	0.3
Nickel	0.1	0. l	0.1	0.4	0.0	0. i	0.1	1.1	0.0	0.4	0.5	0.0
Nitrate-Nitrite	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.4	6.6	6.3	6.7	7.0	6.4
Phenolics	0.0	.01	0.0	0.005	0.0	0.06		0.01	0.45	0.015	0.0	0.875
Phosphorus	2.9	1.2	3.3	2.7	6.0	1.8	9.4	.18		16	.24	.69
Potassium	10.6	13.1	13.4	12.3	22	7.7	15.2	13.7	14.9	29	4.9	58
A.O.E.	650	1230	765	790	824	1020	1230	704	2460	508	512	2130
Selenium	0.003	0.001	0.004	0.01	0.008	0.00		0.001	0.001	0.005	0.002	0.001
Silver	0.01	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.01	0.0	0.0	0.02	0.11
Sodium	24	60	40	29	57	96	• • •	40	40	53	24	260
3.C.	870	1500	1050	1080	1040	1340	1430	960	2470	720	490	
Sulfate	132	434	230	204	296	281	201	103	1348	93	104	518
2	0.6	0.4	6.2	0.3	3.7	0.1	0.8	0.0	0.1	8.0	0.0	7.8
PCS (ppb)	1.0	1.2	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	2.7	-	-
Chlorophenol (ppb)	-	1200	-	•	-	-	630	-	19	-	-	-
Chlorobenzene (ppb)		-	-	-	-	•	19	-	-	-	-	100
Dichigrobenzene (PPb)	-			-	•	-	25		-	-	-	65
Dichlorophenol (ppb)	_	-	-	•	-	-	890	-	-	-	-	-
Cyclohexanone (ppb)		•	•	-	-	•	-	•	120	5.9	-	-
Chloroaniline (ppb)	· -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	•	3500

MOTE: All results in ppm unless otherwise noted.

Blanks indicate parameter not analyzed.

- indicates below detection limits.

TABLE 8-7: ANALYSIS OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLES FROM THE 1EPA MONITORING WELLS (COLLECTED 1-28-81)

	·				SAH	PLE LOCATI	IONS					
PARAMETERS	6101	6102	6103	G104	6105	6106	6107	6108	6109	6110	G111	G112
Alkalinity	447	421	266	520	363	556	251	448	18	308	394	619
Ammonta	0.3	0.0	1.4	0.2	0.7	3.3	1.0	0.0	17	0.2	0.1	0.5
Arsenic	0.015	0.016	0.018	0.002	0.037	0.11	0.021	0.004	7.5	0.013	0.014	0.027
Bartum	0.9	1.2	0.9	0.3	1.8	1.0	3.2	0.5	0.2	1.0	0.7	0.5
Boron	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.8	0.2	0.6	0.9
Cadetue	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
Calcium	220.0	328.9	176.3	218.0	319.2	225.5	1169.5	205.5	466.7	169.4	181.4	198.3
C.O.D.	45	93	56	9	143	212	635	. 8	1315	37	28	47
Chloride	20	128	64	29	59	156	201	76	32	36	18	210
Chromium (Total)	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.00
Copper	0.59	0.79	0.36	0.14	0.43	0.29	0.97	0.00	94.1	0.11	0.04	0.28
Cyanide	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
Hardness	554	1072	490	717	764	617	960	564	2144	447	530	486
iron	30.4	16.5	20.8	1.4	60.8	67.5	172	0.3	198	19.1	10.1	18.9
Lead	0.17	_0.08	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hagnes fun	48.2	78.0	46.3	49.1	73.6	49.1	288.1	34.3	184.4	43.5	37.9	54.0
Hanganese	3.02	3.15	3.07	1.41	4.10	2.13	9.64	0.34	8.30	0.77	1.76	2.78
Hercury	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0004	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nickel	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.0	176	0.9	0.0	0.0
Nitrate-Nitrite	0.0	2.5	0.1	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.2	3.5	0.3	18	0.5	0.0
pH }	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.0	6.9	6.9	7.1	4.1	6.9	7.0	6.9
Phenolics	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.46	0.5	0.01	1.86	0.02	0.015	0.05
Phasphorus	0.91	0.88	0.41	0.06	3.6	2.1	10	0.03	3.7	1.0	0.51	0.53
Potassium	6.4	12	8.8	6.0	13	6.2	20	16	18	7.5	4.2	20
Selenium	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.011	0.004	0.006	0.016	0,002	0.0
Silver	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sodium	13	63	48	15	50	94	60	30	37	13	14	18
Sulfate	129	583	256	265	468	143	276	86	3371	57	153	212
Zinc	0.3	1.2	1.8	0.1	1.5	0.1	1.5	0.0	10.1	2.0	0.1	2.8
PCB (ppb)	0.22	3.9	•	0.3	-	•	0.4	-	-	-	•	-
Chlorobenzene (ppb)		•					6.3	-	-			2.5
Dichlorophenol (ppb)							560	-	-			-
Chloroaniline (ppb)							90	•	-			2.1

MOTE: All results in ppm unless otherwise noted.

Blanks indicate parameter not analyzed.

- indicates below detection limits.

TABLE 8-8: ANALYSIS OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLES FROM THE LEPA MUMITORING WELLS (COLLECTED 3-10-81 - 3-11-81)

	 				SAMPLE LO	DCATIONS		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
PARAMETERS	6101	6102	6103	6104	6105	G106	G107	6108	G109	G110	6111	_G112
Alkalinity	463	464	319	568	393	594	657	464	58	331	387	400
Ammonia	0.2	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.4	3.0	0.2	0.0	15	0.0	0.1	0.
Arsenic j	0.001	0.0	0.003	0.001	0.013	0.065	0.004	0.001	3.9	0.001	0.001	0.
Barium	0.0	0.7	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Boron	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.4	3.
Cadm1um	0.0	0.01	0.01	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.01	0.0	0.07	1.1	0.0	0.
Calcium	154	333	161	205	218	175	186	148	431	121	164	207
800	10	24	47	9	23	146	47	12	930	10	9	52
Chloride	16	124	46	28	57	150	235	51	24	27	16	133
Chromium (Total)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.01	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.01	0.0	0.0	0.
Copper	0.04	0.06	0.08	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.03	67	0.02	0.07	0.
yanide	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.01	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Hardness	542	1062	620	839	796	675	1096	479	1651	424	485	789
Iron	0.3	0.3	1.6	0.0	9.4	4.9	2.4	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.2	0.
Lead	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.06	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.07	0.
Magnes 1 um	34.2	77.9	41.9	56.8	47	44.8	44.8	22.3	138	28.7	31.8	72
Manganese	2.0	2.98	3.51	0.61	2.32	1.62	2.12	0.23	6.22	0.14	1.02	7.
Mercury	-	•	-	•	•	•	0.0002	-	0.0003	•	-	-
Hickel	0.0	0.3	1.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	123	1.2	0.0	0.
Mitrate-Mitrite	0.0	1.1	0.0	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	15	2.7	0.
pH l	6.9	6.8	6.8	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.7	7.0	4.6	6.6	6.8	6.
Phenolics	0.0	0.0	0.005	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.1	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.
Phosphorus	0.0	0.08	0.03	0.02	0.1	1.5	0.03	0.02	2.2	0.01	0.01	0.
Potassium	4.0	10.8	10.4	5.9	8.9	5.7	2.8	18.2	6.4	6.3	2.9	40.
Selenium	0.0	0.0	0.001	0.003	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.001	0.003	0.018	0.001	Ö.
Silver	0.01	0.02	0.0	0.0	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.0	0.0	0.01	0.01	Õ.
Sodium	11	64	65.6	17.4	51.2	92.6	39.2	25.2	12.1	14.2	15.5	96.
Sulfate	118	817	471	303	466	746	313	35	2629	61	147	544
Zinc	0.1	0.8	2.8	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.3	6.3	1.8	0.1	ii.
PCB (pob)	0.13	0.46		0.1		2.4	0.37	-		0.9	•	2.

NOTE: All results in ppm unless otherwise noted.
Blanks indicate parameter not analyzed.
- indictes below detection limits.

was 6.3, 4.1, and 4.6 during the three sampling events. This indicates an unidentified source was releasing acid to the groundwater. Other wells which exhibited significant inorganic contamination include G102, G103, G105, and G106, all of which are located adjacent to CS-B along the west side. The data indicates non-uniform ground water contamination in the area, likely resulting from a variety of pollutional sources.

Private wells in the area have been periodically sampled by the IEPA and the USEPA. These wells are no longer used for potable water, but they are used for watering lawns and gardens. Locations of private well samples in the Dead Creek area are shown in Figure B-2. sampled five residential wells and collected one basement seepage sample near Creek Sectors B and C. Analytical data for these samples are presented in Table B-9. G504, located east of CS-B on Judith Lane, exceeded the standard for copper. The wells all showed water quality similar to that found in IEPA monitoring well G108, indicative of background conditions in the area. The basement seepage sample was collected from a residence on Walnut Street, just east of Site M. Analysis of this sample indicated higher levels of barium and copper, when compared with the private well samples. The seepage sample (x301) also showed a measurable level of chlordane, which was likely due to the application of commercial pesticides.

In March, 1982 the USEPA collected ground water samples from four private wells (SO1, SO2, SO3, and SO6) and two IEPA monitoring wells (SO4 and SO5). Ground water samples SO4 and SO5 correspond to IEPA monitoring wells G102 and G101 respectively. In addition, soil samples (SO7 S10, S11) were collected from three gardens where well water is used for watering. Soil Samples SO7, SO10, and SO11 were collected from gardens at the locations of ground water samples SO1, SO2, and SO3 respectively (see Figure B-2 for approximate sample locations). Water and soil blank samples, RO9 and R12 respectively, were also collected and analyzed. Analytical data for these samples are presented in Tables B-10 and B-11.

TABLE B-9: ANALYSIS OF RESIDENTIAL WELL AND SEEPAGE SAMPLES COLLECTED BY IEPA

SAMPLE DATES AND LOCATIONS

<u> </u>						
PARAMETERS	9/16/80 G501	9/16/80 G502	9/16/80 G503	9/23/80 G504	6/8/83 G505	1/5/33 ×301
Arsenic	0.008	0.004	0.001		0.01	0.0.7
Barium	0.2	0.16	0.39	0.05	0.4	1.1
Boron	0.28	0.27	0.25	0.58	0.4	0.3
Cadmium	0,00	· · · · ·	0.45		•••	0.0
Chromium						
Copper	0.02			0.06	0.01	0.03
Iron	4.6	19	17.7	0.73	26	31
Lead						0.63
Magnesium	33	39	36	30	35.3	54
Manganese	1.02	1.26	0.79	0.65	1.3	1.49
Mercury				0.0001		
Nickel				0.02		. 0.1
Phosphorus				0.02	0.62	÷ 1.2
Potassium	6.6	5.7	4.5	6	6.2	≽ 6.4
Silver						
Sodium	21	24	12	26	15.2	19
Zinc	0.85		0.18	0.8		0.7
PCBs	•	-	•			
Chlordane (ppb)	•	-	•	•		0.13

NOTE: All results in ppm unless otherwise noted Blanks indicate below detection limit

- Indicates parameter not analyzed Sample x301 was collected from basement seepage

TABLE B-10: ANALYSIS OF IDENTIFIED ORGANICS IN GROUND WATER AND SOIL SAMPLES IN THE VICINITY OF CREEK SECTOR B (COLLECTED BY USEPA 3-3-82)

SAMP	LE	LO	CAT	10	N

										
		<u> 503</u>	504		S06	RO9	<u> </u>	S010	S011	R012
64	62				a		l		a	0.44
a	a	a	a	11	a	:			a	a
a	a	a	a			a	}			
a							1		•	
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16	16	2300	3100	990	2000	19		0.1		0.75
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			a				·			
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							Ì			
					4.04b		<u> </u>			
			0.166							
				0.18b	0.25b		}			
ł			0.17b				ł			
							0.017		0.0046	
							}	0.11b		
							<u> </u>			
					0.95b					
ł						ā	ł		a	
İ						ā	1		a	
[a]			
j						a	}		a	
							<u> </u>		ð	0.02ե
	_	64 62 a a a a a	64 62 a a a a a a a	SO1 SO2 SO3 SO4 64 62 a a a a a a a a a a a	64 62 19 a a a a a 11 a a a a a a a 16 16 2300 3100 990 a a a 0.11b 0.146 0.18b 0.3b 0.16b 0.25b 0.18b	SO1 SO2 SO3 SO4 SO5 SO6 64 62 19 a a a a 11 a a a a a a a a a a a a a	\$01 \$02 \$03 \$04 \$05 \$06 \$09\$ 64 62	SO1 SO2 SO3 SO4 SO5 SO6 RO9 SO7 64 62 19 a a a 11 a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a 0.11b 0.146 0.146 0.18b 0.25b 0.18b 0.25b 0.18b 0.25b 0.17b 0.017b 0.95b	S01 S02 S03 S04 S05 S06 R09 S07 S010 64 62 19 a	SO1 SO2 SO3 SO4 SO5 SO6 RO9 SO7 SO10 SO11 64 62 19 a </td

NOTE: All results in ppb

Blanks indicate below detection limit

a - Compound detected at value below specified contract detection limit (compound identified as present, but not quantified)

b- value not confirmed by GCMS

Samples RO9 and RO12 are water and soil blanks, respectively

TABLE 8-11: INORGANIC ANALYSIS OF GROUND WATER AND SOIL SAMPLES IN THE VICINITY OF CREEK SECTOR B (COLLECTED BY USEPA 3-3-82)

	 				SAMPLE LO	DEATIONS				
PARAMETERS	S 01	502	EROUN	507	SOIL IN PPM					
Aluminum	301	502 400	390	204	505 940	206 1,200	\$07 750	\$010 600	S011 430	R012
Antimony	}	400	330		310	.,	1	300	130	
Arsenic	11			29			1.3	1.0		
Bartum	ĺ		•				80	80	80	
Beryllium							}			
Boron	10,500	11,000	8,000	1,800	140	110				
Cadmium	4,2	14	31	5.3		2.8	1.06	1.64	0.29	
Chromium Cobalt	12 62	70	82	95			2.6			3.2
Copper	65	70	Θź	70			16	24	13	
[ron	65,000	31,000	38,000	28,000	530	250	340	360	240	
Lead	570	97	74	20,000	11	10	(45)	(20)	(25)	
Manganese	1,600	1,100	1,500	5,100	460	80	120	630	(25) 134	
Mercury										
Hercury ^a	0.1	. 0.4	0.4	0.2	0.1				_	
Nickel	i			•			6.5	5.5	4	
Selenium]						1			
Silver Thallium										
Tin	1						1		2	
Yanadium	1						1		•	
Zinc	107,000	109.000	40,000	1,900	260	350	96	77	130	

Blanks indicate below detection limits
() - Results did not meet USEPA Quality Control criteria - Data unreliable
Duplicate analysis performed by USEPA central regional laboratory
Samples RO9 and RO12 are water and soil blanks, respectively

Quantified levels of bis-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate were found in wells SO1, SO2, and SO5. In addition, seven compounds from the pesticide fraction were detected in Wells SO4, SO5 (IEPA wells), and SO6. Diethyl phthalate, butyl benzylphthalate, and methylene chloride were detected in the water blank, indicating that values of these parameters found in other samples should be disregarded. Methylene chloride was used to decontaminate sampling equipment, and concentrations of this parameter in all samples should not be considered indicative of aquifer conditions. Water quality standards for lead and cadmium were exceeded in one or more wells.

The soil samples showed trace levels of chlordane and dieldrin. It could not be determined if levels of pesticides found in the gardens soils were attributable to the use of well water or application of commercial pesticide products to the gardens. Phthalates, methylene chloride, chrysene, and chromium were detected in the soil blank (RO12), and these compounds should be disregarded in other samples.

In September and October, 1980 IEPA conducted preliminary air monitoring in CS-B. The survey included use of detector tubes (Drager) for halogenated hydrocarbons, and collection of air samples in charcoal tubes with subsequent laboratory analysis. The detector tubes showed positive readings for hydrocarbons in the northern portion of CS-B, adjacent to the former Waggoner Building. Results were not quantified, and negative readings were observed in all other areas surveyed. Air samples were collected from two locations in CS-B using charcoal tubes and sampling pumps. Two samples were collected from each location in order to monitor conditions for undisturbed and disturbed soil. Samples from the first location, 40 yards south of Queeny Avenue, showed no positive readings for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) for disturbed or undisturbed soil conditions. Xylene was detected for disturbed and undisturbed soil conditions at the second sampling location, which was 60 yards north of Judith Lane, adjacent to Site M. All samples were extracted and analyzed at IEPAs Springfield Laboratory.

A USEPA Field Investigation Team (FIT) contractor also performed an air monitoring survey in the creek bed in March, 1982. This survey involved the use of an organic vapor analyzer (OVA), photoionizer, and Drager detector tubes for phospene gas. indicated that a small, but measurable, concentration of organic vapors were present in the breathing zone (5 feet above ground surface), with concentrations increasing closer to the creek bed. In the breathing zone, the OVA showed readings up to 0.5 ppm above background, and the HNU readings were as high as 9 ppm above background. The survey crew also observed a 3-inch effluent pipeline adjacent to the former Waggoner Building which was discharging a small stream of oily liquid. OVA and HNU readings were taken approximately 6 inches from the surface where this liquid had pooled. The OVA showed concentrations up to 350 ppm, and the HNU showed concentrations ranging from 400 to 900 ppm in this area. gas was not detected in any area using the Drager tubes.

HRS scores have been calculated on two separate occasions for Dead The creek was first scored in July, 1982, by Ecology & Environment, Inc., with a final migration score of 18.48. was again scored in March, 1985 by IEPA in an attempt to increase the IEPAs assessment led to a final score of 29.23. previous score. however, this score has not been finalized by USEPA. for the 1982 assessment were as follows: ground water 4.24, surface water 7.55, and air 30.77. Corresponding route scores in the 1985 assessment were 5.65, 10.07, and 49.23. Observed releases were used for all route scores in both the 1982 and the 1985 scoring packages. The only difference in the assessments was in the value assigned for waste quantity in the three routes. The 1982 package listed waste quantity as unknown (assigned value - 0), while IEPA calculated an approximate volume of waste based on sample results and visual observations.

A significant amount of data has been developed showing a wide range of contaminants in and around CS-B. Review of existing file data indicates numerous possible sources of contamination in the area.

Prior to blocking the culvert at Queeny Avenue, Cerro Copper and Monsanto Chemical reportedly discharged process wastes directly into < According to past IEPA inspection reports the former Waggoner Company, an industrial waste hauling operation, discharged wash waters from truck cleaning activities directly to CS-B. After IEPA order Waggoner to cease this practice, an unlined surface impoundment was apparently used for disposal of wash water. 1940s and 1950s sites H and I were used for disposal of various These sites were actually a single, large industrial wastes. disposal area prior to the construction of Queeny Avenue in the late 1940s. In the 1950s, the Midwest Rubber Company, located west State Route 50 and south of Queeny Avenue, had an effluent pipeline which ran from their plant location to the northern portion of CS-B. Midwest Rubber Co. reportedly discharged process wastes, including oils and cooling water, to the creek. Site G is a surface/subsurface disposal area with corroded drums and other wastes exposed on the Surface drainage for at least a portion of this site is directed to CS-B.

Data Assessment and Recommendations

The scope of field investigation work for CS-B during the Dead Creek Project includes collecting three surface water samples from the Creek in Sector B. This sampling program should be sufficient to characterize the water currently in the creek. Soil gas and ambient air monitoring will also be done in and around CS-B.

Although a great deal of data is available for CS-B, most of the data is 4-6 years old. Because of the dynamic nature of the creek and disposal activities in the area, existing conditions may not be accurately characterized by historical sampling data. Feasibility study activities for CS-B could be accomplished using existing data and applying assumptions concerning chemical profiles (contaminant distribution). However, to properly accomplish the feasibility study activities, a current chemical depth profile of the creek bed should be developed. This would consist of collecting

sediment and subsurface soil samples from several locations in the creek bed and along the banks. The hydrology of the area has not been well-defined and should be addressed further. It has not been established whether the ground water discharges to Dead Creek or the creek acts as a recharge conduit for the Henry Formation aquifer. If discharge to the creek is occurring, the subsurface disposal areas (Sites H and I in particular) may be major contributors to the contamination of the creek.

Accordingly, existing IEPA monitoring wells on both sides of the creek should be redeveloped to allow for accurate water level measurements. This, in conjunction with detailed surveying of the creek bed and water levels in the creek, would allow adequate assessment of the hydrology in the area. This would be best accomplished using continuous-recording water level instrumentation, and should be continued over a period of time sufficient to address seasonal fluctuations. In addition, records of industries in the area should be thoroughly reviewed to establish a profile of possible releases from each source.

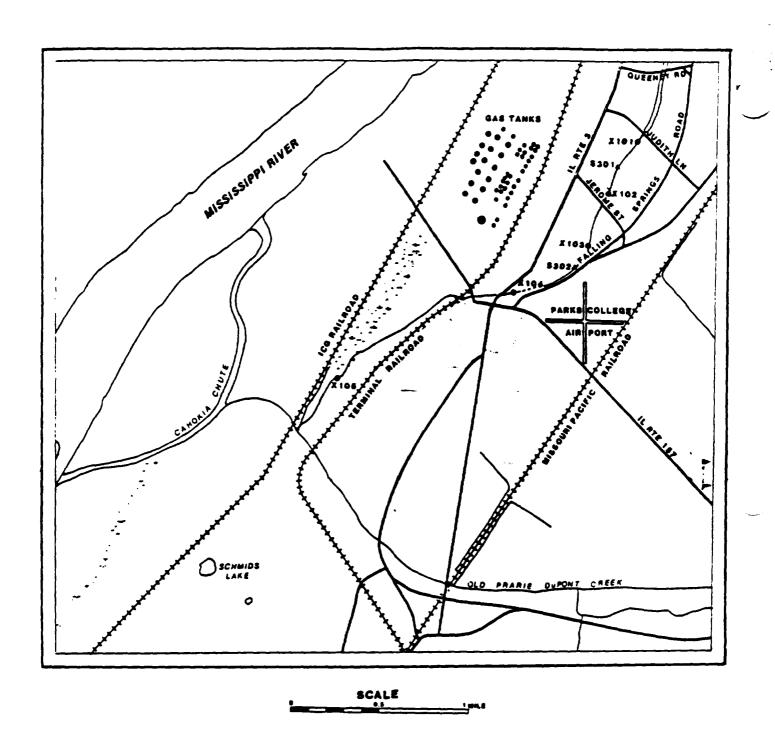
Site Description

Creek Sectors C through F include the entire length of Dead Creek south of Judith Lane. This portion of the creek flows south-southwest through the Village of Cahokia prior to discharge into the Prairie DuPont floodway. The floodway subsequently discharges into the Cahokia Chute of the Mississippi River. The creek is somewhat wider through these sectors than in sectors A and B, and is not as heavily vegetated as Sector B. Creek Sectors C through F are delineated as follows: CS-C- Judith Lane to Cahokia Street, CS-D - Cahokia Street to Jerome Street, CS-E - Jerome Street to the intersection of State Route 3 and State Route 157, CS-F - intersection (as above) to the discharge point in the old Prairie DuPont Creek.

Site History and Previous Investigations

There are no known discharges to Dead Creek south of Judith Lane, although several apparent discharge pipes have been observed during preliminary reconnaissance. Site N of the Dead Creek Project is located immediately east of the creek in the southern portion of CS-C. Land use in the vicinity of Sectors C through F is residential/commercial for the most part. The creek flows underground through a culvert in the southern part of CS-E near Parks College. Although the Culvert under Judith Lane has reportedly been blocked, flow emanating from the culvert has been observed on several occasions.

IEPA collected five sediment and two surface water samples from creek Sectors C through F as part of their Preliminary Hydrogeological Study conducted in 1980. Locations of these samples are shown in Figure C-1, and analytical data is presented in Table C-1. The water samples showed very little evidence of contamination, although concentrations of copper exceeded the IEPA's water quality



LEGEND
X101 SEDIMENT SAMPLING LOCATION
S301 SURFACE WATER SAMPLING LOCATION
RESIDENTIAL AREA

FIGURE C-1
IEPA SAMPLING LOCATIONS CREEK SECTORS C THROUGH F

TABLE C-1: ANALYSIS OF SURFACE WATER AND SEDIMENT SAMPLES FROM CREEK SECTORS C THROUGH F (COLLECTED BY IEPA 9-25-80)

SAMPLE LOCATIONS

	W	ater		Se			
PARAMETERS	<u> 5301</u>	5302	x101	x102	×103	x104	x105
Aluminum			12,000				
Arsenic	0.008	0.006	26				
Barium	0.12	0.08	1,300	4,700	210	390	475
Berylium	-	-	-	3	-	2	-
Boron	0.06	0.04	-	76	-	-	-
Cadmium	-	-	-	50	8	31	2
Calcium			24,000	5,300	210,000	16,000	13,000
Chromium	-	0.01	400	50	60	50	-
Cobalt			40	32	6	8	9
Copper	0.26	0.04	15,000	17,200	320	1,800	360
Iron	0.66	0.87	57,000	110,000	11,000	19,000	18,000
Lead			800	1,300	260	250	75
Magnesium	3	2	7,100	2,000	10,000	5,100	3,300
Manganese	0.03	0.12	600	170	210	160	200
Mercury			1.2				
Nickel	0.05	0.01	2,000	2,300	45	600	-
Phosphorus	0.19	0.2		6,200	720	1,200	4,200
Potassium	6.6	3.3	2,400	900	1,400	2,100	1,400
Silver	•	-	-	45	10	-	-
Sodium	3	3	800	1,100	100	190	125
Strontium	0.08	0.07	100	140	210	47	43
Vanadium	-	-] -	50	22	31	35
Zinc	0.24	-	12,000	21,000	900	5,600	780
PCB	-	-	0.12	0.12	2.8	2	-

NOTE:

All results in ppm.
Blanks indicate parameter not analyzed.
- Indicates below detection limits.

standard in both samples. This was the only parameter in either sample which exceeded the standards.

The sediment samples contained relatively high concentrations of cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, nickel, and zinc. Concentrations of these parameters were several times higher than those found in the background soil sample in the IEPA study (sample x121; see Creek Sector B. Table B-3). Arsenic was also detected in sample x101, but was not analyzed for in the other downstream samples. The highest concentrations of aluminum (12,000 ppm) and boron (76 ppm) in the IEPA study were found in downstream sediment samples x101 and x102, PCB was the only organic compound detected in the downstream sediment samples, with the highest concentration (2.8 ppm) found in x103. Sample x105 was the only downstream sample that did not contain PCBs. These results illustrate the uneven distribution of contaminants within Dead Creek. While some contaminants in Sectors C through F are lower than in CS-B, barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, and nickel were detected in comparable or higher concentrations than sediments in upstream samples. attributable to the mechanical properties of stream flow, such as gradient, channel dimensions, and flow velocity, or to the existence of unknown contaminant sources located in downstream areas.

Data Assessment and Recommendations

The scope of work for these sectors of the creek during the Dead Creek project includes collecting the following samples: CS-C, 2 surface water, 2 sediment; CS-D, 1 surface water, 2 sediment; CS-E, 3 surface water, 10 sediment; and CS-F, 4 surface water, 10 sediment. The sampling in CS-F will be postponed, pending review of data from the other creek sectors. A soil gas survey and ambient air monitoring will also be conducted in and around Creek Sectors C through E.

For Creek Sectors C through F, waste characterization for the feasibility study activities could be completed with sampling as

proposed provided assumptions regarding chemical profiles are made. However, in order to accurately estimate waste quantities and define to what depth contamination has occurred, a more detailed sampling program is necessary. This would include developing a depth profile of chemical constituents in the creek bed. Cores should be taken from upstream and downstream locations, with additional sampling at point sources as necessary.